

## THE TIMES

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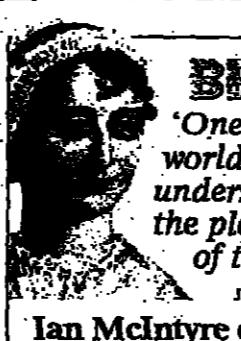
THURSDAY DECEMBER 12 1996

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## EUROPE'S CHAMPIONS

Brian Glanville  
on which  
league is best

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## BEST FOR BOOKS

'One half of the world cannot understand the pleasures of the other'

JANE AUSTEN

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'When I'm good I'm very good, but when I'm bad I'm better'

MAE WEST

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PREMIUM LINE ENTRY

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SECTION 3

## Willetts quits over standards report

By PHILIP WEBSTER  
POLITICAL EDITOR

THE sleaze row that has dogged John Major for three years claimed another victim yesterday as David Willetts, the Paymaster General, resigned over his part in the cash-for-questions affair.

Mr Willetts, regarded as one of the brightest talents in the Government, "did the honourable thing" within minutes of the publication of a damning all-party report that went close to accusing him of lying in his evidence to the Commons

Standards and Privileges Committee. Soon after receiving the report and digesting the harshness of its attack on his behaviour, Mr Willetts decided to resign. He went from the Cabinet Office where he was based to 10 Downing Street to tell the Prime Minister in person.

Last night, Michael Bates, MP for Loughborough, was appointed Paymaster General in succession to Mr Willetts.

Mr Major made no attempt to dissuade Mr Willetts, accepting with the minister that any attempt to ride out calls from Labour for

him to go would do the Government, already reeling from the latest outbreak of open warfare over Europe, more harm than good. Mr Willetts and other ministers also felt that the system of MPs regulating their own behaviour, due to be looked at by the Nolan committee in the next parliament, could have been imperilled further had he stayed on in the face of such criticism. Although, it is a big setback to a promising career, by going without a fuss Mr Willetts probably has ensured that he will return to the front bench, in

government or opposition, after a short interval on the back benches. But senior Conservatives were furious at the action of the committee in forcing the resignation for what they regarded as no more than a mistake. One said: "It is the equivalent of 20 years' hard labour for parking on a double yellow line. It is outrageous." A particular target of their fury was Quentin Davies, the Conservative MP for Stamford and Spalding, who sided with Labour members during the drafting of the report to ensure that its language was so tough.

Mr Willetts, 40, was, as *The Times* disclosed yesterday, accused of "dissembling" in telling the Standards and Privileges Committee of his conduct two years ago when as a junior whip he had talked to Sir Geoffrey Johnson Smith, chairman of the Members' Interests Committee, about its inquiry into the Neil Hamilton cash-for-questions allegations.

It found that the conversation itself, in which Mr Willetts was felt to have tried to influence Sir Geoffrey about how the inquiry should be handled, was improper.

But it reserved its strongest censure for the way Mr Willetts had tried to explain his earlier actions both in a memorandum to the committee and in a torrid evidence session in which he was subjected to fierce questioning by Mr Davies, who accused him of prevarication.

The committee said that Mr Willetts had "dissembled" in his account, substantially aggravating his original offence. The word, carrying its connotations of insincerity and concealing or disingenuousness, was chosen carefully for maximum impact.

But the most damaging sentence followed. The committee had decided that in future "it will be our normal practice to take evidence on oath". Described by a Tory friend as a "knife in the back", the words appeared to be trying to leave the implication that Mr Willetts had lied, without precisely saying what the supposed lie was. Mr Willetts was deeply upset by the sentence, which he regarded as an attack on

Continued on page 2, col 5

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Leading article, page 21

## Budget fails to turn tide for Tories

By PHILIP WEBSTER  
POLITICAL EDITOR

CONSERVATIVE support has fallen back again after the Budget and two weeks of renewed internal party turmoil over Europe.

The latest MORI poll for *The Times* puts the Tories back at their August level of 30 per cent, three points down on a month ago, with Labour on 31 per cent, up one point, and the Liberal Democrats on 13 per cent, up one.

Kenneth Clarke's last Budget before the general election has made things worse, not better, for his party with the poll showing a big drop in economic optimism and a majority of people concluding that the November 26 package was bad for them personally.

The Government's satisfaction rating has dropped from 40 points to 18 per cent, and Mr Major's personal rating has fallen by six points to 30 per cent.

The survey was taken last weekend at the height of the Tory troubles over the single currency, which culminated in the Prime Minister going on television to try to restore calm to his party.

But one of the results of the concentration on European rows has been a rise in the importance attached to Europe by the public. It has moved up to joint second, behind the health service, in the list of issues people think are of most importance.

**MORI interviewed 1,872 adults at 165 sampling points between December 6-9.**



Reindeer facing death in Russia's remote Chukotsky territory: their traditional winter grazing grounds have been covered by a sheet of ice after heavy rains last month

## Thousands of reindeer could starve to death

FROM RICHARD BEESTON  
IN MOSCOW

HERDSMEN in one of Russia's most remote regions were yesterday fighting against the elements to save thousands of reindeer from starving to death because of icy conditions.

According to reports from Russia's northeastern Chukotsky territory, as many as 30,000 reindeer are at risk because heavy rains a month ago were followed by freezing temperatures and blizzards that have covered their traditional winter grazing areas in a thick sheet of ice.

The local authorities have

attempted to break the icy layer over the pastures by towing concrete beams behind a fleet of tractors and other heavy vehicles. The herdsman have also tried to drive their animals to less affected areas by laying down food trails.

However, rescue efforts have been hampered by appalling weather conditions, a lack of fuel and the sheer remoteness of the region. The Chukotsky territory is located on the Bering Sea opposite Alaska. It has no roads, little infrastructure and the indigenous reindeer herders traditionally rely on their own means to survive the cruel winters on the Arctic tundra.

He said that WWF was

Igor Cheston, the Director of the World Wide Fund for Nature in Russia, said that the crisis was affecting the tame reindeer herds as well as those living in the wild, which both feed on an Arctic moss that usually sustains them until the spring thaw.

They are trying to move the herds inland to more protected places, but it is a difficult job," he said. "In some areas entire herds have been wiped out to the last animal. Often the reindeer break through the ice with their hooves and then find themselves stuck fast and unable to dig themselves out. They die when they stand."

He said that WWF was

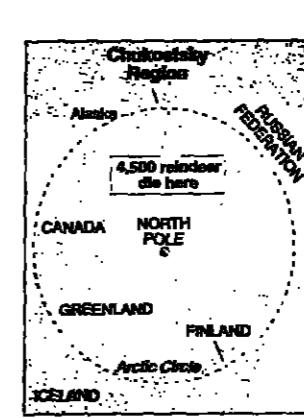
planning to launch a scheme next year to help indigenous populations in Siberia to develop a more sustainable model of reindeer farming, but admitted there was little his charity could do in the current crisis to help out.

A desperate bulletin received by Russia's Ministry of Emergency Situations yesterday reported that more than 1,000 reindeer had died in the past 24 hours. Since the famine was first reported over the weekend more than 4,500 animals have perished. Local authorities predict that the famine could decimate the total reindeer population of 240,000, which in turn will

destroy a large part of the local economy.

**□ Washington:** Animal rights campaigners in Washington said last night they were investigating the situation in the Chukotsky peninsula and may lobby the United States Government to take action to save the reindeer (Tom Rhodes writes).

Bill Eichbaum, vice-president of the Worldwide Fund for Nature, said airdrops of hay would probably be the best immediate solution to assist the starving mammals and he thought that Alaska's relative proximity to the region might make such a mission feasible.



## Morrissey loses royalties fight

Morrissey, leader of the 1980s pop group The Smiths, was described by a High Court judge yesterday as "devious, truculent and unreliable" as the singer lost his legal battle over the group's earnings.

Mike Joyce, the group's drummer, won his claim that he was entitled to 25 per cent of the record royalties, estimated at £1 million... Page 3

## Drivers 'should pay bill for crash victims'

By FRANCES GIBB, LEGAL CORRESPONDENT

MOTORISTS should pay for the hospital treatment of those people they injure in accidents, the Law Commission, the Government's law reform body, said yesterday.

Under radical proposals that would send motorists' insurance premiums rocketing, the National Health Service could recoup treatment costs from the person the courts decide was to blame.

The Commission estimates that the plan, to be studied by Stephen Dorrell, the Health Secretary, would enable the NHS to recover nearly £100 million a year. The move would shift the cost of treating road accident victims from the taxpayer to motorists.

The Law Commission says a "strong case" can be made for enabling the NHS to claw back its costs in all personal injury cases when someone has been held by the courts to be negligent. That would include any accident — at work, for example, or involving a drug manufacturer or a public authority.

Professor Andrew Burrows, of the Law Commission, said: "We think it is particularly important to raise for public

debate the question as to whether the NHS should be given a right to recoup, from those who negligently cause injury, the cost of free health care provided to victims."

At present, he added, it can be argued that the person to blame is being let off because the bill is picked up by the state. "Not only does the NHS lose the wrongdoer gains."

Private medical insurers are able to recoup treatment costs from defendants' insurers and, the Law Commission says, it can be argued that the NHS should benefit, too.

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There are precedents: the Department of Social Security can "claw back" benefits from accident victims who win compensation, and the NHS and other health providers can recoup a small, limited percentage of treatment costs in road accident cases.

The Commission suggests that the NHS should have a claim against the defendant where the victim has sued for negligence and won damages.

The cost of treating all accident victims is £1 billion a year, but only 12 per cent are successful in bringing negligence claims. This means the NHS stands to recoup some £120 million, which the Commission estimates would come down to £90 million to £100 million after costs.

Insurance companies last night warned the Law Commission not to single out motorists. Rebecca Hadley, for AA Insurance, said: "Why make motorists the only people in the population who have to pay?"

□ **Damages for Personal Injury: Medical, Nursing and Other Expenses — the Cost of Care** (Consultation Paper 14, HMSO: £13).

## Willie Rushton dies after heart surgery

BY ALAN HAMILTON

WILLIE RUSHTON, the comedian and satirist, died yesterday after heart bypass surgery in London's Cromwell Hospital. Mr Rushton, who was 59, had been only briefly ill and his death shocked his friends.

Married with three sons, he was one of the founders in 1961 of the magazine *Private Eye* and was a regular performer on *That Was the Week That Was*, the BBC's satirical television show, in the 1960s. As recently as last weekend he appeared on *I'm Sorry I Haven't a Clue*, BBC Radio 4's comedy quiz.

Ian Hislop, the editor of

*Private Eye*, said: "He was a brilliant cartoonist and produced some of the best and funniest drawings of people in public life in recent decades. I feel very sad to learn of his death; it was very sudden."

Richard Ingrams, the magazine's former editor, who attended Shrewsbury School with Mr Rushton together with Paul Foot and Christopher Booker, both fellow-travellers of the 1960s satirical movement, said: "I think he was the most talented of my contemporaries by far. He had a brilliant, spontaneous wit. He was a brilliant improviser and a bit of a Falstaffian figure."

John Wells, a fellow-comedian, said: "The great thing about Willie was that he was universally loved... He was very funny to everyone he met. There was no division between private and public character."

The death rate during coronary arterial surgery in the best hospitals is below 1 per cent, but these odds would have been fractionally worse in Mr Rushton's case because he had had diabetes for several years.

Obituary, page 23



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Labour 51%  
Conservative 30%  
Liberal 13%  
Other 6%

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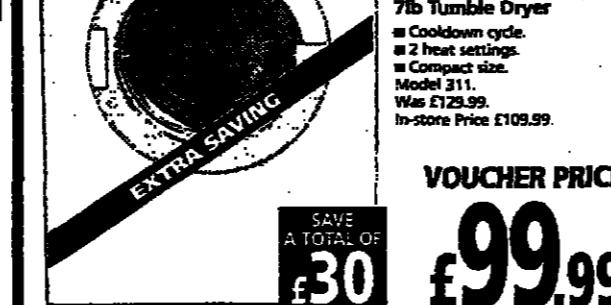
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Humming a hymn 'can calm road rage'

## Drivers urged to take the highway to heaven

By RUTH GLEDFIELD  
RELIGION CORRESPONDENT

CHRISTIAN drivers tempted by aggression on the roads have been given their own highway code and special hymns to help them turn the other cheek as ruder motorists pass by on the wrong side.

The Christian Road Safety Association yesterday disclosed its ten commandments for peace on the roads. Drivers are urged to begin with a prayer, remember that alcohol goes in the radiator, not the driver and to end every safe journey with thanksgiving.

A collection of hymns and prayers gives harassed drivers a chance to keep calm by humming: "Whatever else we do each day, we strive to keep ahead. We try to turn the other cheek, stop when we see the light is red."

The hymns have been collected from road-safety events and services in all denominations through the 60 years of the association's life, and one 37-year-old hymn shows that "road rage" is not a new expression. It pleads: "Dear Lord we ask your blessing on all who use the road. Remove road rage distressing to lives both young and old. We know that you will hear us, and in your love and grace, give kind unselfish feelings, to this fast-moving race."

The association's secretary, Eric Thorn, who has built up the collection as well as writing his own hymns, said: "We are particularly concerned about road rage, which seems to be an ever increasing problem, but it was referred to in a verse written years ago. Hopefully, people who find themselves in a confrontation on

## MOTORING'S TEN COMMANDMENTS

- Begin with a prayer
- If you start late, arrive late
- Alcohol is for the radiator, not the operator
- If entry into the flow of traffic is facilitated by the courtesy of another driver, wave in appreciation
- If you have inadvertently endangered the safe passage of another vehicle, wave as an apology
- Make it easy for aggressive opportunity snatchers to get ahead of you — for ahead
- So drive that the sudden appearance of a patrol car is a pleasant sight
- Give plenty of space to cars marked with denim
- Never accelerate, and decelerate if advisable, when another car wishes to enter your lane
- End every trip with a prayer of thanksgiving

the road will think of one of our verses and it will help them calm down. If just one person stops and thinks about their actions before resorting to violence, then we have achieved something."

The association's *Ten Rules of the Road* is to be published soon in its 1997 member's handbook, and hymns to cultivate a more spiritual approach to driving are in *Road Safety Services and Hymns*, out this week.

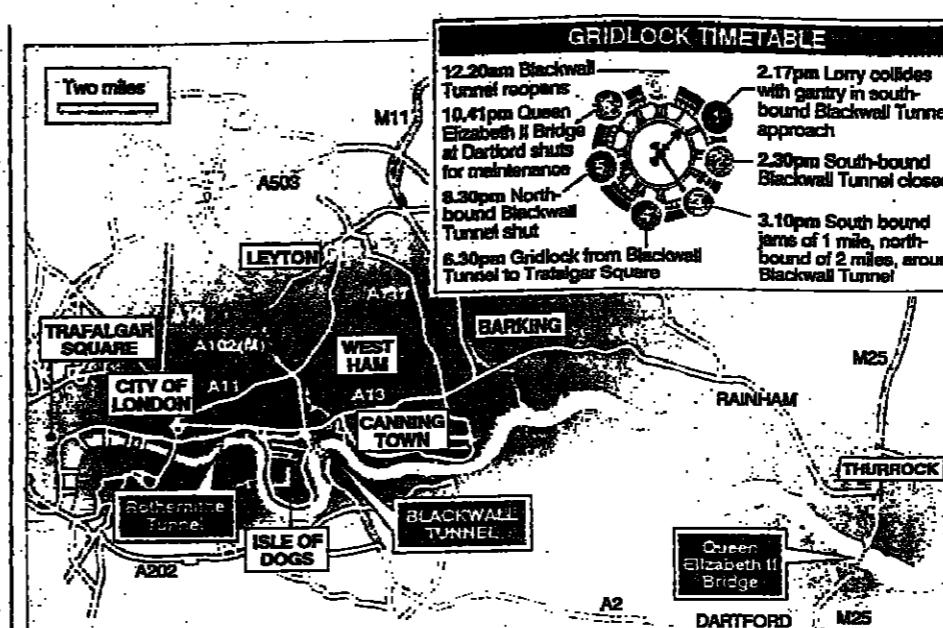
Drivers can sing "Oh, may we heed the Highway Code, and witness to those on the road", to the tune associated more often with *For Those In Peril On The Sea*. The tune from *The Church's One Foundation* has been used for the lyric: "Dear Lord, we ask your blessing on all who use the road."

A prayer asks that "my vehicle be an instrument of your purpose, bringing happiness to all who travel with me, and leaving nobody weeping at my passing". Other verses seek deliverance from "domineering driving" and "the

Tony Mardew, the chairman, said he was particularly concerned about the recent incidents of "road rage", and added: "This has taken up our prayer time and concern for the past couple of years."

"So much of everybody's time is taken up with travel, I am sure the Lord is concerned with this aspect of our lives. If someone is tailgating you, it is a horrible feeling. You are driving along minding your own business and someone is so close you can't even see your own bumper. It is easy to get het up and in a rage, and to panic. What we have to think is road safety first. Keep your cool, move over as soon as it is safe, and let these idiots go by."

The Christian Road Safety Association was founded by the late Barbara Mackie, who was appointed MBE for her services to road safety. It aims to bring about a more Christian atmosphere on the roads. Membership is entirely free.



## Eight-hour gridlock a taste of things to come, motorists told

THE eight-hour traffic jam

that brought the City of London and the East End to a standstill on Tuesday was a taste of things to come, motorists were told yesterday. Drivers will regularly have to endure gridlock because of the rising number of vehicles on the capital's already overcrowded roads (Jonathan Prynne writes).

Thousands of motorists

were stranded after a lorry smashed into a gantry on the southbound entrance to the Blackwall Tunnel. The tunnel was closed for ten hours. Stationary traffic was reported on every road within a 3½-mile radius. Shortly before 11pm the Queen Elizabeth II Bridge at Dartford was closed for maintenance. Edmund King, head of campaigns at the RAC, said that

the incident had given a foretaste of future congestion. "London has fewer river crossings than any city of its size and disruption on a bridge or in a tunnel has a disproportionate effect."

The driver of the lorry, who was not injured, had passed a series of height warnings on the tunnel approach.

Leading article, page 21

## SATURDAY IN THE TIMES

### directory

#### CHRISTMAS SPECIAL

Your three-week guide to television, radio and satellite for the holiday, in the **Directory**

#### EASY DOES IT

James Bone meets Tony Bennett in the **Magazine**

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**CAR 96** and **WEEKEND MONEY**

## MPs' chauffeurs poised to strike

By ANDREW PIERCE, POLITICAL CORRESPONDENT

FRESH talks were held in Whitehall last night to try to prevent a strike by government chauffeurs, which may force some ministers and senior civil servants to make their own way to work.

Secret contingency arrangements were being made, but some of the 110 MPs and officials who usually have a chauffeur may have to travel by taxi, hire car or public transport next week.

Roger Freeman, the Public Services Minister, ordered fresh discussions yesterday with the drivers' union, the Transport and General Workers'. The chauffeurs voted for industrial action after plans to cut their £9.30 daily meal

allowances were disclosed. The negotiators were also discussing a pay rise of about 3.3 per cent. The drivers earn £4.66 an hour plus allowances for unsocial hours. A union spokesman said: "We are looking at indefinite action to achieve a proper settlement."

The strike, due to start Tuesday, would not affect the Prime Minister, the Home Secretary, the Northern Ireland Secretary and the Defence Secretary, who are considered high-security risks and have armoured cars. A spokesman for Mr Freeman said: "We are hopeful of resolving this dispute. We hope that ministers will not have to walk to work."



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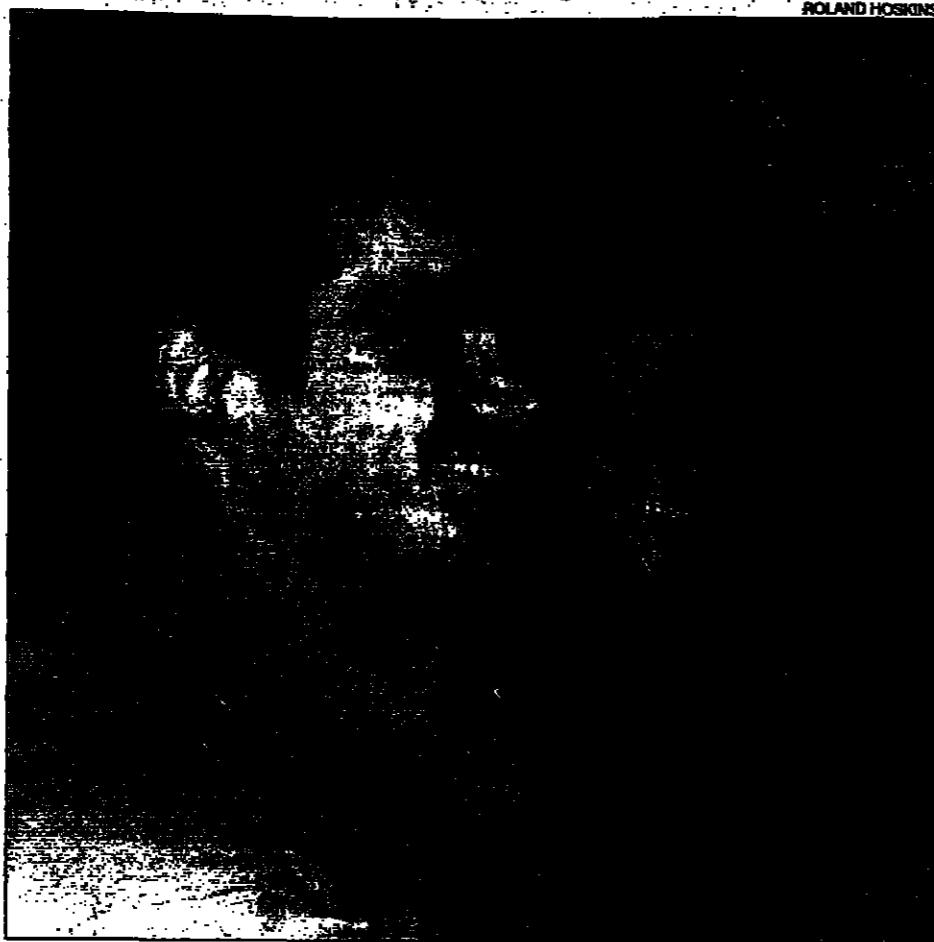
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## IF YOU GIVE A DAMN, DON'T GIVE A PET.

# 'Middle-class' bombers convicted of embassy attack

ROLAND HOSKINS



Mahmoud Abu Wardah and his sister leaving the Old Bailey after his acquittal

By STEWART TENDLER, CRIME CORRESPONDENT

TWO Palestinians educated into British middle-class life were convicted at the Old Bailey yesterday of plotting the bombing of the Israeli Embassy and a Jewish charity two years ago. They will be sentenced next week.

Samar Alami, 30, from South Kensington, west London, and Jawad Botmeh, 27, an electrical engineer from Bloomsbury, central London, put to use scientific skills they had learnt as postgraduate students.

Two car bombs exploded at the embassy in Kensington Gardens and the charity in Finchley, north London, in July 1994, causing millions of pounds worth of damage.

Botmeh and Alami, who believed that the Palestinian leader, Yasser Arafat, was misguided in his attempts to come to an accommodation with Israel, struck the day after Yitzhak Rabin, the Israeli Prime Minister, and King Hussein of Jordan had signed the Washington Declaration, apparently paving the way for peace between them.

Responsibility for the blasts was claimed by a hitherto unknown terrorist group called the Palestinian Resistance Jaffa Group Palestine in

letters posted to two Arabic newspapers and the Palestine Liberation Organisation's offices in London.

Alami used her training as a chemical engineer at Imperial College, London, to make the explosive for the bombs. A member of one of the four most prestigious families in the Palestinian world, she was born in Beirut, where her father headed an Arab bank.

Lord Gilmour of Craigmillar, the former Cabinet minister, stood surety for £10,000 of her bail, which included £500,000 from her family, and gave evidence on her behalf. Pauline Cuning, a British doctor known for her work in the Palestinian camps, also gave evidence for her. The Labour MPs Tony Benn, Jeremy Corbyn and Harry Cohen lent their names to a defence group for Alami and Botmeh.

Botmeh was born in Bittar, near Bethlehem, the son of a former bank official. He put the bombs together and has an MSc in electrical engineering from King's College, London.

His English wife and friends in the public gallery burst into tears as he was convicted yesterday at the end of the nine-week trial.

A third man, Mahmoud



Jawad Botmeh and Samar Alami were said to have learnt bomb-making skills at university in London

Abu Wardah, 26, was found

not guilty of conspiring to cause explosions and possessing an explosive substance and firearms. Earlier in the trial Nadia Zekra, 49, who was accused of planting the bomb, was found not guilty on the orders of Mr Justice Garland after he said the evidence against her was suspect.

Detectives also recovered three handguns and two more bombs which were ready to be used. They are still searching for a middle-aged woman who planted the embassy bomb, and other members of the gang. Detectives never discovered where half a tonne of chemicals bought by Botmeh

for making explosive was stored, where they were mixed, or where the cars for the bombs were garaged.

The two were caught by solid detective work in an operation called Northgate. Police were also aided by the fact that Botmeh left a trail of potential clues and the blasts did not completely devastate the cars carrying the bombs.

Identification numbers in the wreckage led police to an auction in Loughborough, where the auctioneer particularly remembered seeing a distinctive BMW used by the buyer. Police narrowed it down to about 1,000 possible vehicles. As they reached the 199th they hit their target.

Checks linked the car to a series of parking tickets in London including one close to Botmeh's own address. He usually gave a false name but when stopped on the M1.

Police mounted a two month surveillance operation, eventually finding a terrorist hide Alami had kept in a relative's flat. Nearly five months later the owner of a storage unit in Acton, west London, called in police to an abandoned unit. Inside were prepared bombs, explosive and two more handguns.

Israel shooting, page 17

## Drink and drug played part in Sasoon deaths

BY A STAFF REPORTER

A DRIVER involved in a crash which killed him and five other young people, including two grandchildren of Siegfried Sasoon, had cannabis and more than the legal limit of alcohol in his blood, an inquest was told yesterday.

The six who died were returning to Frome from a Ford Fiesta from the "One World" music festival at Nunney, Somerset. Charles Weale, 21, of Salisbury, was driving. In the car were two grandchildren of the First World War poet Siegfried Sasoon — Tom Sasoon, 18, and Isobel Sasoon, 20, both of Frome; Stephen Stokes, 22, of Frome; Melanie France, 21, of Frome; and Christopher Ashton, 19, of Salisbury. Mr Ashton was in the passenger seat with Mr Stokes on his lap.

A van driver told the Wells inquest that he had desperately tried to avoid a head-on collision with the car, which was travelling on his side of the road. Brian Horler, who suffered broken ribs in the accident, told the Somerset Coroner, Nicholas Rheinberg, that he had been driving on the Nunney Catch bypass early on September 1 when he saw headlights coming towards him. He said: "I real-

ised they were on my side of the road, maybe 200 feet away. I braked but we just collided."

Paul Norris, a carpenter, told how he and another teenager, Oliver Perry, had been badly injured as they walked at the roadside when the Fiesta swerved across the road after the impact. By coincidence, they had been drinking with the crash victims.

The inquest was told that Mr Weale had a "count of 111mg" of alcohol in 100 millilitres of blood. The legal limit is 80mg.

A police accident expert, Sergeant Michael Handy, said he calculated the closing speed "at impact" at over 100mph — with the van probably at about 40 mph and the car about 60 mph.

Sgt Handy said that having three people in the front could have created problems for a driver and that the number of people in the vehicle could have affected the steering.

Mr Rheinberg said that excess alcohol was the only possible explanation for the actions of the driver. He recorded verdicts of deaths by multiple injuries as a result of a road accident.

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Sgt Handy said that having three people in the front



# £201,000 for half-brother of football crush victim

By RICHARD FORD, HOME CORRESPONDENT

A MAN whose half-brother died in the Hillsborough football disaster was awarded £201,000 damages yesterday. John McCarthy has suffered from post-traumatic stress disorder since Ian Glover died in the crush in 1989.

Viewers of the drama-documentary about the deaths last week saw Mr Glover, played by a former star of Brookside, receiving mouth-to-mouth resuscitation in a re-enactment on the pitch.

Mr McCarthy, now 35, from Liverpool, gave a spare ticket for the FA Cup semi-final to Mr Glover, who was 20. Mr McCarthy sat in the north stand but Mr Glover was in the Leppings Lane end, where 95 people were crushed to death.

In his High Court judgment, Mr Justice Sachs rejected an argument by South Yorkshire Police that it was not liable to compensate Mr McCarthy for his illness, which was not disputed, because his relationship with Mr Glover was not such as to give rise to such a duty. A House of Lords ruling in 1991 said that, to win damages for post-traumatic stress, a claimant would have to prove that there had been a "close and intimate relationship".

Mr Justice Sachs judge said he was perfectly satisfied that Mr McCarthy and Mr Glover were part of a close-knit family. Mr McCarthy's father died while his mother was pregnant and he had always looked on her new husband—whom she married two years later and by whom she had five children—as his father.

He had heard evidence that, after the disaster, Mr McCarthy had collapsed over Mr Glover's body, crying inconsolably. Mr McCarthy's wife, by whom he had two children and from whom he was separated because of the "catastrophic" change in him after the disaster, had spoken of the closeness between the two men. His mother had said:

"They were as close as any brothers could be."

The judge said the reality was that Mr McCarthy would not return to his job as a machine operator, or other employment, it was reasonably foreseeable that, being a man of normal fortitude, Mr McCarthy might suffer psychiatric illness as a result of the Chief Constable's admitted breach of duty of care to Mr Glover.

The judge added: "I have considered the matter most anxiously, as I am well aware that the House of Lords indicated the limitations on this type of claim. My decision creates no precedent."

"I decide it on the facts of the instant case and I am satisfied that, on the balance of probabilities... this plaintiff passes the test required of him entitling him to be compensated for his hurt and consequential injury to his health."

The brothers' mother, Teresa Glover, said after the case: "I am happy and I'm sad. It is very emotional for us even after all these years."

Trevor Hicks, chairman of the Hillsborough families' support group, welcomed the award. "I am very pleased for John and his family and I am sure all the other families will share that sentiment. It is a bit of justice for one of the families."

Marlin Davies, Assistant Chief Constable of South Yorkshire, said: "We are not in a position to comment until we've seen the judgment. Then we will have to decide whether to consider an appeal."

More than £10 million has been paid out of the Hillsborough disaster fund to bereaved families, and almost 650 fans have received cash payments. Last month four police officers won compensation claims in the Court of Appeal for psychological damage they suffered while rescuing victims. Fourteen officers have already won £1.2 million damages in the courts.

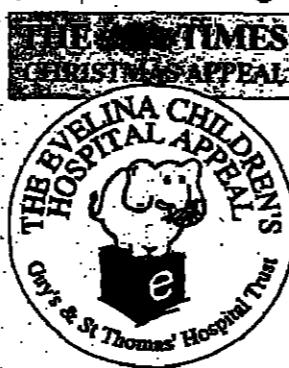
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## Worrying wait for a kidney transplant



### Children need cash for dialysis machines

By JOHN YOUNG

ELLIOTT SEXTON'S arrival in this world was nothing if not dramatic. Within hours of his birth, on May 26 last year, he was taken to the intensive care unit of the Evelina Children's Hospital in south-east London, suffering from a collapsed lung and severe kidney damage.

For his parents, Lisa, 29, and Vincent, 31, of Guildford, Surrey, it was a terrifying ordeal, but not an unexpected one. Eighteen weeks into Mrs Sexton's pregnancy, Elliott, her first child, was diagnosed as suffering from urethral valve syndrome, which meant that his bowels did not open and created the possibility of kidney failure.

"I refused an abortion and decided to go on with the pregnancy," Mrs Sexton said. "At 24 weeks everything seemed to be going OK, but then ten weeks later came the shock. Elliott's kidneys were badly damaged and the prognosis was very bad. We were told to expect the worst."

After Elliott's birth, by Caesarean section, surgeons at the Evelina, the paediatric unit of the Guy's and St Thomas's Hospital Trust performed a vesicostomy, cutting an opening in his stomach to release urine.

After two months his parents were told that he would need a transplant. One of his kidneys will be taken out shortly after Christmas. From then on dialysis will, it is hoped, enable him to survive on one kidney until a suitable transplant can be

found. Mrs Sexton said the experience had been a huge strain. "But it has made us stronger. The people in the ward here have been absolutely brilliant. They've done everything they possibly could."

The biggest problem for kidney patients is the shortage of donors. If the supply of suitable organs could be increased, the need for dialysis could be reduced.

"Children get weaker the longer they remain on dialysis," Margaret Hicklin, Evelina's clinical nurse manager, said. "Some die before a transplant is available, and that's such a sad waste of a life."

One of the big advances of the past few years has been the portable peritoneal dialysis machine, which patients can use at home and which eliminates the need for three-weekly visits to hospital. Joanna Craig, 14, from Thames-

mead, southeast London, has such a machine, to which she attaches herself each night. "It's not at all painful and it's easy to use," she said. "I sleep right through it and most of the time I feel pretty well OK and can go to school. I only have to come here once a week or once a fortnight for a check-up."

Not all patients are as fortunate. The National Health Service does not pay for portable dialysis machines, which cost about £8,000, and the Evelina cannot afford as many as it would like. Much of the equipment around the renal ward, including oxygen saturation monitors, nasal feeding pumps and pumps for supplying intravenous fluids, is provided by charities.

"Without these things it would be virtually impossible to operate a unit like this," Marcelle de Souza, the sister in charge of dialysis, said.



Elliott Sexton will have a kidney removed after Christmas and will need dialysis until a donor organ is found

### The Evelina Appeal

I enclose a cheque / postal order (payable to The Evelina Children's Hospital Appeal for £.....)

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St Thomas Street, SE1 9RT

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I would like my gift to help Research  Care  Equipment  or the General Appeal Fund  (tick as appropriate).

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## BBC faces court over death fall

The BBC was charged yesterday over the death of a freelance electrician working on the hospital drama *Casualty*. David Coles, 35, of Bristol, was thrown 130ft to the ground when a lighting gantry fell over during filming near Abergavenny, South Wales. He died in hospital from multiple injuries. The BBC and an equipment company are accused of failing to ensure his safety. Abergavenny magistrates adjourned the case.

### Family suicide

The husband and son of a woman who died after a long illness were found dead in their car only hours later. Police believe William Knight, 56, and Mark Knight, 27, who lived near Ringwood, Hampshire, committed suicide together in the New Forest.

### Police must wait

The Master of the Rolls, Lord Woolf, sitting in the Court of Appeal with Lord Justice Auld and Lord Justice Neill, reserved judgment until after Christmas on an attempt by the Metropolitan Police to reduce the size of awards to victims of police wrongdoing.

### Murder demands

Amanda McDonnell, 24, Susan Beveridge, 34, and Lesley Caren Jones, 23, accused of the murder of a 74-year-old pensioner, were remanded in custody for a week by Cardiff magistrates. John Walker was found dead in his flat in the city last month.

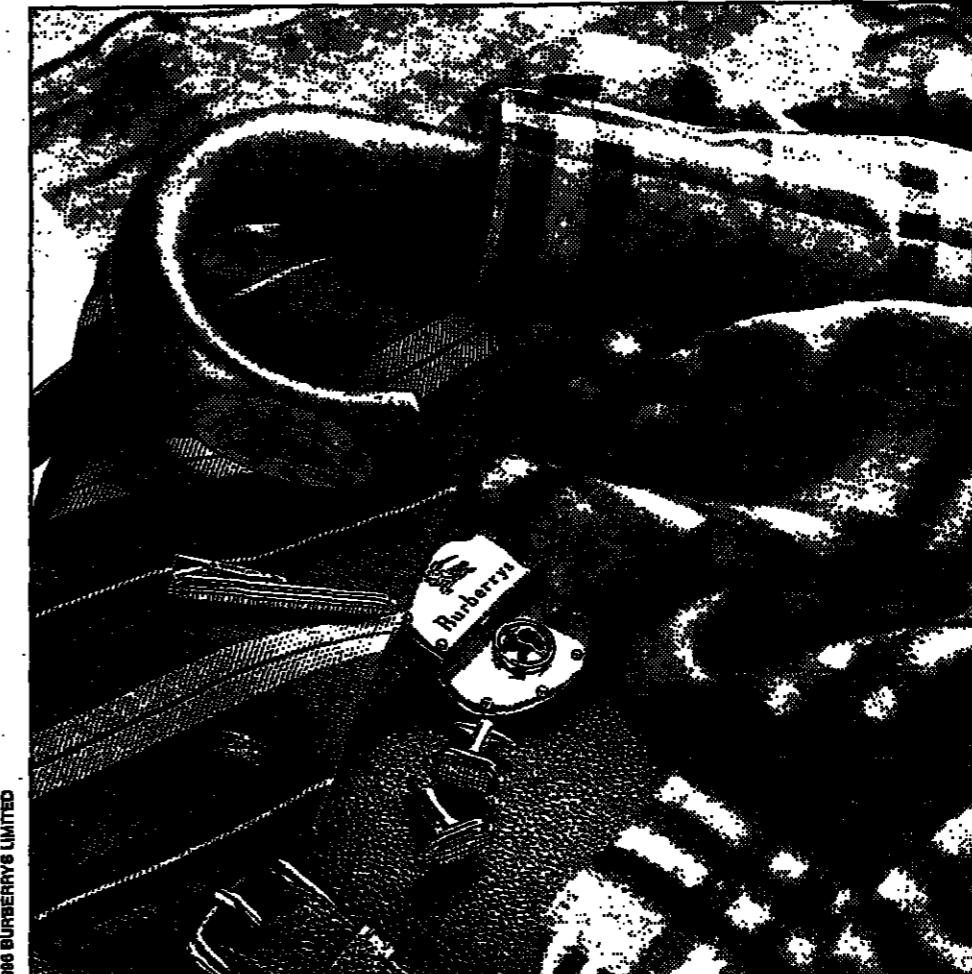
### Baby stuck

A newborn baby had to be cut free by firefighters after his head became wedged between his cot and a foldaway table on which his mother was changing him in Birmingham Women's Hospital. The boy was unharmed, but his mother was described as very distressed.

### Porky pie

Staff are trying to trace a customer who was inadvertently sold a fake pork pie, varnished and filled with wood chips, from a display at the Oven Door bakery in King's Lynn. "We want to give him a replacement before he wrecks his teeth," the manageress said.

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## Major launches Downing Street into cyberspace

Forget the white heat of technology: No 10 web site slumbers in a cosy fireside glow

By MIKE MURPHY  
INTERNET EDITOR

FOR anorak, read cardigan, John Major yesterday opened the best-known front door in Britain to Internet surfers by launching the 10 Downing Street web site — but most will find it ... well, conservative.

"Welcome to 10 Downing Street. I hope you will enjoy your Internet tour of this old, black-fronted house ...," reads Mr Major's reassuring introduction. Those with computers wired for sound may find that the Prime Minister's distinctive delivery adds lustre. Or not.

As Mr Major scrolled through the new and long-awaited web site with children from The Douai Martyrs School in Uxbridge at the launch in Downing Street yesterday, he was immediately upstaged by No 10's second most famous resident. Confronted on the last page by a picture of Humphrey the cat, Mr Major ventured a joke: "That cat's getting too big for his paws."

The tour of No 10, designed by Central Office of Information Publications, turns out to be reasonably entertaining, in a cardigan and slippers sort of way. The

An American-designed filter installed by an Internet access provider blocks entry to pornographic, racist, violent and other undesirable material. Zetnet Services of Lerwick, the Shetland Islands, says the Little Hat software means parents can let children browse web sites unsupervised. The filter is also designed as an option for schools and youth groups.

surfer is led through No 10's State Rooms, glimpsed by few other than VIPs or Cabinet members, with illustrations to download (firesides feature prominently) and an informative text. One learns, for instance, that the last private resident of Downing Street was a Mr Chicken.

That, however, is as interesting as it gets. At odds with the rapidly evolving world of all-singing, all-dancing web sites, the rest of the information offered is in text form. One does not much surf as wade through files containing such information as the Queen's Speech and anodyne details of Cabinet ministers' careers. And what happened to the concept of instant access to up-to-date

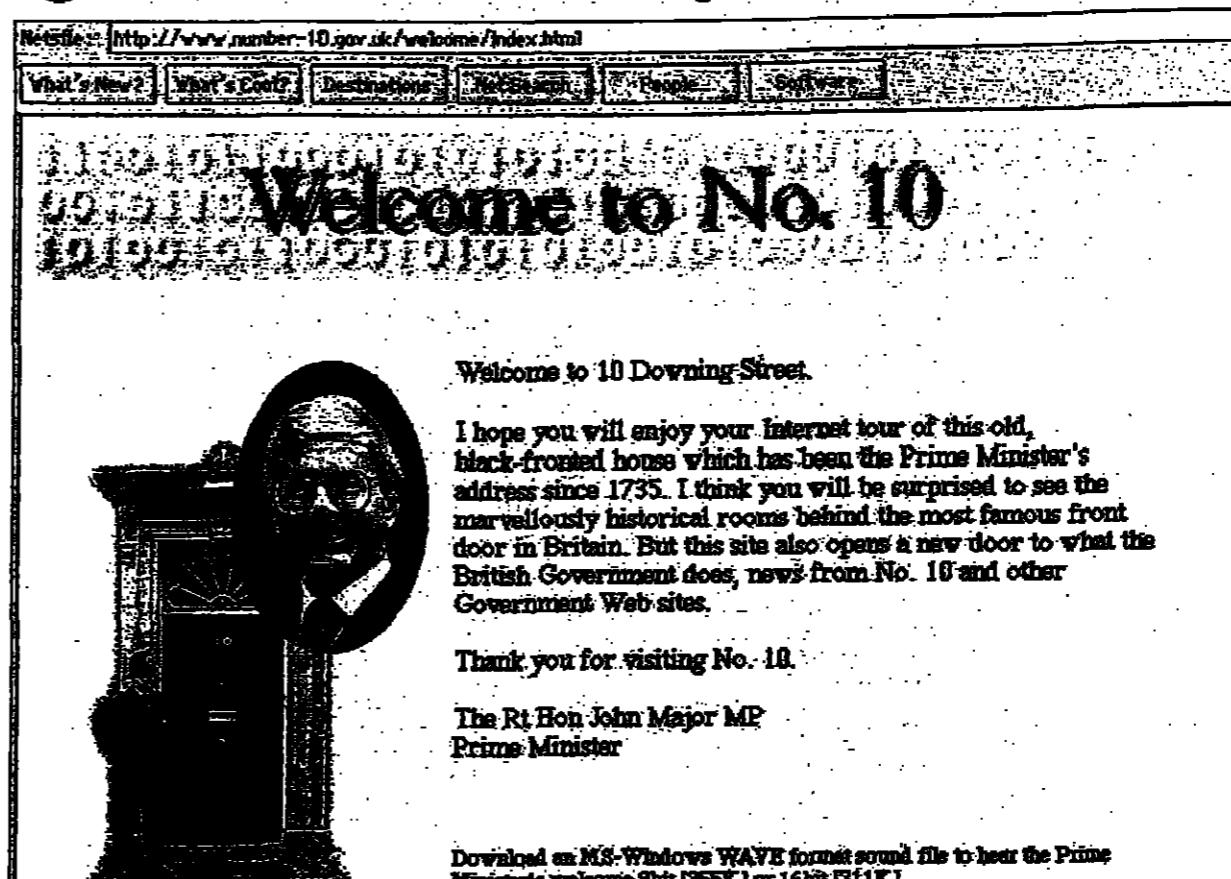
information? All former Prime Ministers are listed, but potted biographies are available only for the last half dozen Press releases peter out on November 27.

Anyone looking for insightful coverage of the rough and tumble of political life will be disappointed. Margaret Thatcher's removal from office is summed up thus: "After three years of her third term as Prime Minister, she was succeeded as party leader by John Major." Personal details about Mr Major are limited to the names of his wife and children and the revelation that "his recreations include opera, cricket and football".

No 10 bravely resists the worldwide trend towards interactivity in web sites. True, Humphrey pops up to invite one to sign the visitors' book, but it seems that Mr Major is not ready to embrace direct links with the public: there is no facility on the site to e-mail him or his office.

By contrast, the official White House site, updated throughout the day, actively encourages e-mail to the President, the Vice President and the First Lady.

□ Web sites: (Downing Street) <http://www.number-10.gov.uk> (White House) <http://www.whitehouse.gov>



Net loss: the No 10 site deals more with history than with the serious business of modern government

## Vatican pulls the plug on Internet service after high-level opposition

FROM RICHARD OWEN  
IN ROME

THE Vatican has suspended its Internet service after just a year online, because of opposition from "forces within the hierarchy", according to an Italian newspaper. *La Stampa* said the

decision would be a disappointment for many children who had planned to send Christmas messages to "Baby Jesus" on the Vatican".

A Vatican spokesman said that the service, started last Christmas, had been temporarily suspended. He said that it had been

considered experimental and would resume once it had been decided what material users should be able to access. A review of the number and nature of connections or "hubs" was in progress. *La Stampa* said, however, that elements of the Vatican hierarchy had been "questioning

the value and purpose of the web site".

Subscribers paid \$400 (£242) a year to access information about the Pope's activities and a selection of papal speeches and homilies. The papal emblem — was displayed followed by an image of John

Paul II offering a benediction. Users could then choose information in Spanish, English or French.

The service was launched just as the Pope fell ill with what was initially diagnosed as flu. Millions saw him abandon his television *Urbi et Orbi* Christmas

message in distress, and those users used the new service to send get-well messages. One e-mail message from an American girl called Sarah advised him to have chicken soup and lots of liquids.

Internet bulletins on the Pope's health and appendectomy were

issued during the year. But suggestions that the service might be extended to the Congregation for the Doctrine of the Faith, which issues Vatican rulings on issues such as celibacy, birth control and women priests, and the Vatican Library and museums, have so far come to nothing.

## Priest's book sanctuary holds the key to Saturn

By NIGEL HAWKES, SCIENCE EDITOR

A LUTHERAN pastor's mission to save thousands of books from destruction in the former East Germany has provided an invaluable contribution to space exploration. One of the books contained the recipe for a ceramic that will be used by the Cassini probe on a seven-year voyage to

Saturn.

When Germany was unified in 1990, libraries threw out millions of old books, partly because they assumed they would soon get much better ones from the West, and partly to mark a break with the past. Even science and engineering texts carried some reference to building socialism.

But Martin Weiskott, a Lutheran priest from Katlenburg, could not bear to see them destroyed. He saved 700,000, taking some from heaps by the side of the road and storing them in the barns of an old monastery. He earned the nickname "the

book pastor" for his efforts. They proved invaluable. New Scientist reports, when Dr Hans Lautha of the Max Planck Institute for Aeronomy in Katlenburg-Lindau set out to design a spectrometer for Cassini, to measure the amounts of hydrogen and its heavy isotope deuterium in the atmosphere of Saturn.

The ratio of the two isotopes will give clues about the development of the planet, Dr Lautha believes, because as a planet grows its gravitational pull attracts more of the lighter isotope. The spectrometer is designed to measure the absorption of light at the wavelengths characteristic of the two isotopes.

To do this, Dr Lautha needed an amplifier made of ceramic bonded to glass. But modern ceramics used in space probes are all designed to expand and contract as little as possible and, if bonded to glass, will break apart as the

rates of expansion are so different.

Dr Lautha searched for information about older materials such as magnesium silicate, which expands and contracts like glass, but could find nothing. Finally he turned to Herr Weiskott and the books he had stored in the barn.

There he found the details he needed. In East Germany, the older materials had not been replaced by more modern ceramics. "You need temperatures of 2,000C to make the modern ceramics, but you can make the old ones with only 1,400C," he said. Brown coal, the staple fuel of East Germany, burns at this temperature.

The instrument is now ready to fly. Cassini, a joint operation by the European Space Agency, the US space agency Nasa, and the Italian Space Agency, is due for launch next October.

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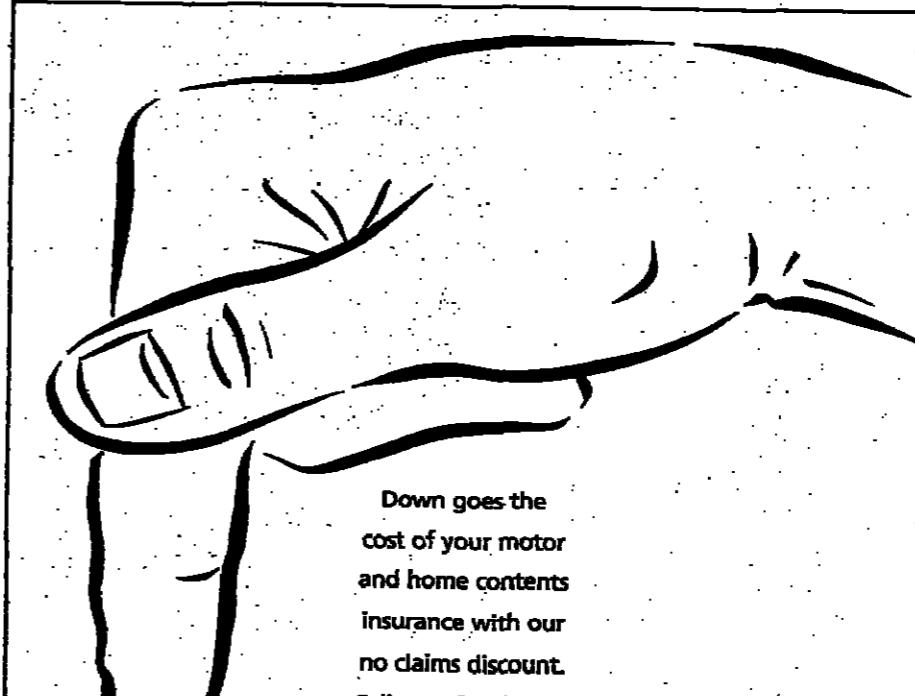
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# Gulf veteran found out about pesticides before ministers

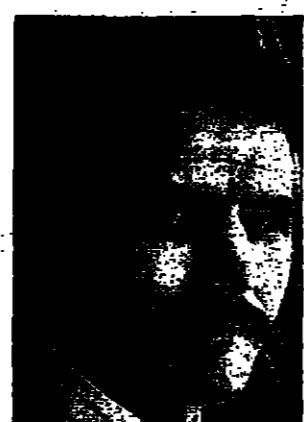
BY MICHAEL EVANS, DEFENCE CORRESPONDENT

OFFICIALS at the Ministry of Defence knew the full extent of the use of organophosphate pesticides in the Gulf at least two months before ministers were told, the Commons' Defence Committee learnt yesterday.

They even informed a Gulf War veteran in writing that "the full picture" had not been given by the ministry, in a letter dated four weeks before Nicholas Soames, the Armed Forces Minister, made an emergency statement to the Commons correcting previous parliamentary answers that organophosphate pesticides had been used on a limited scale only.

Bernard Doyle, a craftsman with the Royal Electrical and Mechanical Engineers attached to 7th Armoured Brigade during the Gulf War, received a letter on August 27 from Lieutenant-Colonel John Graham of the Defence Medical Services Directorate, outlining the wide use of the potentially dangerous pesticides. The information was contained in an MoD briefing note No 3, dated July 19, 1996. The document was waved at MoD officials by Menzies Campbell, Liberal Democrat member of the Defence Committee, when they were questioned yesterday.

Mr Campbell said: "It is a disgrace that a letter is sent to a member of the public in



Doyle: received letter outlining use of spray

which he is given relevant and significant information on a matter of the utmost controversy and the utmost interest to Parliament and that that information is not given to ministers until a month later."

Mr Doyle, 33, from North Wales, left the Army in 1993 and is now "unemployable", suffering from chest problems and a muscle-wasting neurological disease. Yesterday his wife, Sylvia, said her husband had described his symptoms to the Organophosphate Network and was told that he had "OP poisoning". She said: "He is now on a 60 per cent war pension and extremely ill. It seems extraordinary that by badgering the ministry, he

eventually found out what he needed to know, yet ministers were apparently kept in the dark."

The committee was also told that three weeks before Mr Doyle received the letter, Group Captain Bill Coker, the consulting physician who headed the Gulf medical assessment team until last month, told the War Pensions Agency that no organophosphates were sprayed. Group Captain Coker told the MPs that he knew pesticides had been used because a number of the servicemen he had seen had mentioned it, but he was not aware they were organophosphates.

Mr Doyle said yesterday: "I had been pestering the MoD for a long time and then suddenly the evidence I had been after landed on my doorstep. I don't think the MoD realised the significance of what it had sent me."

The MPs also learnt that military reports giving details about the use of locally supplied pesticides, containing high dosages of diazinon, a dangerous substance, were available in March 1991. Fifty-four Gulf War veterans are now being re-examined for possible pesticide poisoning.

A full investigation headed by Richard Mottram, the ministry's permanent secretary, is expected to be completed by February.



Dr Jonathon Pines with a dish containing a fluorescent protein. "Hopefully, this will enable us to design more specific drugs," he said

## Jellyfish provide flash of inspiration in cancer hunt

BY NIGEL HAWKES, SCIENCE EDITOR

A FLASHING light used by jellyfish to ward off danger is helping in the fight against cancer.

The fluorescent protein produced by the jellyfish *Aequorea victoria*, which lives in the Pacific, is being used to examine how individual proteins move when a human cell divides. Cambridge scientists have

taken the gene containing the instructions for making the protein and incorporated it into human cells in their laboratory to provide a fluorescent tag. When the proteins are illuminated by blue light under a microscope, they fluoresce and stand out clearly. Dr Jonathon Pines, who is leading the research at the Wellcome/Cancer Research Campaign Institute, said: "Cancer cells

often divide when they shouldn't. Until now, experts have only been able to guess which part of the machinery has run out of control.

"This area of research is helping us better understand how to tackle cancer at its beginnings. We're using this gene as a fluorescent tag for any protein that we're interested in."

One of the problems with cancer drugs was accurate targeting, he said.

"Using this technique, it will be possible to see what the drug is doing in the cell. Hopefully, this will enable us to design more specific drugs."

Professor Gordon McVie, director general of the Cancer Research Campaign, said: "It's fascinating to think that jellyfish, which appeared more than 700 million years ago, are offering a modern-day solution to one of science's greatest mysteries."

## Brixton banishes robbers

BY TIM JONES

ONE of the most crime-ridden areas of London has recorded its third robbery-free day in five years after an undercover operation involving hundreds of police officers.

The borough of Brixton recorded no robberies on two days in November. The month-long operation, Eagle Eye, also covered Streatham, Vauxhall, Peckham, Walworth and Southwark, and resulted in 78 arrests.

Uniformed officers and mounted police provided a high-profile presence in the areas to push known robbers to the edges of their normal operating areas. They were followed by plain clothes officers and arrested before carrying out crimes in other parts of the capital.

Victims of muggers and pickpockets were taken around streets in police cars to identify their attackers.

## Lottery grants go to war

BY JOHN YOUNG

GRANTS of £13 million to the Imperial War Museum in London and £3 million to the Royal Naval Museum in Portsmouth are announced today by the Heritage Lottery Fund.

The grant to the Imperial War Museum will support the third stage of its redevelopment, after the earlier redevelopment of permanent exhibitions on the First and Second World Wars. It will feature a gallery dealing with the Holocaust and an exhibition on the impact of war on 20th century society.

The grant of £2.846,000 to the Royal Naval Museum will go towards its redevelopment and expansion. The programme includes a gallery on the history of HMS Victory and the life of Nelson, and a recreation of the sights and sounds of the Battle of Trafalgar.

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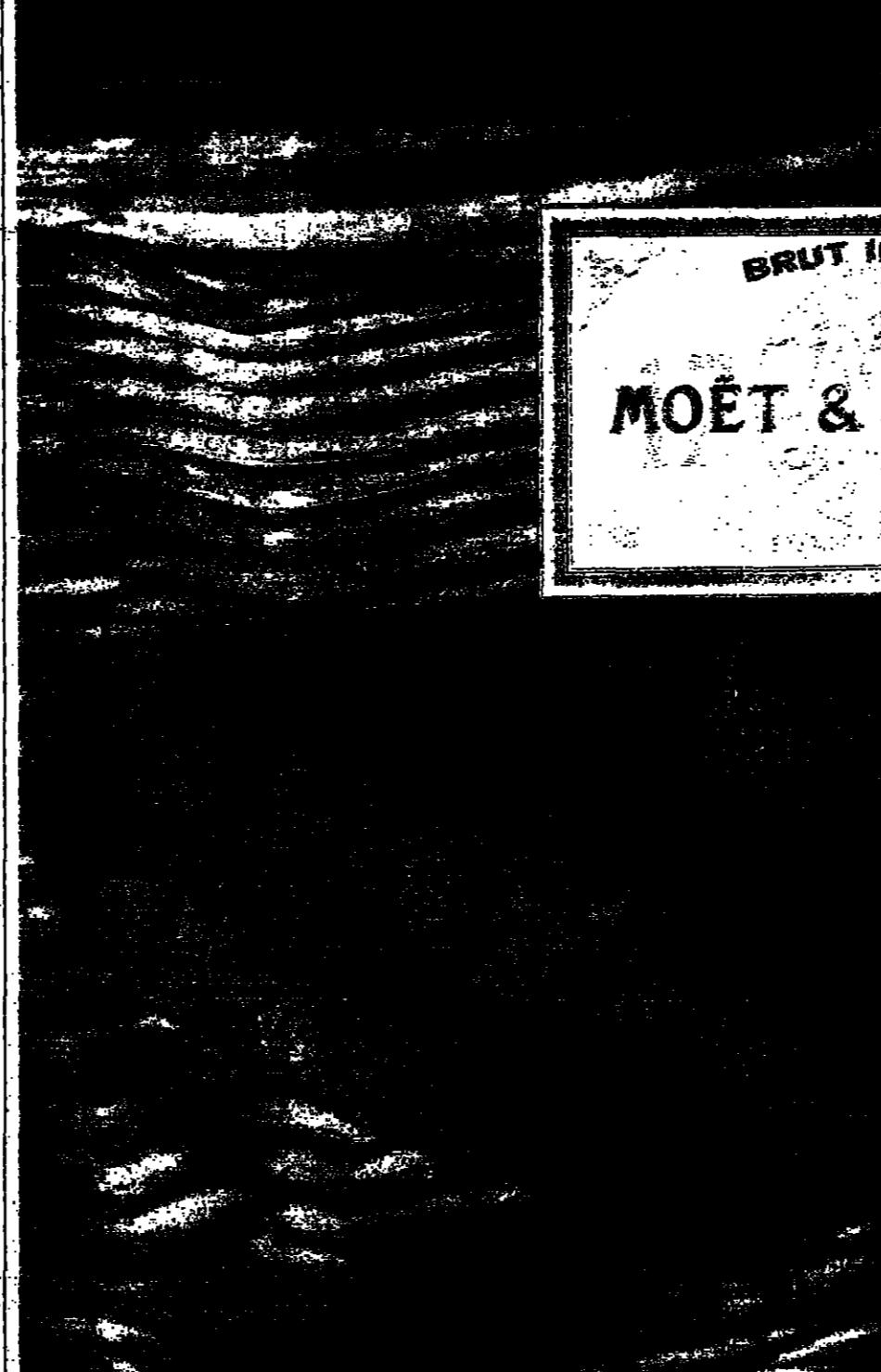
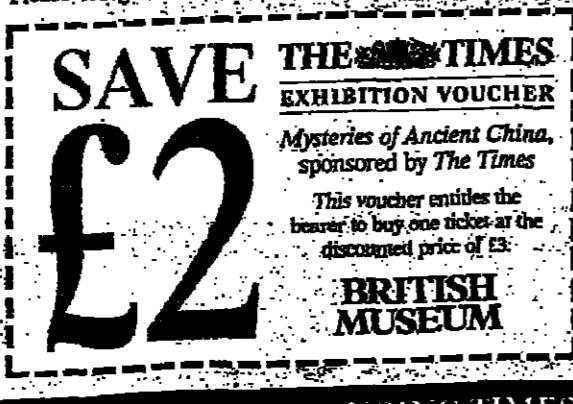


The Times, in association with the British Museum, gives you the opportunity to get a discount on the price of tickets for the China exhibition, instead of the full price of £5. Times readers can buy tickets for £3 each.

The *Mysteries of Ancient China* is the first major Chinese exhibition in London for 20 years. It includes spectacular new discoveries from China's recently excavated royal tombs and sacrificial pits.

All you have to do is present the voucher below at the exhibition ticket kiosk at the British Museum. A timed ticketing system is in operation. For further information call the British Museum on 0171-236 3223.

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# Europe gets first look at new banknote logo

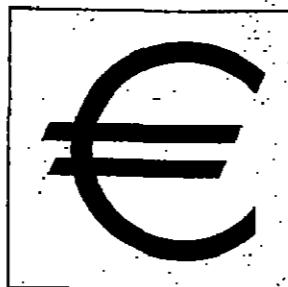
FROM CHARLES BRENNER IN BRUSSELS

EUROPE will have its first glimpse tomorrow of the banknotes destined to replace the francs, marks and other currencies that will unite in the future euro. Jumping the gun, however, Brussels has unveiled its wishes for the future logo.

If the European Commission has its way, the crescent-shaped "e", with its twin bars, will become as familiar to shoppers and global bankers as the \$ sign. "We thought that there was a need for a standard symbol and somebody had to come up with it," said an official on the team of Yves-Thibault de Silguy, the monetary Commissioner.

While the politicians squabble over the machinery, the Commission is using the "e" device in an advertising campaign to acquaint citizens with the future euro well ahead of E-day. The euro will become legal tender for transactions when exchange rates are locked on January 1, 1999, but the notes and coins will not start circulating until 2002.

"This is going to be on all your T-shirts," said the official, referring to the £16 million that has been spent on the



campaign this year. The drive, which will involve "nifty play on such words as 'excellence' and 'excitement', will be bypassing Britain in deference to the Government's "rather strong message" this year about its disaster for Brussels' advertising, officials said.

Britain, however, has been involved in the secret project that comes to fruition at the Dublin European summit tomorrow when the European Monetary Institute, embryo of the future Frankfurt central bank, unveils the designs for the seven euro notes.

As home to the Eurovision song contest, the Irish Republic seems an appropriate venue for announcing the winners in a competition for a product

that is harmonised and bland enough to sound no discord from Helsinki to Madrid.

Given the design ground rule of avoiding offence, critics are ready with their *nu points*. At the insistence of Germany, which calls the shots in the E-project, four teams from each member state had the daunting task of expressing Europe's civilisation without any identifiable reference to national events, people or places.

There was to be no question, for instance, of offending France or Spain with British sailing ships, or upsetting France's old foes or foreign sensibilities with guillotines or the half-naked maidens at the barricades below French notes.

This month the jury of central bankers, including Eddie George, Governor of the Bank of England, made its choice from themes featuring seven historical periods with seven different landscapes, seven architectural eras and seven groups of people.

Even these, however, must be homogenised into a euro-note, so the Eiffel and Pisa towers are out, as are obviously German or Scottish castles.

Hard-pressed entrants, including Britain's De La Rue and the Bank of England, were said by EU officials to have offered composites, such as a hybrid woman with a Nordic-Mediterranean look that could have come only from multinational ancestry.

Even landscapes could run into trouble if they go in for the snowflakes beloved of Nordic notes or depict such things as blatant Mediterranean islands. Given the lack of Continent-wide symbols, irreverent suggestions included such European institutions as a social security cheque.

In a German concession to pressure from Britain and France, the bankers left open the option of deciding whether to allocate one-fifth of the note to a box with a national motif for the state in which it circulates.

Although the design is still unrevealed, the colour of Europe's money has been announced. There will be grey for E5, red for E10, blue for E20, orange for E50, green for E100, yellow and brown for E200 and purple for E500.

Letters, page 21



Jacques Santer, who yesterday made another veiled attack on British hostility to Europe

## Nato hails Russian accord on security

BY CHARLES BRENNER

RUSSIA yesterday accepted an offer from the Atlantic alliance to start talks on a new security partnership in Europe, but it rejected the West's desire to link this with Nato's enlargement to the former communist states of Central and Eastern Europe.

In a shift that was warmly welcomed by Nato ministers, Yevgeni Primakov, the Russian Foreign Minister, said Moscow was ready to start the dialogue long proposed by Washington and its allies on a new architecture for European security. Ministers formalised their offer on Tuesday at a meeting which made clear to Moscow that it would have to accept Nato plans to start membership talks with some of the Kremlin's former Central European allies next July.

Mr Primakov said Moscow was happy to start talks on a new document, although he stopped short of using Nato's terms of charter or treaty. "We were made an offer to hold consultations with Nato in order to settle any issues that might be of concern to us. I think this will open the door to fruitful talks," he said.

He repeated Moscow's firm rejection of the principle of Nato enlargement, however. This would "inevitably lead to a new division of Europe. That is unacceptable."

The future agreement on the East-West relationship "must be a document which contains more than general principles. It must have concrete elements," he said. Until now, the Russians have been wary of any commitment to negotiations because it could imply acceptance of Nato's eastward move. The Kremlin wants a binding agreement on equal terms with Nato, while the alliance envisages a "16 plus one" partnership that would associate the Russians without giving them equal status.

Nato ministers seized on Mr Primakov's response as a first step towards a structure for the post-Cold War Europe. Klaus Kinkel, the German Foreign Minister, said he was "surprised and delighted by Russia's constructive attitude". Warren Christopher, the US Secretary of State, said Mr Primakov's agreement was "very good news".

## Euro-sceptics told EU 'is best way to safeguard sovereignty'

BY CHARLES BRENNER, AND LEYLA LINTON IN STRASBOURG

JACQUES SANTER, President of the European Commission, yesterday took aim at British fears over sovereignty, saying deeper European integration was the best way to safeguard national interests, adding there was no alternative.

Mr Santer delivered the latest in a series of veiled attacks on London as EU leaders prepared for tomorrow's Dublin summit, which is threatened by a feud over German insistence on tough rules for monetary union.

Clearly aiming at British Euro-sceptics, Mr Santer said his notion of Europe as a simple marketplace was an idea of the past. "Safeguarding national sovereignty

means equipping ourselves with the means to make national interests ... prevail in the face of the unstoppable globalisation of the economy and politics," he said. The means to this was a deep reform of the Maastricht treaty, a project now under way at the inter-governmental conference (IGC), and to be reviewed by leaders in Dublin.

"There is no alternative to an ambitious reform of the treaty. The European Union is not the enemy of national sovereignty. On the contrary, those who want to succeed in the world of today and tomorrow can only do so through a Union that is strong and influential."

Mr Santer, speaking to the

European Parliament, voiced the Commission's disappointment over the failure of negotiations so far to get to grips with reforming the EU's institutions. With another nod at Britain, he noted that countries most resisting change were those most in favour of enlarging the EU to members from the former Eastern bloc. The aim of the IGC is to revamp the Union as a prelude to enlargement.

Ireland's rough draft for a new treaty was the main item on the Dublin summit agenda, but it is likely to be overshadowed by the quarrel over monetary union if finance ministers fail at a meeting today to find a compromise with Germany. In a dispute with far-reaching political implications, Germany is holding out against almost all other EU states for machinery that would impose automatic heavy sanctions against members of a single currency that run irresponsible budgets.

France, the other main pillar of the EU, opposes what its leaders see as a scheme that dilutes the sovereignty of governments over their economic policy. Mr Santer and French and German officials all voiced optimism yesterday that a compromise would be reached, but senior EU diplomats feared that Helmut Kohl, the German Chancellor, could be preparing to take a hard stand on the so-called stability pact.

## Executive faces trial in feud of car giants

BY ROGER BOVES  
IN BONN

A FEUD between two top car makers, Volkswagen and General Motors, came to a head yesterday with an announcement that a senior executive would face criminal charges.

The state prosecutor in Darmstadt will tomorrow file charges against José Ignacio López, who resigned last month from the board of Volkswagen. Industry sources say the Basque manager will be accused of embezzlement and industrial espionage. A more serious charge of fraud is likely to be dropped.

The feud began about 40 months ago when Señor López, working at Opel — the German arm of General Motors, was head-hunted by Volkswagen. His brief was to cut purchasing and production costs. This he managed successfully, saving VW about £8 billion over three years. Opel claimed, however, that he and his team members, who defected with him, had carried away crates of secret information that was copied on to VW computers.

A judge in Detroit, the home of General Motors, has ruled that Señor López could be pursued under anti-racketeering laws. General Motors had demanded Señor López's removal, a public apology and a huge cash payment. However, Ferdinand Piech, the chairman of Volkswagen, yesterday told *Stern* magazine: "I am not aware what there is to apologize about because we have not committed an injustice against anybody."

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# Setback for ivory trade as poachers kill 280 elephants

FROM INIGO GILMORE IN JOHANNESBURG

THE mass slaughter of more than 200 elephants by poachers in the Congo is certain to fuel the debate over the lifting of the ban on trade in ivory.

David Barratt, African director for the International Fund for Animal Welfare, discovered the rotting corpses of 280 elephants killed in a recent poaching operation near Congo's border with Gabon. He believes it is the largest single mass killing of African elephants.

An entire herd of elephants, including calves and pregnant females, was shot in a forest clearing by local inhabitants wielding AK47 rifles. They had been hired by poachers from Brazzaville, the capital of Congo, and were paid as little as \$10 (£5) for their work and, in one case for a bottle of rum. Mr Barratt, who returned last week from the West African country, said he came across Taiwanese and Chinese businessmen in Brazzaville. He believes the ivory is being shipped to the Far East.

"The poachers told the local inhabitants, whom they hired, that it was all right to kill the elephants because next year the trade in ivory is going to be resumed legally," Mr Barratt disclosed. "This underlines our argument that if you have even limited trade in ivory it will be a catastrophe, because where you have a legal trade

inevitably an illegal trade will follow."

Debate over a lifting of the ivory ban recently intensified after Zimbabwe, Botswana and Namibia came out in favour of a resumption of the trade. The Government of Zimbabwe has said it will use a conference scheduled to be held in Harare next year by the Convention on the International Trade in Endangered Species (Cites) to have the ban

**If you have even limited trade in ivory, inevitably an illegal trade will follow**

overturned. The Government has been embarrassed, however, by a recent report which disclosed that ivory exports from the country to the Far East have been allowed to proceed unchecked.

Mr Barratt's organisation and other conservation agencies are opposed to a lifting of the ban. He argues that if the ivory trade is legalised it will be impossible to distinguish between legally obtained ivory

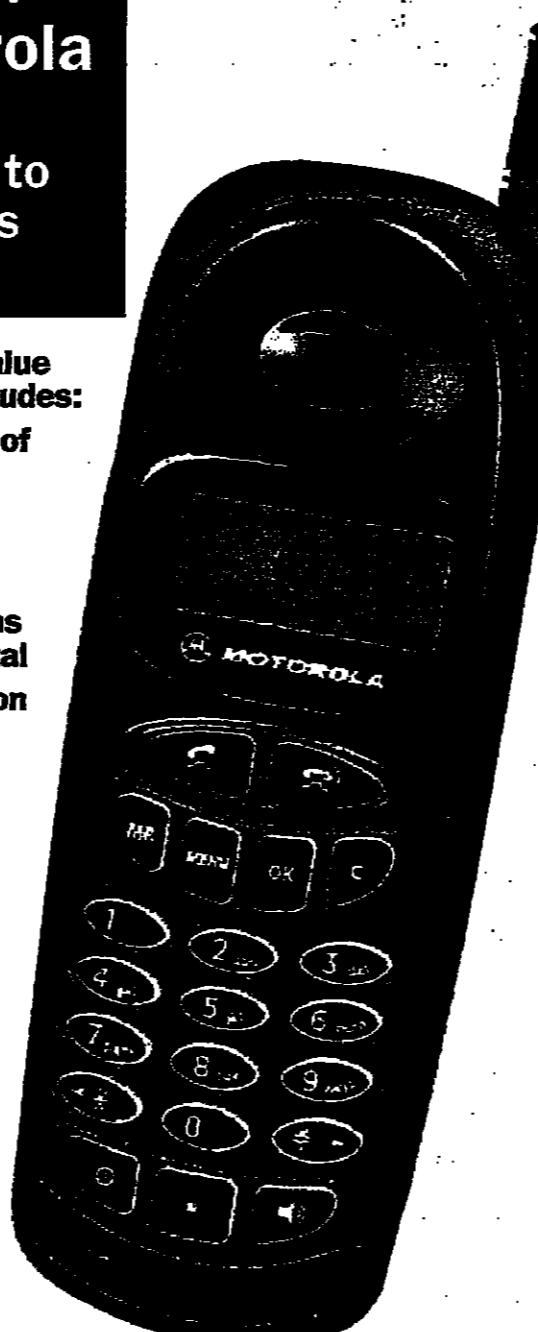
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# Critics rave over Madonna's magnetic Eva

STEVE GRAYSON/REUTERS

FROM GILES WHITTELL IN LOS ANGELES



MADONNA'S breathlessly awaited turn as an Argentinian dictator's wife is being greeted in America with rave reviews that seem likely to bestow on her at last the acting stardom she craves.

Two weeks before *Eva's* Christmas Day opening, *Time* magazine has welcomed the film as "easily the best adaptation of a Broadway-style musical in decades", and its star as "a magnet for all eyes".

Making good on a boast that no one but her could carry the role of Eva Peron, Madonna was hailed even more enthusiastically by the trade paper, *Daily Variety*. She "gives her all to the title role and pulls it off superbly", the critic Todd McCarthy wrote. "Dark-eyed, intent and serious, she conquers the character as Eva conquered every challenge she set for herself in her own life."

Only *The Hollywood Reporter* struck a critical note, but such dissent is less likely to affect the film's fortunes at the box office than America's uncertain appetite for movies



Madonna after a press screening of *Eva's* in Los Angeles and, right, as Eva Peron in a scene from the film, being released at Christmas

## Argentinian gift fails to impress

FROM MICHAEL BINYON IN PORT STANLEY

GUIDO DI TELLA, Argentina's Foreign Minister, has again sent virtually every Falkland Islands family a personal Christmas gift, provoking widespread derision in the islands where there is still deep hostility and suspicion about Argentina's intentions.

With a letter addressed to "My dear neighbour", Señor di Tella enclosed a copy of Antoine de Saint-Exupéry's book *The Little Prince*.

He calls it "a delightful little book" and notes that the author says it was "written for

grown-ups full of imagination

and dreams, who were children not so long ago". He adds

his personal best wishes for

Christmas and the new year to

each islander.

Six hundred of the 2,400

Falklanders received copies

postmarked London. They

need little imagination to work

out the symbolism of the story

by the French writer. Saint-Exupéry used to be a pilot on

the mail run to South America from France before the Second World War. *The Little Prince*, his most famous work, describes a far away planet which the prince always wanted to visit. When he got there, however, he found that its problems and difficulties were very much like those of the world he had left behind.

The Falkland islanders no longer feel they live on a distant planet, and have no wish for intrepid adventures arriving from Argentina — another world as far as they are concerned.

Several people, however,

have been softened by the

charm offensive from Buenos

Aires and say it would be

foolish to reject Señor di

Tella's overtures out of hand

because the anglophile Foreign Minister is recognised as

one of the most eager to show

a new face to the Falklands.

Letters, page 21

## Customs caught with drugs haul

BY GABRIELLA GAMINI  
SOUTH AMERICA  
CORRESPONDENT

A CONGRESSIONAL commission investigating Argentina's corruption-ridden customs department yesterday found at least 1,500kg (3,300lb) of cocaine and heroin stashed in rented storage lockers in the cells of the Banco Nacional. Investigators prised open four lockers rented by Customs for \$600 (£366) a month. Argentina's central bank and discovered suitcases and sealed cardboard boxes filled with drugs that should have been destroyed years ago.

Mario de las Neves, a congressman of the governing Justicialist (formerly Peronist) Party, who is heading the inquiry, said the drugs, worth at least \$150 million, were likely to have been part of a shipment confiscated from Colombian traffickers three years ago.

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# Saudis give FBI evidence of Iran bomb attack links

FROM TOM RHODES IN WASHINGTON

THE FBI has received detailed information from the Saudi Arabian Government, which alleges that the bombing of a United States military complex in Dhahran last June was carried out by Saudi Shia Muslim extremists sponsored by Iran.

Details of confessions extracted from at least 40 Shias, accused in connection with the explosion that killed 19 American airmen, were passed to Louis Freeh, the FBI Director, by Prince Nayef, the Saudi Interior Minister, at a meeting in Riyadh last month.

The exchange included the results of Saudi wiretaps, other electronic eavesdropping and an analysis of movements by alleged conspirators into and out of Saudi Arabia, the Bekaa Valley in Lebanon, Damascus and Tehran.

American officials said yesterday that it was too early to make a final assessment of the evidence to see whether they agreed with the Saudi theory. The Saudi Government believes that Iran's target was not so much the United States as the Saudi regime and its links with the West.

There is still suspicion in some quarters in Washington that Saudi Arabia is trying to foist responsibility for the blast on Iran rather than acknowledge that it was an act of domestic terrorism.

The Washington Post reported that several senior Saudi officials had suggested that

the United States should lead either diplomatic or military action against Tehran early next year if the Clinton Administration accepts the link.

The information passed to America was said to portray an elaborate conspiracy in which the terrorists received explosives, bomb components and training from members of Hezbollah, the radical Islamic group backed by Iran. Some of the Saudis were said to have travelled with Hezbollah.

**Saudi officials want the US to lead diplomatic or military action against Tehran**

trainers to Tehran before and after the explosion at the Khorab Towers military housing complex in Dhahran and to have had extensive dealings with Iranian intelligence.

The findings are certain to provoke strong reaction in Washington at a time when President Clinton has just changed his foreign policy team. Republicans were expected to renew demands for action against Tehran as soon as the new national security structure is in place in the new

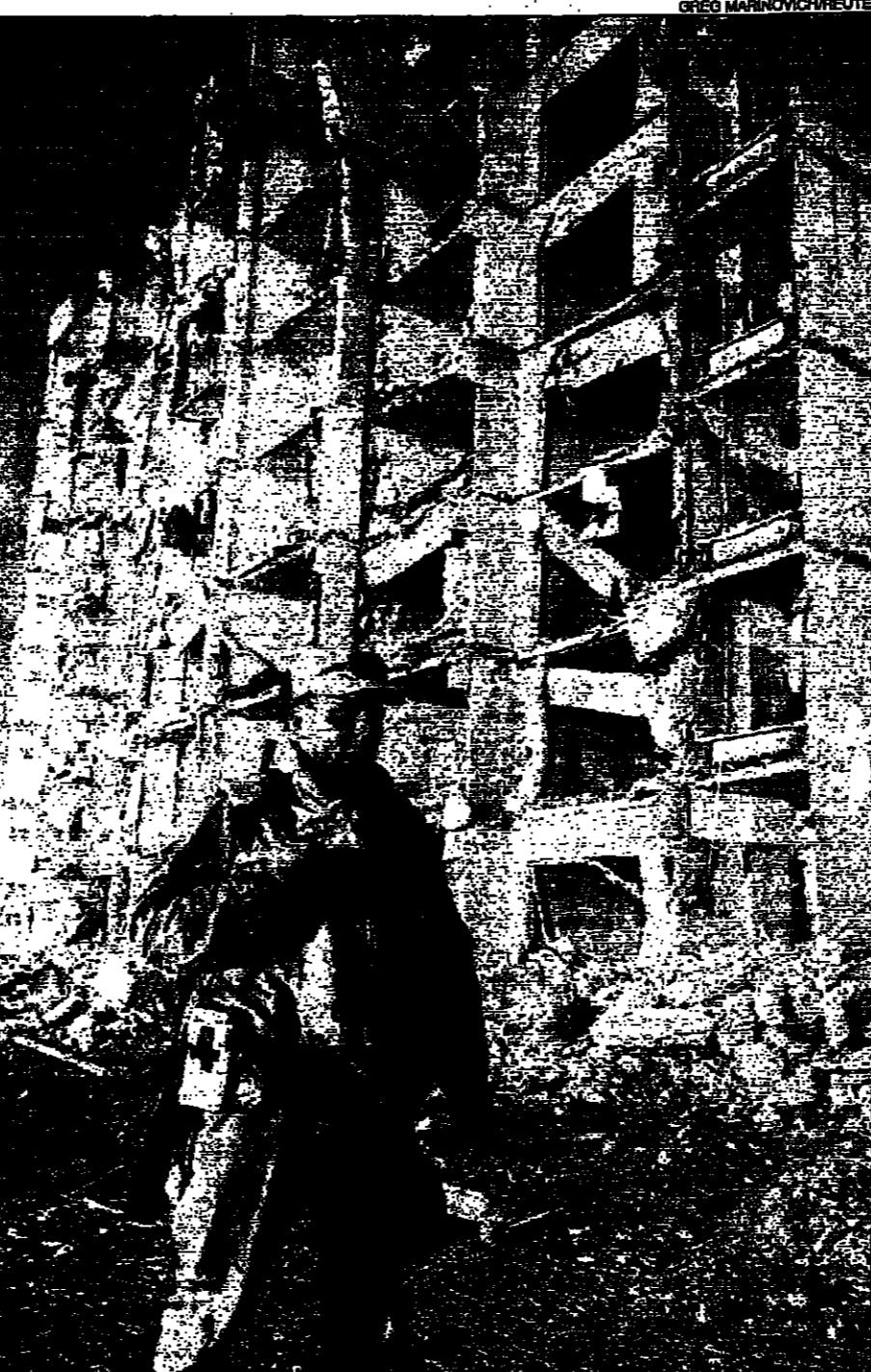
year. In August, William Perry, the Defence Secretary, was forced to back away from statements that linked Iran to the Dhahran bombing and the crash of TWA Flight 800. At the time, leading Republicans on Capitol Hill called for military strikes against reported terrorist camps in Iran if the UN failed to persuade Tehran to close them.

Although it could take months for the latest intelligence to filter through the system, the renewed co-operation by the Saudi Government was seen last night as a big turning point in the inquiry.

The American Government had complained previously that it was frustrated by a lack of co-operation from the Saudis, leading to claims by US defence chiefs that Riyadh had rejected security procedures at the base and hampered the investigation. The Pentagon has since moved 4,000 airmen from Dhahran to al-Khafji airbase, 60 miles to the south.

America also said that it had been denied access to four Saudis who could have had information to foil the Dhahran bombing. The four were beheaded publicly in May after confessing to a separate explosion in Riyadh the previous November which killed five Americans and two Indians.

Only senior members of the US Cabinet are being allowed access by the FBI to details of Mr Freeh's talks.



A block of flats devastated in last June's bomb attack that killed 19 US airmen

## Tehran's dispatch of jets to Syria fuels Israeli war fears

FROM CHRISTOPHER WALKER  
IN JERUSALEM

AMID rumblings of war between Israel and Syria, the Israeli newspaper *Haaretz* quoted Western intelligence sources yesterday as saying Iran had recently sent a squadron of fighter planes to Syria.

In a front-page article that caused widespread concern, the respected Tel Aviv paper said: "The reports said Iranian planes landed in a Syrian airfield. It is still not clear whether the actions indicate planned co-operation between the two countries regarding Israel or joint train-

ing for both. In recent months, security ties between Damascus and Tehran have been strengthened."

The closer military ties, according to diplomats in Damascus, have developed as a result of the Israeli election last May which brought the Likud Government of Binyamin Netanyahu to power. The right-wing Prime Minister is opposed to the previous Labour Government's policy of handing back the occupied Golan Heights in exchange for a peace treaty with Syria similar to that with Egypt.

This week Yitzhak Mordechai, the Israeli Defence Minister, confirmed

press reports that Iranian military supplies to Hezbollah terrorists, operating under Syrian surveillance in Lebanon, had been greatly increased recently. The weapons were transported in planes flying from Iran to Syria.

The report on the deployment of the Iranian fighter squadron coincided with comments by the Israeli Deputy Chief of Staff that Israel "is prepared for war". Major-General Matan Vilnai's blunt warning further heightened tensions between Israel and Syria. "Syrian President Assad has no illusions as to what will happen to him if he starts to

fight us ... he knows he will get clobbered," he said.

General Vilnai's remarks were the first public response by the military to a report in *Time* magazine that quoted unnamed senior officers as alleging that Israel was not ready for war, had let stocks run low, and training had been reduced in recent years when peace took high priority.

General Vilnai, one of the commanders responsible for planning Israel's defence, said the military preferred a policy of long-range planning in which more is invested in building units rather than stockpiling ammunition. He added that

top officers were dealing "intensively" with war preparations.

The general's warnings did not please David Levy, the Foreign Minister, who took him to task for stoking tensions. Talk of war has grown since Syria held provocative manoeuvres; these were then matched by Israel.

Asked about General Vilnai's statements, Mr Levy told Israeli army radio yesterday: "There is no need for these declarations - Israel's strength is known".

He added that such remarks were likely to draw Syrian accusations that Israel was preparing to attack.

## Paris 'warned of terror campaign'

Paris. A fortnight before the latest bombing of a Paris commuter train, the French secret service sent a memo to President Chirac and Alain Juppé, the Prime Minister, warning them that the Algerian fundamentalist Armed Islamic Group (GIA) was likely to begin a new terrorist campaign outside Algeria (Ben Macintyre writes).

The memo, entitled "Algeria: will the violence be exported?", which was leaked to *Le Monde* newspaper yesterday, stated that "all indications gathered on the ground [in Algeria] lead us to think that the conflict ... will be rapidly transported abroad." The GIA, which claimed responsibility for last year's wave of bombings in France, has waged a violent campaign of intimidation and murder in Algeria aimed at bringing down the French-backed Government of President Zeroual. The latest bomb, which exploded on a packed underground train on December 3 killing four people and injuring dozens, bore all the hallmarks of a GIA device.

### Stand-off over UN chief

New York. France was under increasing diplomatic pressure last night to withdraw its opposition to the appointment of Kofi Annan, the head of United Nations peacekeeping, as the organisation's next Secretary-General (James Bone writes). Mr Annan, a Ghanaian who would be the first UN official to rise through the ranks to the world's top diplomatic post, has emerged as the clear front-runner in secret balloting in the 15-nation Security Council. But France voted against him and threatened to use its veto to prevent him from succeeding Boutros-Ghali, whose bid for a second five-year term was vetoed by America last month.

### Superconductor hope

Lyons. French scientists claim to have discovered a new material that may be superconducting at room temperature - the holy grail of researchers in the field. At absolute zero (-273.16C) all electrical conductors become superconductors, in which current flows with virtually no resistance or loss of power. The team led by Serge Conteras, of the National Institute of Applied Science, said the lithium-beryllium-hydrogen powder showed no loss of power at 25C, but their results await confirmation. (Reuters)

### Sudanese leader flees

Cairo. Sadiq al-Mahdi, the former Sudanese Prime Minister and a key opposition leader, said yesterday that he had fled to Eritrea to avoid being taken "hostage" by the Khartoum Government. Mr al-Mahdi, in a statement sent by fax from Asmara to Cairo, said he took the decision last Thursday "in order not to give the regime the possibility of using me as a hostage" to put pressure on the opposition. (AFP)

### Bossi contempt trial

Milan. Umberto Bossi, right, the leader of the separatist Northern League, was ordered yesterday to stand trial on charges of contempt towards the Italian President. The charges stem from remarks Signor Bossi made at a political rally in which he said that President Scalfaro had put pressure on magistrates not to investigate leaders of the former Communist Democratic Party of the Left (PDS). The trial will be held in October. (Reuters)

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# Indian court orders end to child labour in dangerous jobs

FROM CHRISTOPHER THOMAS IN BOMBAY

TENS of millions of Indian children working illegally in hazardous industries have been ordered out of their jobs in an unprecedented intervention by the Supreme Court.

"We have the fond hope that the closing years of the 20th century will see us keeping the promises made to our children by our constitution about a half-century ago," it said. The court ruled that anybody employing a child illegally must pay 20,000 rupees (£34) into a fund for his or her compulsory education.

Between 44 million and 100 million children work illegally in dangerous jobs. Twelve key industries have been identified by the court, including glass-making, firework manufacture, carpet weaving and brass production. It ruled that children employed in non-hazardous industries should not work more than six hours a day and must receive at least two hours of schooling. India

has many laws supposedly governing the use of child labour, all of which are flouted with virtual impunity.

They ban children working in dangerous occupations, but employers are almost never prosecuted. The children are all low-caste or "untouchables" — now more commonly known as Dalits — giving them little influence with high-caste politicians.

Millions of children work as bonded labourers after being "sold" to employers by parents to pay off debts which in practice are almost never cleared because of prohibitive interest charged by money-lenders. Police and social workers are bribed to ignore the practice of bonded labour, which is widespread in quarrying and carpet manufacture.

The exploitation of children is also commonplace in Pakistan, Bangladesh and Nepal, none of which have taken decisive steps to stop the

employment of children in dangerous occupations.

The court ordered the state to find a job for an adult from the family of every child removed from a hazardous occupation. Alternatively, the state should give 5,000 rupees towards the child's education. It instructed the Government to conduct a survey of child labour, to be completed within six months.

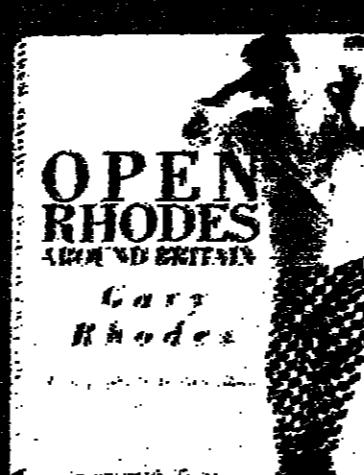
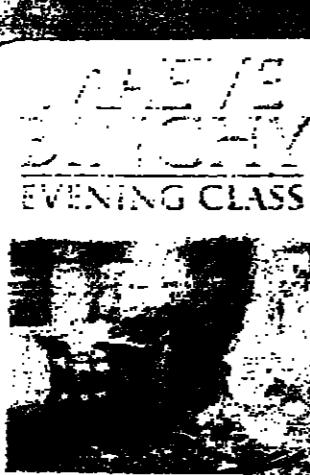
The constitution mandates compulsory, free education of children until the age of 14. Few areas of India, however, provide adequate schooling. The Government says child labour is the result of poverty and will only be eradicated with growing prosperity.

The Supreme Court frequently intervenes in social issues where it believes politicians have failed to take action, and its latest ruling may goad the Government into taking steps to end some of the worst abuses.



Afghan women in Islamabad, the capital of Pakistan, hang effigies of Taliban leaders to protest over violations of women's rights in Afghanistan

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## 50,000 have fled Kabul

Kabul: Up to 50,000 people have left Kabul, the Afghan capital, since Taliban militia captured it in September, according to the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR). Figures from a checkpoint on the road to Pakistan show that 49,099

people left Kabul and 8,631 returned between October 1 and December 7. "People are uncertain about their future. The economy is continuing to deteriorate and unemployment is rising," said Terry Pitner, UNHCR head in Kabul. (Reuters)

## UN chief says Iraq arms trip failed

FROM MICHAEL THEODOULOU IN NICOSIA

ROLF EKEUS, the chief United Nations weapons inspector for Iraq, declared his latest mission to Baghdad a failure yesterday after the defiant regime prevented him from taking scrapped missile parts to America for analysis.

Iraq's challenge to the UN came a day after President Saddam Hussein pressed the button that started Iraqi oil flowing to world markets for the first time in six years. The country's state-run media said that the deal which allows Baghdad to sell a limited amount of oil to buy food and medicine was not a gift, but "compensation for an unprecedented crime" against the Iraqi people, and promised it would keep fighting for the overall embargo to be lifted. That is impossible until Mr Ekeus gives his approval.

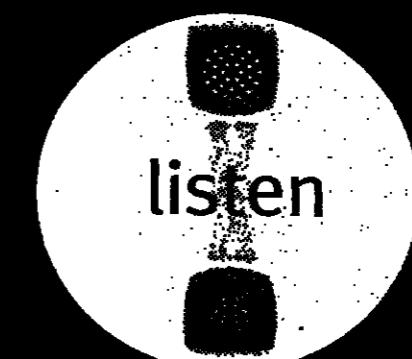
The UN suspects that Iraq has retained between six and 16 Scud missiles like the ones fired at Saudi Arabia and

Israel during the Gulf War. Analysis of the missile components would help the UN to verify the number of missiles Iraq claims to have destroyed and whether the parts were Russian or home-made.

"We have agreed to freeze it [the missile problem] until our next meeting, in February," Mr Ekeus said at the end of his four-day visit to Baghdad. He added that Iraq's refusal to allow his team to remove the scrapped missile parts was a serious breach of a key UN Security Council resolution.

"This is pretty much par for the course," said a Western diplomat monitoring Iraq from Jordan said. "This time Ekeus was going to use a different tactic. In the past, he has asked Iraq to give information about its weapons. This time he planned to tell Iraq what the UN believed Iraq has and was going to warn they better give him a full account."

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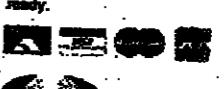
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## OJ jury sees tape of 'secret route'

FROM GILES WHITTELL  
IN LOS ANGELES

CAUGHT by chance in an amateur video, a gap in a hedge on O.J. Simpson's estate has given new credence to the theory that he clambered home by a back route after allegedly committing double murder.

The video, taken by Mr Simpson's former secretary and shown in court on Monday, clearly shows a gap in the foliage above a fence behind the guest house in which three loud thuds were heard minutes after the murders of Nicole Brown Simpson, his former wife, and Ronald Goldman, her friend.

Mr Simpson's lawyers in the civil trial, in which he is being sued by the victims' families, argue that a bloody glove found in the hedge was planted by police. But the gap in the foliage is directly above where the glove was found and where the Brown-Goldman legal team says Mr Simpson jumped to the ground before bumping into an air-conditioner protruding from the guest house.

The video was shot a week after the deaths of the two in 1994. It was allowed as evidence despite loud protests from Robert Baker, Mr Simpson's lawyer, who is presenting his case.

A verdict is not expected until next year. If found responsible for the murders, Mr Simpson could be liable for millions of dollars in punitive damages.

## Israeli boy is killed in drive-by shooting

FROM CHRISTOPHER WALKER IN JERUSALEM

FEARS of renewed violence in the occupied West Bank rose last night after a 12-year-old Jewish boy was killed and five Israelis were injured in a drive-by shooting by terrorists who were believed to have escaped into the Palestinian-controlled town of Ramallah.

The attack increased right-wing Israeli anger against the possibility of an Israeli pull-out from the last Israeli-occupied West Bank city, Hebron, whose future is the subject of deadlocked negotiations between the Israeli Government and the Palestinian Authority led by Yasir Arafat.

Yesterday's attack took place near the sprawling West Bank settlement of Bet El, not far from the site in September of some of the fiercest gunbattles between Israeli troops and Palestinian police, which left a total of 75 people dead in the West Bank and Gaza Strip.

Israeli security sources said that the Israeli vehicle was fired on by two gunmen in a car registered by the Palestinian Authority. The attack took place near the Palestinian village of Surda about 15 miles north of Jerusalem. Another Israeli was killed during a similar drive-by attack there in May.

Mr Netanyahu was elected on a platform of providing "peace with security" and has made known since his election in May that he will respond vigorously to all forms of Palestinian terrorism.



A woman being moved to hospital in Jerusalem yesterday after she was shot near Bet El

## UN accuses Burundi Army of massacring 1,000 Hutus

FROM PETER CAPELLA IN GENEVA

AT LEAST 1,000 civilians were massacred by the army in Burundi over a four-week period from late October to November, according to the United Nations.

The violence is believed to be continuing as the world continues to focus on eastern Zaire, where Tutsi rebels backed by the Rwandan Army have driven Hutu militia out of refugee camps.

A UN human rights observer mission to Burundi, in a report released yesterday, said fighting between Tutsi-dominated government forces and Hutu rebels had intensified, triggering indiscriminate daily killings. The human rights situation is alarming, with an

array of massacres by both sides," it says.

The army was responsible for more than 40 massacre incidents while the rebels had been behind eight last month.

The military has a large responsibility in the massacres, most recently of refugees from Zaire," the report says. About 50,000 refugees, mainly Hutus, have returned to Burundi.

Without safe access to some of the regions, the four UN observers were in many cases unable to give casualty figures. However, they confirmed the massacre of between 283 and 435 refugees who were returning from Zaire in a church in the village of Murambi in Cibitoke province. In another attack in Gitega province, soldiers killed 35 people as they returned home from church.

The Burundi Army was systematically forcing mainly Hutu villagers to leave their homes and to regroup in camps. "As the period of assembly in camps has ended, the military is said to be spontaneously killing anyone they find in the hills or in fields," the observers said.

Diplomats said the number of army killings, mainly around the capital Bujumbura, and in the east of the country, had soared since a military-backed regime seized power in June.

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## Tycoon sails to victory in race for Patten job

FROM JONATHAN MIRSKY IN HONG KONG

TUNG CHEE-HWA, a shipping tycoon and favourite of the Peking regime, was chosen overwhelmingly as Hong Kong's first Chief Executive yesterday by China's hand-picked Selection Committee.

The 400 members, including many of Hong Kong's richest citizens, gave the 59-year-old Mr Tung 320 votes. Ti Liang Yang, the colony's retired Chief Justice, received 42, and Peter Woo, a wealthy entrepreneur, 36. There were two invalid ballots.

Twenty-nine demonstrators outside the hall were arrested, including Emily Lau, Hong Kong's best-known independent democratic legislator. She was later released on bail.

After the Selection Committee had left the hall, Mr Tung made a triumphant entry and declared colonialism had ended, adding: "Now we are masters of our own house."

His election was "the first step in Hong Kong's democratisation process," he said, adding "our society has become too polarised in recent years" — a reference to the political reforms initiated by Chris Patten, the Governor, which last year produced a wholly elected Legislative Council, since declared invalid by Peking. The body will be abolished on July 1, 1997, when Hong Kong is transferred to China, being replaced by a Peking-selected Provisional Legislative Council.

Born in Shanghai and educated at Liverpool University, Mr Tung was until he resigned in June, a member of Mr Patten's Executive Council or inner Cabinet. Last January, President Jiang Zemin of China, at a meeting in Peking, indicated with a single handshake that Mr Tung was his favourite to become Chief Executive.

Mr Tung was congratulated immediately yesterday by Qian Qichen, the Chinese Foreign Minister and Vice-Premier, who chaired the selection process and said the central Government regarded it as a great moment for Hong Kong's democratisation.

The Convention Centre's largest room had been transformed to resemble a hall in Peking's Great Hall of the People for the event, with the national seal floodlit behind a dais and the delegates seated in tightly packed rows.

In Peking, Xinhua, the official news agency, said Mr Tung's election "reflects the wishes of the majority of Hong Kong compatriots".

Anson Chan, Hong Kong's Chief Secretary and Mr Tung's expressed choice to continue as the territory's number two in 1997, said: "I think today is a very important and very happy day for Hong Kong."

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Anson Chan, Hong Kong's Chief Secretary and Mr Tung's expressed choice to continue as



**Dr Thomas Stuttaford** on kidney stones, a mysterious skin complaint and treating football injuries

## Alone in a world of ice — and suffering a curse of modern society

**S**ir Ranulph Fiennes's arduous solo march in Antarctica has had to be abandoned. He met an insuperable obstacle in the form of kidney stones. The pain from renal stones can be disabling, even if it is experienced in the comfort of home and with a kindly GP, pethidine at the ready, in attendance. To a sufferer in the Antarctic, already miserable, cold and lonely, the agony must have been unbearable.

Urinary tract stones occur in people from all parts of the world, but as countries become more developed, so the favoured site for the stone changes.

In primitive communities, bladder stones are common, just as they were in Britain in the 18th and early 19th century. As industrialisation and modern systems of agriculture — which provides protein-rich foods throughout the year — are established, stones become more frequent in the kidney.

Bladder stones are associated with a protein-deficient diet, whereas kidney stones are related to, among other factors, a high protein intake together with a diet rich in refined carbohydrates.

Kidney stones can also be a sequel to urinary tract infections, and to too small a fluid intake and resulting reduced urinary excretion. In hot climates it is important to keep up a high fluid intake, not only to lessen the chance of developing renal stones, but also malignancies of the kidney.

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Sir Ranulph Fiennes: cold and lonely on his solo Antarctic walk — and now enduring the pain of renal stones

Inadequate milk intake can also help to cause bladder stones. In 19th-century Britain, a poor diet in infancy — and particularly a deficiency of milk — were blamed for the high incidence of such stones later in life.

In parts of Thailand, where breast-feeding is abandoned early and chewed rice is substituted for maternal milk, there is an unusually high rate of bladder stones among adults.

The risk of stones in the urinary tract is further increased in adults because of their fondness for the leaves of the local vegetables. These leaves are rich in oxalates, salts which provoke the development of stones. In other parts of the world oxalate-rich plants include rhubarb, cocoa, peppers and spinach.

In much of Asia, and also in Europe among those cultures where gout is common, urate stones outnumber those of other salts. Since allopurinol was introduced to lower uric acid levels in the blood, rampant gout is less common, and urate stones are less frequently encountered.

In Britain the majority of renal stones are formed from calcium oxalate or phosphate; when urinary tract infection has persisted for any length of time, ammonium salts are also mixed in to the calcium base.

The size of the stone is no indication of the amount of pain it will cause. A large staghorn calculus growing in an infected kidney pelvis may

cause backache and a kidney infection, but these are probably less troublesome than an Antarctic trip than a small stone which sticks in the ureter on its way from the kidney to the bladder.

**T**he pain is usually described as agonising and colicky; it is centred on the costo-vertebral angle, the area of the mid-back below the ribs, in the flanks, and on one side of the abdomen. The pain of renal colic radiates into the genitalia. There may also be pain when passing water, coupled with a frequent desire to do so. There may be blood in the urine and — if there is any secondary infection — also a temperature.

A large, fixed stone causes backache and later signs of urinary tract infection. If not treated, large stones can result in renal failure. Lithotripsy has revolutionised the treatment of kidney stones and reduced the need for surgery. There are two varieties of lithotripsy — percutaneous or

### Switching on the pain relief

**A**LMOST exactly a year ago Graeme Le Saux's football career nearly came to an untimely end.

Blackburn were playing Middlesbrough when he suffered a fracture dislocation of the right ankle — a notoriously difficult fracture to heal which is often associated with severe ligamentous damage around the joint. Le Saux had played for Chelsea before moving to Blackburn, and in 1995 was an established England player. This season, before his comeback, Blackburn were at the bottom of the Premiership.

Given the urgency of the situation, Le Saux's treatment involved the use of a modified Tens (transcutaneous electrical nerve stimulation) machine, as well as routine physiotherapy. Such a machine delivers small electrical impulses to the underlying tissues. When the standard Tens machine is modified to the Macmillan X-Pain device two electrodes are placed over the spine at the level of the first and twelfth thoracic vertebrae. The treatment has reduced Le Saux's pain to a point where he can play football; it also relaxes any spasm in his back.

He uses the machine for half an hour a day before training, or playing, and also for the half hour afterwards. Within one month of starting the regime Le Saux had started playing football again, and Blackburn have now climbed out of the relegation zone.



Graeme Le Saux's return to fitness was urgently needed

### Scent of a woman explained

**E**VERYBODY smells differently. Some people have such a finely-tuned sense of smell that they know who is in a room even when blindfolded. In a recent report in *Doctor* magazine there is a suggestion that the unpleasant smell of sweat — which is the result of bacterial action on the skin, the sweat and sebaceous glands — also secretes pheromones, scents that are sexually attractive.

Dr Alessandra Graziotin, a gynaecologist from Milan, told the International Congress on the Menopause in Sydney that research has

shown that at the menopause a woman's sense of smell becomes less receptive to male pheromones, and this is a cause of loss of libido in women of this age.

Dr Graziotin explained that even before the menopause, a woman's sense of smell varies throughout her cycle and is strongest at the time of ovulation. Women's perception of smell is more acute than men's and it now seems that this advantage not only enables them to have a finer palate, but also to be equally discriminating about their men.

## Blisters that could be fatal

**U**ntil this year Norman Reddaway, the former British Ambassador to Poland, had never had a day's illness severe enough to stop him going to work and his only brush with medicine was when, in his seventies, he fell off his motorcycle. He made an uneventful recovery.

Mr Reddaway, now 78, is justifiably proud to be still as busy as ever. He has directorships in the educational, commercial and industrial world and is tireless in his support of Anglo-Polish friendship.

He is proud, too, of his health, which is exemplified by the aspirins in his bathroom cabinet. These are so little used that they still have a price tag of 15p on the packet. He did not take any other medicines, and apart from the unfortunate incident with the motorcycle, did not need to see a doctor until early this summer when he developed pemphigus, a potentially lethal skin disease. Pemphigus is one of a group of diseases which are usually classified together as the "rarer blistering skin disorders".

In May he developed itchy, red patches on his abdomen which, when they failed to respond to Betnovate cream, were treated with steroid tablets. At the end of the month he was in Barcelona, where he sat on a hard chair through a long meeting.

After the meeting the skin of his thighs, where they had been subjected to pressure, had become swollen and blistered. He had similar problems around his neck, where his collar had been tight. The skin was itchy, but life was bearable until the Reddaways started their summer holiday cruising the fjords of Norway.

Mrs Reddaway explains how her husband's skin blis-

ters were as "large as ping-pong balls" and tended to occur where there was physical pressure. The blisters broke readily and oozed.

While in Norway he developed another skin condition, erythema multiforme. As a result of the erythema multiforme his hands and feet became red, blistered and denuded of skin so that he was unable to walk and the only answer was to be flown home to hospital in London. He was in hospital for six weeks, where one of the most distressing symptoms of the pemphigus was that each time his sheets were changed quite a lot of his skin remained on them, and he was left with a raw area.

After heavy doses of prednisolone the blisters have gone, although the skin where they were are still a bit red and itchy. But he is out and about again and is no longer in danger from what could have been a fatal disease.

His case is not entirely typical of pemphigus. It is unusual to suffer the intense itching that he experienced, although the skin of the blisters was easily rubbed away. Mr Reddaway, too, is older than most people with an initial attack.

There are similar conditions, such as pemphigoid. The difference between them is related to the position of the blisters in the various layers of skin.

The cause of these diseases is unknown but pemphigus is thought to be an auto-immune disease, one of the diseases in which the body's tissues react against themselves. All the skin diseases of this group are sometimes associated with other medical conditions so that a thorough overhaul is part of the treatment.

### Screen test to cut cancer death rate

**R**ESULTS of a ten-year study for the early detection of cancer of the colon and rectum have recently been reported in *The Lancet*.

The survey, conducted by Professor Jack Hardcastle, of Nottingham University, tested 75,000 men and women aged 50 to 75 for occult (non-visible) blood: 2 per cent of those who took part in the trial had such blood in their faeces. Of these, colonoscopy showed 40 per cent had benign tumours and 10 per cent had cancers.

Extrapolating from these figures, Professor Hardcastle estimates that with such screening the present death rate of 19,000 per year from cancer of the colon and rectum could be reduced by 15 per cent.

Some doctors feel that too many people would be unnecessarily subject to investigations, however, and that in other cases the cancer would be missed by this screening of this type.

These doctors suggest that a better plan would be to provide all of those people at increased risk, or with symptoms, to have a colonoscopy examination. Most, however, have been impressed by the results and believe that there is now a need for a national screening campaign.

This opinion has received the support of Dr Robert Kendall, the former Chief Medical Officer of Scotland, who has said that screening for these cancers by testing for occult blood, or by direct examination, must be considered urgently.

**Big enough, if you are.**



# Mind your language, Mr Blair

Magnus Linklater on why new Labour has upset the Scots

When John Major uttered his famous eight-letter expletive to describe the right-wingers in his Cabinet, his stock in the country rose enormously. "Bastards" has a satisfying ring to it. People knew what he meant and probably agreed with him. It certainly showed that he was human after all. Whether "wankers" will do the same for Tony Blair is more doubtful: indeed I'm not certain whether the Editor of *The Times* will permit its use in these columns at all. It's not really a nice word, is it? It has a sneering quality more suitable on the football terraces than on the lips of an Opposition leader.

In the interests of accuracy, however, I should report that the exact expression, made in an irritated aside during Mr Blair's trip to Scotland last weekend, was "Who are these unreconstructed wankers?" He was asking about members of the Scottish media, with whom he and his team are having a difficult time — not long ago his press aide dismissed one Scottish political correspondent as "anal retentive". The remark slipped out in an unguarded moment, after a scratchy interview with BBC Scotland. It reflected Mr Blair's frustration that in a part of the United Kingdom traditionally regarded as Labour's heartland, all is not going to plan. Several things have conspired to annoy him. A well-leaked "focus group" report of the kind that Labour so often commissions, suggested that Scots find Mr Blair smarmy and untrustworthy. There is still a jarringly layer of old Labour that obstinately refuses to be weathered away. And suspicion remains that the leader is unsound on the central plank of his party's policy in Scotland, devolution. Tory gibe about the prospect of a "tartan tax" under Labour seem to have hit home with embarrassing frequency. All these things have combined to stain the image of what should be a supremely confident party.

Mr Blair is right to be cross. The focus group in question was not representative, for most of the genuine polling evidence suggests that the average voter north of the border thinks much the same of Tony Blair as people elsewhere. They may find the smile a little too ready and the policies rather too imprecise, but he retains their massed support. A 41 per cent lead over the Conservatives, after all, is not bad going, and out on the streets of a town like Ayr, one of the few Tory-held seats in Scotland, he was greeted last week with an enthusiasm that any of his rivals would die for.

None of this, he complains, is reflected in the questions he is asked when he ventures north. Instead, reporters seem to him to be fixated on the issue of devolution, on arcane matters about two-question referendums, on constitutional details which bother ordinary people not one whit.

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Blaming the media is a sign of a party in trouble

I am connected with two investment newsletters, *Strategic Investment* in the United States and the *Fleet Street Letter* in Britain. Both have been warning for some time that Wall Street was dangerously high. Many other observers believe that too. Now Alan Greenspan, the Chairman of the Federal Reserve Board, has given the same warning. Even his authority has not stopped the market going up as before.

Through *Strategic Investment* I

I came to know Michael Belkin, who is one of the most respected American investment analysts. He now writes a regular monthly column for the *Fleet Street Letter*. His latest column argues that Wall Street is dangerously high by historic standards. "By most traditional yardsticks, the US market is exceedingly overvalued. I recently unearthed excellent dividend yield data going back to 1971 in the National Bureau of Economic Research database. The current 2 per cent dividend yield is the lowest in 125 years (the average is 4.5 per cent)."

At present the Dow Jones industrial average stands at a little below 6,500, around its all-time high. If it were to retreat to the 125-year average dividend yield, it would fall to 2,900.

Yield dividends of 4.5 per cent or higher are not remote memories.

They were the norm in the decade 1975-85, as they had been in the 15-year period between 1940 and 1955.

When Wall Street finally boils over and starts the descent into the next bear market, dividend yields will rise; it is almost inevitable that at some point they will rise to their long-term historic average.

Old Labour may be a term of abuse at party headquarters, but elsewhere it still commands affection and even respect. It may be infuriating for the party leaders to find old-style Labour officials and an unreconstructed media protecting territory which they think should by now have been ceded, but it is quite reasonable and it has to be dealt with rather than subjected to abuse.

I suggest that a peace initiative might be a better way of handling this reality over the next few months than the hurling of invective. *Cet animal est très méchant*, the French saying goes. *Quand on l'attaque, il se défend*.

One can easily calculate what these dividend yields would do to the Dow

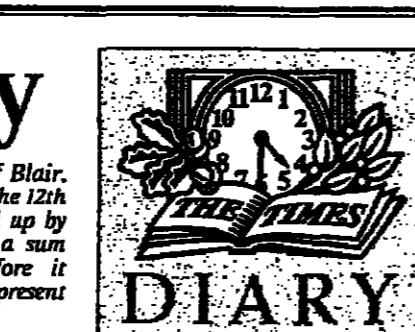


Illustration by Peter Brookes

# Happy family

CHRISTMAS CARDS from Diana, Princess of Wales, bear a picture of her children, Princes William and Harry, posing with their cousins, the Princesses Eugenie and Beatrice. The photograph was taken when the children were holidaying with their mums in France this summer.

The family picture highlights the strength of the current alliance between the Princess and the Duchess of York, two divorcees who have pulled few punches over their views on matters at Buckingham Palace. "The picture of the four children together explains itself," said the Princess's private office, flatly.

The Duke and Duchess of York have approved the use of the picture, but are unlikely to use it as their Christmas card, which has yet to go out. The duchess was in New York yesterday, negotiating a multi-million-pound deal to appear as a chat show host, and appeared in the Jay Leno show.

The Princess, on the other hand, was recovering yesterday from her flying New York visit. In the morning, she visited her acupuncturist in Camden.

• Mystery surrounds the identity

ancient Scottish barony of Blair, dating from the middle of the 12th century, has been snapped up by an anonymous buyer for a sum approaching £60,000 before it could come to auction. A present from Cheré?

AN EFFERVESCENCE of Evanses gathered on Tuesday evening at a party thrown by the

Welsh Secretary William Hague. As MPs Roger Evans (Monmouth) and Nigel Evans (Ribble Valley) were squaring up to David Evans (Welwyn Hatfield), another couple of David Evanses emerged: Evans, the candidate for Neath, and Evans the "lost deposit" candidate for Newport East.

Had the two MPs arrived with their wives, guests would surely have been in seventh Evans.

With love

BORIS YELTSIN JR, the hairy-lipped grandson of the Russian President who was told to remove his moustache to comply with school rules, has given his six bodyguards the slip at Millfield School in Somerset to find himself a girlfriend.

Young Boris, who is usually surrounded by burly former KGB

with a girl from the school swimming team. "She is jolly fit," says an envious admirer.

Boris can no longer contact his lady as readily as he might once have done. Courtship at the school has recently been conducted by mobile phone, often from classroom to classroom. "They have banned mobile phones at the school now," was a relieved parent. "It was a bit distracting during lessons."

• Willis Rushton has left behind him one of the more colourful of answerphone messages. The greeting ran: "Bollocks the butler speaking. What splendid news about mad-cow disease. That explains the last 20 years and I thought I was the one who was

barmy." The message continued: "Please leave a spring-like message after the mo ... Mooooooool!"

No flagging

QUEEN ELIZABETH the Queen Mother was in tremendous spirits at a reception at St James's Palace on Tuesday to celebrate the running of the 150th Martell Grand National next year. She spent a good hour walking about chatting to guests, and she plans another big party next week for her staff.

Strangest sight of the evening was Andrew Parker Bowles, hitching up the legs of his suit to show off his pins. "Look at them," he said to the bewilderment of onlookers. "The strongest calves in London." For stamina and fitness, however, no one came close to Her Majesty.

Wax lyrical

BARONESS FLATHER, the first Asian woman in the House of Lords, has ticked off Madame Tussaud's for its slovenly dress sense. On a recent visit with her two great nieces to the waxworks, she noticed something amiss with Indira Gandhi. "The sari is not draped properly," she pointed out, "and is of style that Mrs Gandhi would never have worn."

As a frequent visitor to the Gar-



Indira Gandhi: news star

Tussaud's has what she is talking about. Tussaud's has hauled Indira out of the exhibition and the wardrobe designer is to receive stern instruction from the baroness in the "Delhi drape". It may well be that he does not have the appropriate sari and accessories in which case I may have to take him shopping, she says.

P.H.S.

# A David yields to Goliaths

Willetts outclasses his critics, insists Bruce Anderson

David Willetts has made a short-term sacrifice which will work to his long-term advantage. When he first ran into trouble, not all his Tory colleagues were upset. He was not universally liked then, but his subsequent behaviour has won him popularity and respect.

Mr Willetts is an able fellow with an outstanding academic record. Briefly a Treasury civil servant, he was Nigel Lawson's private secretary when Lawson was Financial Secretary to the Treasury. Mr Willetts went on to the No 10 policy unit and then successfully ran the Centre for Policy Studies before being selected for a safe seat. Four years after reaching the Commons, he was the first of his intake to become a minister of state.

It was a rapid and impressive rise, and as such it attracted envy. When Mr Willetts arrived at the Centre for Policy Studies some of the board members obviously thought that they had hired a bright young researcher who would move away in a back room. Instead, he started attracting the personal publicity which helped to launch him into Parliament. This aroused resentment, and Peregrine Worsthorne has run an eccentric campaign against Mr Willetts in *The Sunday Telegraph*.

Promotion to minister led to a further outbreak of jealousy. Some said he was a naive intellectual with no experience of real politics or understanding of real people. He was also accused of being too pleased with himself. The second charge was unfair. For such a bright chap Mr Willetts has a surprisingly equable temperament. He also has a happy home life; his wife Sarah is a promising painter. Life has been kind to him, and when he is enjoying himself it shows — but he likes others to enjoy themselves too.

There was some substance in the accusations of political naivety. That is why he was made a government whip; it was felt that he needed to further his political education by exposure to the rougher aspects of the trade. But his stint in the whips' office was never meant to be more than an interlude. His strengths lie in helping the Tories to formulate and win intellectual arguments.

None of this satisfied his detractors, so when they heard that he was up before the beak, a number of Tory MPs relished the thought. His performance in front of the Standards and Privileges Committee persuaded most of them that they were wrong. He was at once respectful and tenacious, staying calm even when his questions became heated, taking the proceedings seriously long after they had ceased to be so.

The charges arose from a scribbled whips' office memo, which in any previous Parliament would have been regarded as a private paper. Mr Willetts readily concedes that it was a poor example of a whips' office note, in that it contained too much about what he thought and too little about what others had said. It has now been subjected to the sort of textual analysis that could be justified only for a passage from the Bible or Shakespeare.

The committee's criticisms hinged on the word "want" in the phrase "wants advice". Did Mr Willetts mean want as in needs, or wants as in seeks? As a whip, Mr Willetts must have written hundreds of such notes; why on earth should he be expected to remember what he meant?

The committee's performance was unworthy of Parliament. Ann Taylor was intent on party advantage, while Dale Campbell-Savours, as usual, was in the grip of his own obsessions. Quentin Davies, a clever man without a government job, could hardly bear to be in the same room as a clever man with a job. Mr Davies was once fined £1,500 because his sheep had been left to starve; he blamed the shepherd. Even so, he was responsible for a graver error of judgment than Mr Willetts. But Mr Davies has never been known for his sense of proportion.

Among the committee's other members was Ernie Ross. No one could accuse him of radiating joie de vivre. A leading member of the Tam McGivern wing of the Scottish Labour Party, Mr Ross was barely capable of asking an intelligible question.

Tony Newton, the chairman, was intent on producing a unanimous report to preserve his committee's reputation. That was an error of judgment: there was none worth preserving. A committee that leaks and is driven by partisan considerations is incapable of acting in a quasi-judicial role.

David Willetts might have fought back, but in the present jaundiced mood, it would have been unwise. Resigning should not only help to expose the unjust verdict against him, but should confirm the good impression among his colleagues of coolness under fire. His career will prosper, which is more than the committee deserves to do. It exists to uphold the integrity of Parliament, but it has violated the very standards it ought to have upheld. Its report is not only a breach of the privilege of fair hearing, but a contempt of Parliament.

The author is political columnist for *The Sunday Telegraph*.



## THE DECENT THING

Willets was right to resign rather than resist

In the end it was more Jeffrey Archer than Jane Austen. Having initially indicated that he would resist calls for his departure, apologise with all due contrition and place himself at the mercy of his parliamentary colleagues, David Willets instead chose resignation. His swift decision produced a drama at Westminster and an embarrassing loss for John Major's Government.

It is difficult not to feel some sympathy for Mr Willets. A politician of intelligence and ability, he has been brought to book less for what he actually did — which few in Westminster would claim was novel or even especially outrageous — than that public light fell upon the usually invisible world of the Whips' Office. Conservative back-benchers, indeed some Labour members, felt that others had stayed in office despite perhaps more serious malpractice. Mr Willets has, to some extent, paid the price of the reluctance of others under John Major to surrender their red boxes with due decorum.

On that basis the Paymaster General might have mustered some sort of defence. A man who claims to use the word 'want' in the Jane Austen sense could, in his defence, have entered a lively linguistic debate on the best meaning of the term "dissemble". However, Mr Willets rightly recognised that the report cast serious doubt upon his account of the note he produced immediately after his conversation with Sir Geoffrey Johnson-Smith. Although party and parliamentary managers wanted him to fight his corner and remain in office, no minister of the Crown could comfortably continue while his reputation was in dispute. Mr Willets deserves credit for recognising that and leaving with grace and speed.

Much attention will focus on the role of Quentin Davies MP. His brutal cross-examination of Mr Willets astonished fellow Tories. The widespread, possibly unfairly cynical, assumption has been to make malice his motivation. That may have

some truth, but is not the explanation for the chain of events that followed. The whole committee felt that it could not accept much of the memorandum submitted by Mr Willets and that he had "substantially aggravated the original offence". Those sentences proved fatal.

The treatment of Mr Willets was the opening test for the Committee on Standards and Privileges. It was created in the aftermath of the Nolan report to reinforce public confidence in the House of Commons. The forceful tone adopted in this document, and the strenuous efforts made to reach unanimous agreement on its contents, suggest that the committee is serious about treating its remit with respect and is capable of acting above partisanship. Had divergent majority and minority reports been issued, along simple party lines, few would have had any faith in the new arrangements.

It is good that the Nolan arrangements have not yet failed. It is not yet proven that they have succeeded. In many respects the Willets affair was straightforward. The case involved one piece of paper, consisting of rather explicit text whose authenticity was not in dispute. The only room for argument concerned its interpretation and even that as Mr Willets' obvious discomfort in public testimony displayed, was limited. Few future cases will be that simple. The whole Hamilton episode that will now consume the committee is a much greater challenge. The accusations there are much more complex and their substance is far more serious.

If the Committee on Standards and Privileges can produce a bipartisan assessment and similarly coherent conclusion, in these circumstances then it will be entitled to significant credit. The strange affair of Mr Willets suggest that is at least possible. It is also essential if Lord Nolan is not to be recalled to recommend far more radical remedial measures.

## SITTING ON THEIR ARMOURY

The prospects for peace are bleaker than ever

Hope springs eternal in the battered breast of John Hume. Later today the SDLP leader should meet Gerry Adams in an effort to secure another IRA ceasefire. There is something of William Dobbin in Mr Hume's wooing of the republicans in defiance of all evidence of their integrity. Sinn Fein's chief negotiator, Martin McGuinness, has dismissed prospects of an IRA ceasefire as "virtually non-existent". His words were bleak confirmation of what security sources had already detected. Two weeks ago the RUC discovered 2,400 lbs of explosive hidden in the Armagh countryside. Earlier this week, the Garda reported IRA military activity on the border at a pitch not seen since the August 1994 ceasefire. Far from enjoying peace this Christmas, Ulster seems likely to be facing a difficult new year.

Republican apologists argue that the IRA has no choice but war because Sinn Fein has been denied the right to attend talks on Northern Ireland's future on the same terms as other parties. But Sinn Fein has been asking for a privileged place at the talks table — sitting pretty on its armoury. Sinn Fein would not call the complete ceasefire that might have won it a place in negotiations unless it could be certain the IRA retained not just its weaponry, but its full fighting capacity. If Sinn Fein were forced to compete on the same basis as other political groups it would command barely more attention than the Alliance Party. It is the quality of the IRA's artillery, not Sinn Fein's analysis, that concentrates minds.

No one appreciates that fact more than the men of the IRA's Army Council. During the last ceasefire they trained, targeted enemies, recruited and resupplied their forces. New bomb factories were established in London

after the IRA had proclaimed a "complete cessation of violence". Even as the British Government prepared to relax its position on the decommissioning of paramilitary weapons, the IRA was developing new mortars and the republican leader Brian Keenan was assuring supporters that the only decommissioning they would see was that of the British State in Ireland".

Having been duped once by republican intentions the British Government was wise to insist that it be assured of the sincerity of any new ceasefire before admitting Sinn Fein to talks. The Irish Prime Minister, John Bruton, can direct no criticism of substance at Britain's position. Even Nancy Soderberg, President Clinton's deputy assistant for National Security, who has given Gerry Adams the benefit of past doubts, has endorsed current British caution.

The Northern Ireland Secretary has been criticised this week for having to plunder his housing and education budgets to spend more on security. Sir Patrick Mayhew would undoubtedly prefer to cut his cake differently, but he is left with no option. The nature of current IRA activity suggests that attacks on Government targets in Northern Ireland are imminent. Although the security forces have severely disrupted IRA operations on the British mainland, it is also possible that republicans will strike at significant targets outside Ulster. One who is familiar with this scenario can call it normal — let alone strikingly normal.

However, I salute all parents who cope with the prospect of many years

## Prospects for UK in or out of EMU

From Mrs Gillian Bardinet

Sir, It is ironic that the patience of the Tory party should have run out at the precise moment when the EMU debate has begun in earnest here in France.

Three weeks ago former President Giscard d'Estaing, himself father of the original euro, called into question the franc/mark parity, and minds have further been focused by concern over the precise meaning of the stability pact. On December 5 *Figaro Economique* reported that the European Finance Minister, Alain Lamassoure, had said on the previous day:

We want a rigorous scheme but ... one which would acknowledge the need for sovereignty and recognise that budgetary and fiscal policy must remain within the domain of national parliaments. We must speak to our parliaments before speaking to our partners.

The French newspapers are full of articles by economists and academics questioning the advisability of rushing headlong into EMU when the deflationary results of European monetary policy have become clear to all.

As a few months ago in Britain, talk of the gold standard is making a comeback, linked here of course to the name of Charles de Gaulle. More interestingly, there is serious re-examination of the common currency or hard euro linked, in this case, to the name of the newly respected John Major.

It may no longer be unrealistic to

see the advent of a European currency as a national corollary of European stability and prosperity, based on the best elements of the British example.

Yours sincerely,

GILLIAN BARDINET  
(Maitre de Conférences),  
Institute of Political Studies,  
27 Rue St Guillaume, Paris.  
December 3.

From Mr Gavin Drake

Sir, In his Budget speech (reports, November 27) Kenneth Clarke said that Britain would meet the Maastricht criteria for entry into a European single currency in 1997. He said: Our option whether to join or stay out of a single currency, based on British national interest, remains a genuine choice for the next Parliament to exercise, when the time comes.

This complements the Prime Minister's intention to "wait and see" and to "rule nothing out" as far as monetary union is concerned.

This all sounds very good, but, according to some EU members' interpretation, unless Britain rejoins the exchange-rate mechanism by the end of this month, then we will not be able to join EMU with the first wave on January 1, 1999.

If the Government really intends to wait and see, to rule nothing out, then it must take us into the exchange-rate mechanism without delay. Otherwise it will be ruling out monetary union and preventing the decision being taken later, at least as far as the first wave is concerned.

Yours sincerely,  
GAVIN DRAKE,  
32 Catherston, Telford, Shropshire.  
December 10.

From Mr Derek Sawyer

Sir, It is of William Rees-Mogg to assert that "Almost all the relevant facts are known already" regarding a decision to join the single currency (article, December 9).

On the same day your Industrial Editor reports (Business News) the Director-General of the CBI as insisting that the pro-EMU and anti-EMU arguments remain complex and balanced. At the end of the same piece, Lloyds Bank is reported as saying that there is widespread fear and confusion among small businesses about the effects of a single European currency and, according to the managing director of business banking at Lloyds TSB, many small firms "do not fully understand the practical implications of a single currency ... whether the UK joins or not".

What is needed is clear statements on the pros and cons of what Rees-Mogg rightly calls "the biggest economic decision since Britain joined the Common Market". The public deserves facts, not sound-bites from our politicians of whatever party.

Yours faithfully,  
DEREK SAWYER,  
155 Westfolds,  
St Albans, Hertfordshire.  
December 10.

From Mr Hywel James

Sir, Anyone who has found the season's weather depressing will have been plunged into further gloom by Robert Scheuinger's suggested briefing note on Britain and Europe for a US President elected in 2004 (article, December 5).

The idea that the Tories will still be in power, let alone the thought of a Pörrillo premiership, was dreadful when I was just beginning to contemplate Christmas and a bit of good cheer.

Euphoria of this intensity demands a helpline. Perhaps Esther Rantzen could take up the idea.

Yours etc,

HYWEL JAMES,  
Spencer House, Coleford, Devon.  
December 5.

Letters should carry a daytime telephone number. They may be faxed to 0171-782-5046.

## LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

1 Pennington Street, London E1 9XN Telephone 0171-782 5000

### Surgeons advertising to bypass GPs

From Mr Harvey White, FRCS

Sir, While agreeing with the Chairman of the Patients Association (letter, December 4) that it is important to know about the basis of medical referrals and their outcomes, *The Medical Directory* (with the approval of the General Medical Council) appears to be approaching the problem in the wrong way.

It is inviting surgical specialists to declare for publication the number of procedures carried out. This is both dangerous and misleading without audit or peer review. Like Sir Rodney Sweetman (letter, November 26; see also letter, December 10), I believe that general practitioners should continue to be the independent regulators of the flow of patients.

In the private sector, an additional problem arises from the major insurers setting themselves up as both the purchasers and providers of healthcare. They insure the patients, and effectively attempt to hire the surgeons by drawing up lists of preferred practitioners for the hospitals which they own (or in which they have a large financial interest), making no allowance for where they practise or for their experience. This is in my view a dangerous restrictive practice.

While accepting that changes must take place, I feel that manipulative insurance companies and the introduction of advertising will, in the long term, work to the disadvantage of patients and to the detriment of the profession.

Yours faithfully,

HARVEY WHITE,  
149 Harley Street, W1.  
December 6.

From Dr Trevor Vaughan

Sir, As a consulting chartered psychologist, I often get clients who come to me with sexual or psychiatric problems which lie outside the field of counselling and require specialist treatment. In theory they should go to their GP and be referred to appropriate specialists but they avoid this because they know that their case will be recorded in GP notes, and may prejudice later applications for insurance or certain classes of occupation. So they try to find specialist help directly and, failing, ask me to help them.

How many unknown cases like this deteriorate for want of early diagnosis and treatment? And would it not be far better if such people could seek specialist help directly — and directly?

Yours faithfully,  
TREVOR VAUGHAN,  
10 Beechwood Avenue,  
Little Chalfont, Buckinghamshire.  
December 5.

of caring for their DS son or daughter.

Yours faithfully,

ALAN CHALLONER,  
13 The Village,  
Bodelwyddan, Denbighshire.

From Miss Hilary Lloyd

Sir, I am a carer who looks after a very severely disabled young woman of 26. She was born with cerebral palsy and is blind with no speech. She has no voluntary movement and is totally dependent on those who support her.

Until she was 19 she had ample help with her education, health care and general wellbeing but when she became an adult it was a different story. As her disabilities became harder to manage, so the facilities available to her diminished. Services for disabled adults are totally inadequate.

Parents of children with disabilities face a very bleak future unless the disabilities are mild enough to allow reasonable independence. Modern medicines may mean children with severe disabilities live into adulthood, but resources are not necessarily available to support them. In fighting for a better deal for children we must not forget their long-term prospects.

Yours faithfully,  
HILARY LLOYD,  
9 Winsley Road,  
Northern Moor, Manchester.

stands will defeat the whole purpose of what has been achieved to date.

One of the first principles of good design of buildings is to have regard to the space between them, as much as to the buildings themselves. This scheme offends against that principle, and as a result one of the most precious aspects of Lord's will be lost.

It cannot be beyond the skill and imagination of the engineers, etc, to locate the necessary electronic equipment in another building (eg, in the new Grandstand) or to use part of the Pavilion itself for such purposes.

The special general meeting which, together with a postal ballot, will decide this issue is to be held on December 16. Members should reject the proposal.

Yours faithfully,  
DAVID GRANT,  
13 King's Bench Walk,  
Temple, EC4.  
December 5.

From Mr Ted Hailstone

Sir, Who cares if Douglas Bader shot down four enemy aircraft or 40, the fact that he was there is good enough for me.

Yours faithfully,  
TED HAILSTONE,  
Shelly Farm Cottages, Shelly Lane,  
Monkspath, Solihull, West Midlands.  
November 10.

### Inspiring example of Douglas Bader

From Lady Dundas

Sir, I have watched the last two programmes in the Channel 4 series *Secret Lives* with dismay. In each case the producers have concentrated on comparatively unimportant facets of the lives of Lord Beaverbrook and Sir Douglas Bader (report, December 9; television review, December 10) thereby creating a negative and misleading impression of their characters.

It so happened that both these men had a profound influence on my late husband, Hugh Dundas.

Firstly, he flew with Bader from September 1940 until August 8, 1941, when Bader was brought down over France. After their first meeting my husband wrote: "He showed me quite clearly by his example the way in which a man should behave in time of war" and: "Here was a man made in the mould of Francis Drake — a man who to be followed, a man who would win."

My husband was aged 20 at the time, had been shot down a month before and "viewed the prospect of combat with real inner fear". Bader's leadership and courage enabled him to continue flying Spitfires in action until the end of the war in Europe, and Bader remained a great and true friend until his death.

Secondly, after the war my husband worked for 13 years for Express Newspapers. At one time, as leader writer on *The Daily Express*, he was in almost daily contact with Lord Beaverbrook on the telephone. My husband admired him enormously and, despite disagreeing with him and leaving Express Newspapers in the late Sixties, he remained a staunch supporter of a great newspaperman and was proud to have worked for him.

Everyone has faults, no one is perfect, but it seems that the denigration of great men is a symptom of the sickness of our times.

Yours faithfully,

ROSAMOND DUNDAS,  
55 Ivernia Court, W8.  
December 10.

From General Sir Robert Ford

Sir, On one of my visits to the wounded in Musgrave Park Hospital, Belfast, in 1972 when I was Commander, Land Forces Northern Ireland, I went to see a young Guardsman who had lost the greater part of both legs as a result of IRA actions.

It was my custom never to enter wards if relatives or close friends were in attendance. But on this occasion I was misinformed and found his parents with him. I withdrew immediately, but when I consulted the medical staff who were looking after him, I was made aware that this tragic young man urgently needed more than medical assistance if he was to overcome the trauma of his condition.

That evening I decided to write to Douglas Bader, whom I had never met at that time, asking him if he could find time to send the Guardsman a letter of encouragement.

Some two weeks later, having had no response, I went to see the soldier again. He told me that one afternoon about ten days previously, Bader had suddenly walked into the ward and spent more than an hour with him. I later discovered that not only was no one at the hospital aware of this impending visit, but that he had flown over unannounced in the morning, returning in the afternoon.

The medical team all agreed that in that one hour, Douglas Bader had transformed that young man's morale and outlook and given him real hope and inspiration.

Yours faithfully,  
ROBERT FORD,  
c/o The Army Benevolent Fund,  
41 Queen's Gate, SW7.  
December 10.

From Mr D. P. Hannon

Sir, I am sure that Simon Jenkins appreciates that the process, which he calls "undemocratic" ("Whipped and scorned", December 4), by which Sir Nicholas Scott ceased to be a prospective parliamentary candidate was more or less the same as that which made him one in the first place?

Yours faithfully  
D. P. HANNON,  
Breakers, Atlantic Terrace,  
New Polzeath, Wadebridge, Cornwall

### Value for money?

From Mr Jack Aspinall

Sir, It may indeed be that tens of thousands of people poured into the Metro Centre near Gateshead when it opened on Sunday and spent an average of £125 compared with last year's £110 (report, December 9), but did they get any more for their money?





## NEWS

## Willets resigns over sleaze

■ The sleaze row that has dogged John Major for three years claimed another victim yesterday as David Willets, the Paymaster General, resigned over his part in the cash-for-questions affair.

Mr Willets, regarded as one of the brightest talents in the Government, "did the honourable thing" within minutes of the publication of a damning all-party report that went close to accusing him of lying to a committee of MPs. **Pages 1, 2, 21**

## Drivers 'should foot victims' bills'

■ Drivers should pay for the hospital treatment of their injured accident victims, the Law Commission, the Government's law reform body, said. Its proposals for the National Health Service to recoup treatment costs would send motorists' insurance premiums rocketing. **Page 1**

## Reindeer at risk

Herdsman in Chukotsky, one of Russia's most remote regions, were struggling against the elements to save up to 30,000 reindeer from starving to death because of icy conditions. **Page 1**

## Roman relic found

The carved head of a cavalryman who fought in the Roman conquest of Britain has been found and will be reunited with the rest of his tombstone in a Colchester museum. **Page 3**

## Gridlock warning

The eight-hour traffic jam which brought the City of London and the East End to a standstill on Tuesday night was only a taste of things to come, motoring organisations said. **Page 21**

## Bombing verdicts

Two young Palestinians were convicted at the Old Bailey of plotting the bombing of the Israeli embassy and a Jewish charity two years ago. **Page 7**

## Curbs on knives

Dealers in combat knives face up to two years' jail under proposals being introduced by a Labour MP to curb possession of the weapons on the streets. **Page 3**

## No 10 web site

John Major opened Britain's best-known front door to Internet surfers by launching the 10 Downing Street web site, but he will not accept e-mail. **Page 10**

## Onward Christian drivers

■ Christian motorists tempted by aggression on the roads have been given their own highway code and special hymns to help them to turn the other cheek as ruder drivers roar by on the other side. The Christian Road Safety Association disclosed its ten commandments for peace on the roads, urging travellers to begin and end every journey with prayer. **Page 5**



Arthur Scargill, left, has a word with Ken Capstick, Socialist Labour Party candidate in today's Barnsley E by-election. **Page 12**

## BUSINESS

**Shell**: The oil giant plans to invest more than \$10 billion in producing oil in the Gulf of Mexico over the next four years. **Page 25**

**Football**: Newcastle will play Monaco in the quarter-finals of the UEFA Cup, while Liverpool face Braga, Bergen of Norway in the Cup Winners' Cup. **Page 48**

**John Bryant**: Road races could be forced off the streets and into stadiums and parks under directives issued by the police to event organisers. **Page 46**

**Boxing**: Riddick Bowe has shed nearly three stone in his attempt to regain his place among the best heavyweights in the world with victory over Andrew Golota in Atlantic City. **Page 42**

**Fine Fine**: Matthew Francis brings *The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn* thrillingly to life in his stage production at Greenwich with complete with raft effects. **Page 35**



**Cricket**: Darren Gough took five wickets as England enjoyed the best day of their tour of Zimbabwe, reducing Matabeleland to 181 for nine in Bulawayo. **Page 48**

**Football**: Newcastle will play Monaco in the quarter-finals of the UEFA Cup, while Liverpool face Braga, Bergen of Norway in the Cup Winners' Cup. **Page 48**

**Desirable discs**: From Anne-Sophie Mutter playing the Sibelius Violin Concerto to Joan Sutherland remastered: *Times* critics' classical records of the year. **Page 34**

**Spend, spend, spend**: The extravagance of La Scala's production of *Glock's Armide* would make British companies' eyes water – but it has little artistic effect. **Page 35**

**Fine Fine**: Matthew Francis brings *The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn* thrillingly to life in his stage production at Greenwich with complete with raft effects. **Page 35**

**Spot the dog**: Glenn Close looks stunning in black-and-white, the dogs are photogenic and London is pretty in the snow – but the live-action *101 Dalmatians* isn't a patch on the cartoon. **Page 33**

**Hounded**: A sweet-natured spotted dog is irresistible. But, says Valerie Grove, owning a dalmatian is a heavy commitment. **Page 19**

**The long march**: Dr Thomas Staniford on the stones that have become another obstacle for Sir Ranulph Fiennes on his solo march in Antarctica. **Page 18**

**Cancer study**: How to cut the death rate from cancer of the colon and rectum by 15 per cent. **Page 18**

**MAGNUS LINKLATER**

Blaming the media as Labour is doing in Scotland is usually a sign of a party in trouble – but there is no reason why Labour should be in trouble with such a huge lead. If quarks are being picked at this stage, when everything is flowing nicely, what might happen when the going gets rough? **Page 20**

**No smoking**: As hotels and restaurants increasingly respond to public pressure for smoking bans, a leading insurer says it will reject claims from drunk Christmas holidaymakers. **Page 38**

**Wild times**: Whatever your wish for an exotic holiday, you should find something to satisfy you in the latest brochures. **Page 38**

**Willie Rushton**, cartoonist, writer and performer; Sir Bryan Roberts, former Attorney-General and Cabinet Secretary in Malawi; The Earl of Sandes, sportsman. **Page 23**

**European views on EMU**: surgical specialists advertising for trade; heroic legacy of Douglas Bader; caring for handicapped children; Lord's media centre; Labour's policy on the Falklands; Sir Nicholas Scott. **Page 21**

## IN THE TIMES

## EDUCATION

Are Christian nativity

plays in schools

outdated in a society

with so many religions?

## POP

Paul Sexton interviews

Art Garfunkel to find out

why he took 12 years to

walk across America

## AROUND THE WORLD

**London**: England and Wales will be generally dull. Many places will be misty with drizzle and in parts of the Midlands and south-east England, fog may not clear during the day. Bright intervals are likely in sheltered parts of west Wales.

**Scotland and Northern Ireland**: will be mainly dry at first. Cloud and rain over northern Scotland will spread south to all parts during the day, with sheet in places and snow over mountains.

**NE Scotland, NW Scotland, Orkney, Shetland**: overcast with rain or sleet. Becoming brighter with wintry showers. Wind freshening from northwest. Max 5C (43F).

**E England, SW England, S Wales, N Wales, NW England**: mostly cloudy, patchy drizzle.

**Outlook for Friday and Saturday**: colder clearer conditions spreading south to all parts.

## AROUND THE WORLD

24 hrs to 5pm: bright, c=cloud; d=drizzle; ds=drust storm; dr=dust; f=fog; g=gale; h=hail; s=snow; sh=snow shower; sn=sleet; t=tower; w=wind; wint=wintry

Sun: Rain in C, M: Rain in C, N: Rain in C, W: Rain in C

Aberdeen: - x - 41 d

Angus: - x - 41 d

Argyll: - x - 41 d

Aviemore: - 0.01 3 57 c

Banff: - 0.01 3 57 c

Bath: - 0.01 3 57 c

Birmingham: - 0.01 3 57 c

Bognor Regis: - 0.01 3 57 c

Bournemouth: - 0.01 3 57 c

Bristol: - 0.01 3 57 c

Cardiff: - 0.01 3 57 c

Clairefontaine: - 0.01 3 57 c

Cleethorpes: - 0.01 3 57 c

Clydebank: - 0.01 3 57 c

Dundee: - 0.01 3 57 c

Edinburgh: - 0.01 3 57 c

Falkirk: - 0.01 3 57 c

Glasgow: - 0.01 3 57 c

Guildford: - 0.01 3 57 c

Hastings: - 0.01 3 57 c

Haverfordwest: - 0.01 3 57 c

Hawick: - 0.01 3 57 c

Hove: - 0.01 3 57 c

Huntingdon: - 0.01 3 57 c

Isle of Man: - 0.01 3 57 c

Jersey: - 0.01 3 57 c

Leeds: - 0.01 3 57 c

Liverpool: - 0.01 3 57 c

London: - 0.01 3 57 c

Nottingham: - 0.01 3 57 c

# THE TIMES



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TODAY

## ARTS

101 Dalmatians adds up to a bit of a dog's breakfast  
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## TRAVEL

Adventure holiday specialists widen their horizons  
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## SPORT

Mansell's driving instincts survive early test of time  
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AND  
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BUSINESS EDITOR Lindsay Cook

THURSDAY DECEMBER 12 1996

## Shell to invest \$10bn in Mexican gulf

FROM CARL MORTISHED IN NEW ORLEANS

**SHELL** OIL is planning to invest up to \$10 billion over the next four years in deep-water oil production in the Gulf of Mexico.

The US subsidiary of the Anglo-Dutch oil company has more than eight undisclosed projects in preparation that are aimed at achieving a rapid build-up in oil production over the four-year period.

Shell Oil is the largest leaseholder in water depth beyond 15,000 feet in the Gulf of Mexico, and owns more than 20 per cent of the total acreage. It also accounts for half of the developments now in progress.

Shell estimates that by 2001, oil and gas production from deep-water wells in the Gulf of Mexico will equal its current annual production of between 250 million and 300 million barrels.

The ambitious investment programme for the Gulf of Mexico marks a major turnaround for the US subsidiary, which was in financial difficulties in 1992, and in the throes of a massive redundancy programme.

However, record-breaking successes in deep-water exploration encouraged Shell to raise its investment and the company now faces cash

shortages. Shell's Auger and Mars developments both achieved record water depths approaching 3,000 feet. Flow rates vastly exceeded the initial targets with Mars expected to reach 100,000 barrels per day next year.

Auger and Mars have each cost Shell more than \$1 billion to develop but Jere Brew, planning and finance manager, insists that the development costs are being trimmed. Some \$200 million was shaved from the initial Mars platform budget.

A reduction in the time cycle of development will also improve cash returns — from wildcat, full production took 10 years to achieve at Auger. Shell now expects the same project to be achieved in three to four years.

Shell's success in the Gulf of Mexico's deep water has been a magnet to rival oil companies seeking to exploit vast reserves, estimated to be 15 billion barrels, with the added attraction of the United States's favourable tax regime. Technological advances have enabled companies to drill and produce oil at unprecedented depths.

Both Auger and Mars were developed with tension-leg platforms. These are floating platforms tied to the seabed with mooring lines and flexible steel pipes.

Next year, Shell expects to raise the ante with a water depth production record of 5,300 feet. The Mensa field will be developed in a sub sea-production system operated by remote control from a platform 68 miles from underwater wellheads.

The increase in activity in the Gulf poses a threat for oil companies jealously guarding vital know-how. According to Mr Brew, there is a shortage of qualified staff. "There is a lot of fighting for resources. Companies are trying to get our people," he said.

Oil prices fell below \$23 a barrel in London yesterday as Iraq began exporting crude to Turkey for the first time in six years. Benchmark Brent crude for delivery in January was at \$22.86 a barrel, down 43 cents.

Iraq is pumping oil through the pipeline at a rate of 350,000 barrels per day and next week will increase the flow to 440,000 barrels per day.

The latest fall was prompted partly by concern that Japanese investors may become less enthusiastic buyers of US assets. There were also rumours that IBM might issue a profit warning, but the company denied that it planned a statement.

The general air of ner-

WALL STREET dives

but base rate

protects London

BY JANET BUSH, ECONOMICS CORRESPONDENT

WALL STREET was struck by another bout of jitters yesterday and dragged down other markets in its wake. However losses in London were limited because UK base rates seem to have been left on hold for the time being.

In early afternoon trading in New York, the Dow Jones industrial average was more than 100 points lower. The benchmark 30-year Treasury bond was down by more than a full percentage point, boosting its yield to 6.59 per cent from 6.49 per cent on Tuesday. The dollar dropped to DM1.5530 from DM1.5530 on Tuesday.

The sudden loss of confidence marked another stage in Wall Street's nervous reaction to last week's warnings by Alan Greenspan, Chairman of the US Federal Reserve, about irrational market exuberance.

The latest fall was prompted partly by concern that Japanese investors may become less enthusiastic buyers of US assets. There were also rumours that IBM might issue a profit warning, but the company denied that it planned a statement.

The general air of ner-

vousness also hit the London market but losses were not dramatic. At one point, the FT-SE 100 index fell more than 70 points but it rallied somewhat to finish the day 52 points lower at 3,982.5.

After yesterday's monetary meeting between Kenneth Clarke, the Chancellor, and Eddie George, Governor of the Bank of England, the Bank twice dealt in the money markets at unchanged interest rates.

Mr George said in a speech in November that the Bank would normally signal a rate change on the next occasion it dealt in the markets after a monetary meeting, unless there was a "wholly overwhelming reason for delay".

London markets are now focussed on today's retail price figures, which the Bank and Treasury would have had sight of yesterday.

In America, the latest figures showed that US producer price inflation remains subdued, with core producer prices rising only 0.1 per cent in November.

William Rees-Mogg, page 20  
Pennington, page 27

Heron heralds £1bn investment

BY JASON NISSE

HERON, the property group run by Gerald Ronson, is to buy a landmark building in London and develop a chain of multiplex cinemas in Spain as part of a massive investment in property which could see the group spending up to £1 billion.

Heron was rescued from collapse in 1993 by a £142 million cash injection from a group of US-based investors including Rupert Murdoch, chairman and chief executive of The News Corporation, the ultimate owner of *The Times*. Yesterday Heron said it was spending £100 million buying

two office buildings in central London and redeveloping two buildings in Spain.

A spokesman for the company said this was the first of many transactions for Heron.

"We are not constrained by our balance sheet, our investors are clear in their backing," she said. "There is not a transaction that could be described as too big."

The first of the deals is due to be announced in the new year, being the purchase of a "landmark commercial building" in London. This is expected to be followed by a joint venture to develop a chain of

multiplex cinemas in Spain, probably with a US group.

Heron is also looking at the purchase of some other property companies. The focus of its investments will be in the UK, Spain and France.

Heron has about £100 million net cash, making up about half its net assets. The deal with the US investors gave them 80 per cent of the group. Mr Ronson and his long-time partner, Alan Goldsmith, have options over 11 per cent of the company that can be exercised in two years' time.

Pennington, page 27



Ronson: two-year options

## Ordnance Survey sues AA over maps

BY JON ASHWORTH

THE Automobile Association (AA) has fallen out spectacularly with Ordnance Survey, the government mapping agency, in a move that could force the destruction of thousands of AA maps.

The agency is suing the AA for alleged breach of copyright. It is seeking an injunction over the AA's use of its material, together with

unspecified damages and the "forfeiture or destruction" of maps, drawings and artwork.

The AA has 14 days to respond to the action, outlined in a writ lodged at the High Court. The dispute is embarrassing, given the long-standing collaboration between the parties, which published guides under their joint name.

The agency, says Peter Johnson, AA's managing director, has admitted to using unlicensed material in relation to

50 AA town maps. The admissions were allegedly contained in two letters to David Rhind, the agency's director general and chief executive. The action refers to the AA Road Atlas, individual AA maps and Thomson Local maps, which the AA produces.

Ordnance Survey issued a statement yesterday, saying: "The AA has admitted that some 50 of its unlicensed town maps are, in fact, derived from Crown Copyright material. However,

Ordnance Survey does not accept that this is the extent of the infringement and feels that it has been left with no choice other than to commence proceedings against the AA."

The AA said it was "very surprised" at the action. It had been entirely open about any "mistakes" that might have been made, and added: "Clearly, if there are any dues due to the Ordnance Survey, there's no question that any royalties will be paid."



Crossland saw profits 46 per cent up and said he had £250 million to buy abroad

## DTI seeks ban on Team Lotus five

BY JON ASHWORTH

THE Department of Trade and Industry (DTI) has started disqualification proceedings against five former directors of Team Lotus, the Formula One racing team that failed two years ago.

Peter Hall, chairman of Industrial Control Services (ICS), the controls group, is among those named in the

proceedings. Mr Hall was a non-executive director of Team Lotus, which went into administration in September 1994. The company is not connected with Group Lotus, the sports car manufacturer.

The Team Lotus assets were sold to David Hunt, who hopes to bring the Lotus name back to the grand prix circuit. Mr Hunt, brother of the late James Hunt, said: "We put everything into a new company. We're taking it back to a clean sheet of paper."

The DTI is seeking to disqualify four other former Team Lotus directors: Peter Collins, James McDougall, Peter Wright and Alan Curtis. No date has yet been fixed for an initial hearing. Mr Hall was not available yesterday, but ICS issued a statement saying he would defend the action vigorously. He has the full support of the ICS board.

Documents lodged at Companies House show Team Lotus, now renamed TLL Realisations Ltd, was in deepening trouble in the years leading up to the collapse. Pre-tax losses rose from £2.2 million to £4.9 million in the year to November 1992 — the last period in which accounts were filed.

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## British Coal sells help unit

British Coal's help facility for new businesses starting in coalfield areas hit by job losses was yesterday sold for about £20 million.

British Coal Enterprise gave workspace to foster job creation to new and growing businesses on terms that did not demand long-term commitment. British Coal estimates that the scheme helped to create 130,000 job opportunities.

The operation was bought by Birkby, the specialist property company. It will double Birkby's portfolio of workspace sites for small and medium-sized businesses to 100, enabling it to cater for about 2,000 businesses.

### BT agrees new rates

Orange and One-2-One, the mobile phone companies, stand to increase their revenues substantially after reaching tentative agreements with British Telecom to collect higher interconnection charges.

Starting in February, BT will pay about 17.5p a minute, excluding VAT, to complete calls on the two companies' networks during peak times. The previous rate was only 7.5p a minute. The payments for evening calls will more than double to 12p, while weekend call payments stay roughly the same at 5p. The increased payments will mean higher bills for BT customers calling Orange or One-2-One phones.

### Soccer floats

Southampton Football Club's £10.1 million stock market flotation will take place via a reverse takeover by Secure Retirement, a property development group (Business News, December 11) in January. The flotation of Sunderland Football Club will take place later this month. There is a minimum subscription of 100 shares at 58p each. The club will be valued at £48 million. Terms of the separate flotation were inadvertently transposed and we apologise for the error.

# Europe not competing to full potential, say industry chiefs

By PHILIP BASSETT  
INDUSTRIAL EDITOR

EUROPE'S competitive performance is running at "below its full potential", according to a European Commission report prepared for tomorrow's EU heads of government summit in Dublin.

But the study, prepared for Jacques Santer, the EC President, by the EC's competitive advisory group, also suggests that emerging countries are increasingly incapable of competing on the basis of low wages, and they en-

dorse a clear link — opposed by Britain — between trade and minimum employment standards.

The competitiveness advisory group, a team of 12 industrialists set up by M Santer last year to produce practical recommendations to improve Europe's competitiveness, says in its final report that while Europe is well placed to take advantage of global business integration.

"Europe's performance has been below its full potential, particularly in recent years."

The report says Europe has

been losing market share in the world export league. In 1995, the group's fourth competitiveness report says, EU member states accounted for 19.4 per cent of total world exports, compared with 21.1 per cent in 1990. At the same time, while the US's proportion also fell back, from 16.4 per cent to 15.4 per cent, Japan's share held steady at 12 per cent.

The study group, headed by Percy Barnevik, chairman and chief executive of ABB Asea Brown Boveri, says that Europe's competitive advantage

has shifted from high-technology sectors, with the exception of the UK, which was the only EU country in the 1980s to strengthen its comparative advantage in this area.

The report also suggests that "emerging markets progressively compete less and less on low wages", since increasing global trade and investment integration in such countries is associated with "extremely rapid" growth in wage levels. Manufacturing wages in South Korea, for instance, are now 43 per cent of their US counterparts, com-

pared with 9.5 per cent only ten years ago.

Sir David Simon, BP chairman and the UK's business representative in the group, says that while Europe is doing relatively well, it could do better. But he says that Europe is increasingly adopting the UK's practices in improving its competitiveness. Sir David said: "My own judgment is that Europe has become more understanding of the type of flexibility and innovation that is necessary to capture overseas markets and that Britain has been working towards."

## BUSINESS ROUNDUP

### Halifax job changes ahead of flotation

HALIFAX Building Society has appointed a deputy chief executive as part of a reshuffle before its planned flotation. Gren Folwell, managing director since the merger with the Leeds, will focus on long-term strategy and risk management in his new role. The move will allow Mike Blackburn, chief executive, to foster relations with institutional investors.

Halifax also announced five new directors to cover mortgages, liquid credit, retail banking and consumer credit, general insurance, long-term savings and protection and treasury. Only two, finance director Roger Boyes, who takes on treasury, and John Miller, new housing and technology director, worked for Leeds. Judie Atchison, former head of product and marketing at Leeds, is to leave in February after John Lee's appointment as personnel and services director. Banking and savings goes to Mike Ellis, while financial services director James Crosby adds insurance to his role.

### Aon expects charge

AON CORPORATION has said it expects to take a charge against earnings of about \$100 million in the 1997 first quarter after its \$1.23 billion purchase of Alexander & Alexander Services. The deal, which was announced yesterday, follows Aon Corporation's purchase of Bain Hogg, the UK broker, for £160 million from Infrachip in October. It will create a huge insurance broker, employing almost 40,000 people. Aon said there would be some redundancies.

### Faure chooses Gwent

BERTRAND FAURE, the French company that is one of the world's largest makers of car seats, is investing £12 million on a new factory at Tredegar, Gwent, that will create 300 jobs. Robin Lewis, the Welsh Development Agency's deputy chairman, said: "This investment will strengthen Wales's growing automotive components sector. The Welsh automotive industry comprises around 200 companies, employing over 20,000 people and generating revenue worth £1.7 billion."

### Kingfisher sells stakes

KINGFISHER, the UK retailing group that owns Woolworths, is to sell its 50 per cent stake in Staples UK, the office products supplier, to Staples Inc, its American joint venture partner, for £23.5 million. The company is also selling its 40 per cent stake in Maxi-Paper, which trades from 16 stores in Germany, for DM16.6 million to Staples Kingfisher, which also owns B&Q and Superdrug, said both companies being sold incurred losses in the year to February 3.

### IMS plans to raise £5m

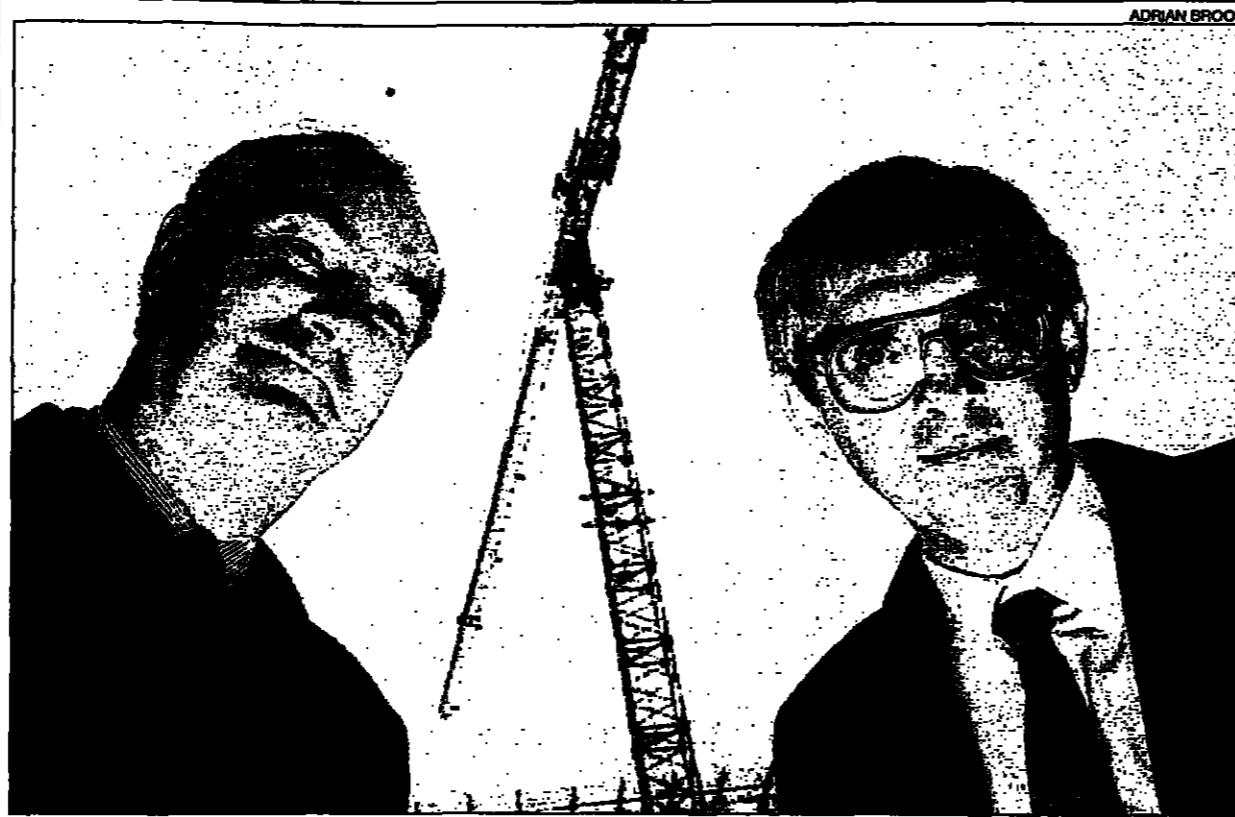
IMS GROUP, the telephone services company that specialises in sports news, plans to raise about £5 million by floating in late January. The sale should value the company at about £40 million, said Bill Wilson, the IMS chairman who was part of a management team that bought the company from William Hill Leisure for £1.7 million in 1992. IMS, which had operating profits of £3.3 million on turnover of £12.4 million last year, will use the flotation money to fund acquisitions.

### Shaftesbury share issue

SHAFTESBURY, the property company that recently agreed to buy much of Carnaby Street in central London, yesterday announced a £36.5 million share issue to help to finance the £90 million deal. The company, which owns the Chinatown estate in the West End, is raising the money through a three-for-eight rights issue priced at 15p a share. Shaftesbury announced a 5.4 per cent rise in pre-tax profits to £3.9 million for the year to September 30. A final dividend of 1.25p makes a total of 2p (1.5p).

### First Technology ahead

THE popularity of dashboard airbags boosted profits at First Technology, the car safety group that commands 80 per cent of the world market for crash-test dummies. In the six months to October 31, pre-tax profits were 28 per cent ahead at £4.2 million. Earnings were 17.2p per share (13.5p). The company says its order book is at record levels and could improve further if US car manufacturers switch to low-power airbags. The interim dividend, due on March 3, is raised to 4.2p (3.2p).



Michael Jeffries, left, and Rick Piper, financial director, have seen the Atkins order book swell to £180 million.

## Staff share in Atkins success

By FRASER NELSON

MORE than 2,500 employees of WS Atkins have made thousands of pounds since the engineering consultancy floated five months ago. On top of paper profits of £26,700 a head, on average they stand to pick up dividend payments of £1340 a year.

Staff own about 55 per cent

of the shares, which have soared from 215p to 350p since flotation. Yesterday the company declared a 2.25p dividend to be paid on January 7, worth £495 to the average employee shareholder. With the final payout normally double the interim, employees can expect a further £890.

Michael Jeffries, chief executive, said: "We have always encouraged our employees to take a stake in the company, and I'm delighted that they can share in the success."

Atkins decided to raise the dividend after a stream of new orders in the six months to September 30 left its order books at £180 million — more than its entire turnover for the period. Costs of joining the stock market in July were £1.5 million, leaving pre-tax profits slightly behind last time at £9.35 million (£9.59 million) on sales 50 per cent stronger at £153 million (£105 million). Earnings were 7p (5.8p).

Mr Jeffries said the company is now looking to spend around £35 million on an acquisition and is already in talks with a number of potential targets.

Patricia Hodgson, director of policy and planning at the BBC, said digital TV was most likely to succeed if consumers had to buy a single set-top decoder used by all broadcasters. If TV companies were forced to set up digital delivery systems in competition with BSkyB, the risks would be greater and the launch of a wide range of digital TV services would be put back.

While sharing the BBC's concerns about BSkyB's potential dominance, the ITV companies, like many in the industry, do not believe that the kind of mandatory licensing proposed by the BBC is a realistic option. They believe that market forces will ensure the emergence of a single set-top box standard.

BSkyB has expressed concern that current guidelines, obliging set-top box operators to give fair, non-discriminatory access for other service providers, are already among the toughest in the world.

ITV and BSkyB will give evidence to the Heritage Select Committee's inquiry into the future of broadcasting today.

Digital TV on pause, page 29

### Premiership clubs pursue money goals

By JASON NISSE

MANCHESTER UNITED and Chelsea Village, respectively owners of the Premiership clubs, yesterday used the market buoyancy in football shares to raise funds to help to pay for redevelopment.

Merrill Lynch, United's stockbrokers, placed 3 million shares at 58p to bring in £17.5 million, which will be used for the completion of the north stand at Old Trafford and the purchase of land for a new training complex. In addition, Amer Al Midani, one of United's directors, sold 600,000 shares at 58p, cutting his holding to 1.1 per cent of the group. United shares rose 6.5p to 58p on the news.

David Beswetherick, United's financial controller, said the strength of the share price meant it was "daft" not to raise money from the market to cover capital expenditure so that borrowing facilities could be kept by players.

Chelsea raised a more modest £825,000 through a share placing at 110p, the first stage of raising the £10 million required to rebuild the south stand at Stamford Bridge. Chelsea is expected to need between £30 million and £50 million for redevelopment in the next three years.

### TOURIST RATES

	Bank Boys	Bank Sells
Australia \$	2.19	2.03
Austria Sch	18.92	17.44
Belgium Fr	5.57	5.19
Canada \$	2.367	2.197
Cyprus Cyp	0.808	0.750
Denmark Kr	10.24	9.54
Finland Fr	1.21	1.04
France Fr	9.04	8.59
Germany Dm	2.70	2.49
Greece Dr	420	385
Hong Kong \$	13.20	12.50
Iceland Kr	120	100
Ireland Pi	1.05	0.97
Israel Shk	5.72	5.07
Italy L	1.05	0.95
Japan Yen	200.80	184.80
Malta	0.836	0.581
Netherlands Gld	3.012	2.782
New Zealand \$	2.25	2.02
Norway Kr	11.20	10.40
Portugal Esc	269.50	251.00
S. Africa Rand	8.30	7.50
Spain Pts	200	180
Sweden Kr	11.05	11.08
Switzerland Fr	2.21	2.13
USA \$	100.00	100.00
UK £	1.52	1.52

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MONTHLY PAYMENT BALANCE DUE ON DAY ONE.

ONE SECOND BILLING CYCLE.

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MONTHLY PAYMENT BALANCE DUE ON DAY ONE.

□ Property pursuit prompts a question □ Tour operators' tactics pay off □ No justification for stock market gyrations

□ SIR John Quinton, then chairman of Barclays, now chairman of football's Premier League, described him as the finest businessman of our generation. Mr Justice Henry, the judge in the Guinness trial, was less complimentary when he imprisoned him for his role in the secret share support operation during Guinness's bid for Distillers. But love him or hate him, there is no doubt that Gerald Ronson's survival instincts and his ability to bounce back.

Mr Ronson's property group, Heron, was saved from a spectacular crash by a massive restructuring, costing £70 million in fees, and a rescue by American investors led by Steven Green, the leveraged buyout specialist. Now, after licking his wounds for a couple of years and selling some of his prize possessions, Mr Ronson is back in a big way. "No deal is too big," he says. You don't know whether to cheer or run for the hills.

As before, Heron is planning a three-pronged attack. And, as before, two of those prongs are in the UK and Spain. However, the third is not America, where Heron came spectacularly to grief in the Arizona desert, but France, where it has attempted to buy properties from the appropriately named insurance group MACIF.

On the shopping list are a

## Ronson's rebound gathers pace

trophy building in London, leisure developments in Spain and a few property companies, some of which might even be quoted (watch out Greycat). Rumours that he tried to buy Canary Wharf for upwards of £700 million, refurbished a few months ago, are now being said to be true. The US investors say they have deep pockets, and the banks, which have found a renewed desire to put up money for property development, are willing to sign cheques.

For those who have lived through a couple of property crashes, it all seems achingly familiar. But the interesting question is: what point have we reached? If Mr Ronson is right, we could be at a relatively early point in the upswing and a quite healthy boom is in prospect.

He has his supporters in the market place. The likes of Burford, headed by Nigel Wray and Nick Leslau, and Chelmsfield, run by the suavely well-connected Elliott Bernerd, are snapping up all sorts of development opportunities. Shopping centres and leisure developments have been all the rage and institu-

tional investors, sensing the equity market could be on the turn, like the prospect of investing in property in an environment showing low interest rates and gradual economic recovery. Admittedly we have not seen the property traders return yet, but give them time.

And even the prospect of a Labour government does not seem to be putting these guys off. Most of the investment earmarked by Heron will occur after a general election, presumably under Tony Blair's first administration. A property boom under Labour? Stranger things have happened.

### The price of market share

□ ONLY three years ago UK tour operators were hell-bent on increasing their market share. In the pursuit of sales volumes they slashed prices, undercut rivals and discounted deeply. Thomson, the market leader, began each season saying it would not be beaten on price and would not concede market share.

share of 20 per cent of the £7 billion UK holiday industry and had no wish to expand it further. Instead he was looking overseas.

Meanwhile, Thomson has been unofficially put up for sale by its Canadian parent, The Thomson Corporation. In such circumstances it has a vested interest in demonstrating a steady profit stream to potential suitors, rather than a roller-coaster ride of soaring market share and falling yields.

Tour operators' margins — at best a mere 6 per cent — are slim compared with some other sectors. Having increased them this year, Airtours is loathe to watch them fall again. The combination of higher holiday prices and forecasts of increased consumer spending mean the prospects for earnings growth now look their best for several years.

However, it will be a year before the Monopolies and Mergers Commission reaches a decision on whether the industry's practices are anti-competitive.

In the meantime, Mr Crossland has seen evidence of consumers "trading up" from

religious significance in New York, but this seemed to be just the kind of rumour that surfaces when a canny player wants to see the market drop. As for warnings about Japanese appetite for US bonds, the executive at Goldman Sachs to whom they were attributed yesterday played down their import.

There was also concern about this week's rather dismal US trade figures and nervousness about yesterday's producer prices figures — which turned out to be as benign as ever. But yesterday's jitters were really a tiny aftershock to Alan Greenspan's remarks about irrational market exuberance last week, and the nerves also reflect an understandable desire not to ruin an excellent year for investment in stocks right at the last minute. Next year is another matter.

### The good old days

□ CHELSEA VILLAGE, the owner of the eponymous football club, is issuing £22,000 worth of shares to its stockbroking adviser, the well-known firm of Ellis & Partners, of Crawley in Sussex, in lieu of fees on a share placing. The move is described as a return to the way things were done in the 1970s. For Chelsea the 1970s was an era of drunken players, hooligan fans and near bankruptcy. Good times?

## David S Smith fears impact of sterling

BY ALASDAIR MURRAY

DAVID S SMITH, the paper and packaging company, gave warning yesterday that the strength of the pound was likely to cause second-half earnings to slip below first-half levels.

Peter Williams, chief executive, said the high level of sterling was making the UK a more attractive market for European exporters — many of which still have excess capacity. He added that trading conditions throughout Europe were likely to remain difficult with the economies only gently showing signs of recovery.

Mr Williams's comments came after David S Smith announced flat half-year profits of £58.6 million. Turnover also remained static at £615 million. Shares of the company fell 10.2p to 296p as analysts slightly downgraded full-year profit predictions after the warning.

The group's operating profit margin slipped from 10.8 per cent to 10.2 per cent. Turnover in the packaging division fell 4

per cent to £420 million, after a fall in pricing levels, while profits fell 6 per cent to £52 million. The company said that the French market was especially weak with volumes in corrugated paper falling 2 per cent in the first ten months of 1996, and the paperboard market flat.

The company added that new waste paper regulations, which are expected to come into effect next year, will have a positive impact on the UK waste paper collection industry. The office products division increased turnover 10 per cent to £196 million, while profits rose slightly from £10.5 million to £10.7 million. The company said John Dickinson, which was acquired for £17 million in August, made a small loss in line with expectations.

Gearing was reduced to 23 per cent from 27 per cent at the last year end. The interim dividend rises 6 per cent to 26p, payable on March 10.

Tempus, page 28

### Greene King to shed jobs

ABOUT 130 jobs are to be lost in the reorganisation of the brewing division of Greene King, it was announced yesterday (Alasdair Murray writes).

The restructuring will give rise to exceptional charges of £14 million, mainly relating to the closure or sale of the company's brewhouse in Bingley, Yorkshire.

Greene King expects to make a number of non-core disposals in the next year, raising about £20 million to reduce borrowings, which total £76 million after the £197 million acquisition of the Magic Pub chain.

The Magic Pub chain helped to boost half-year profits, before tax and exceptional, by 38 per cent to £15.2 million.

The company added that its retail division had created 300 jobs in 1996 and it is confident of expanding at similar rate next year.

The interim dividend was increased 12 per cent to 4.75p, payable on February 3.

### Bulmers in seasonal sales push

HP BULMER, the cider company, is launching its biggest a Christmas marketing blitz (Alasdair Murray writes).

Bulmer intends to spend £400,000 on promoting White Lightning, its newly acquired white cider, as well as its other brands, which include Strongbow and Woodpecker.

The company yesterday unveiled an 8 per cent increase in half-year profits before tax and exceptional items to £17.4 million. Overall turnover increased 19 per cent to £163 million. There was a slight decrease in like-for-like group margins to 12.5 per cent because of increased marketing expenditure.

Exceptional costs totalled £700,000, mainly relating to redundancies and restructuring at Finch's.

John Rudgward, chief executive, said Bulmers planned to implement an average 5 per cent price increase on its ciders early next year.

The interim dividend was raised 7.7 per cent to 4.9p a share, payable on February 17.

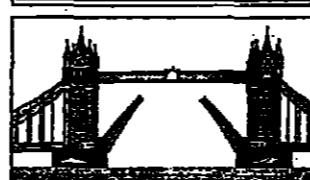
### Ofwat approves Dee Valley's takeover plan

Water customers will expect to see some savings.

With assets of less than £30 million, both companies are small enough to escape automatic referral to the Monopolies and Mergers Commission.

The merger proposal comes as the industry awaits the decision by Ian Lang, President of the Board of Trade, on the proposed bid by two French companies for Mid Kent. Meanwhile, Cambridge Water has announced plans for a £4 million buyback of 10 per cent of its shares.

PENNINGTON



SIEMENS  
NIXDORF



modest Spanish holidays to long-haul destinations. Guess where building society windfalls are being spent?

### Wall Street wobbles

□ THE odd 100-point rise or fall in the Dow Jones industrial average really is not a big deal when the index is trading in the heady environs of 6,000 points, however cavalier that assertion may seem to nervous investors. Extravagant comment on yesterday's gyrations on Wall Street should be treated with more caution than usual for there really was no new reason for the latest wobble in confidence.

The justifications rolled out for another bout of profit-taking included so far unsubstantiated rumours that IBM was about to issue a profit warning and musings in *The Wall Street Journal's* widely-read Heard on the Street (or Heard over Lunch) column that Japanese investors

may stop buying US Treasury bonds in such great volumes. IBM's welfare still has an almost

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## STOCK MARKET



CLARE STEWART

# Wall Street's worries put London on the defensive

ALMOST £1 billion was wiped of British shares yesterday as a renewed bout of American inspired worries hit confidence. The FTSE 100 fell back through the key 4,000 level ahead of an expected sell-off on the Dow Jones and at its lowest was down by 72 points.

Despite the Dow's sharp fall London shares steadied in afternoon trading and clawed back some ground to close at 3,982.5, a fall of 53.2 points.

Yesterday's slide on Wall Street was seen as a reaction to a number of negative factors, including the record current account deficit figures released earlier in the week.

The US reaction underlines concerns about the prospects for Wall Street," said one London broker.

Dealers are bracing themselves for further uncertainty today ahead of inflation figures in the UK and retail sales figures in the US. But as the market winds down to Christmas, investors are expected to sit tight.

Airtours, the holiday group, managed to get away from it all, after reporting better than expected profits and an upbeat report on winter and summer bookings. The shares added 11·5p to 714p, a high for the year.

Oil stocks were also in demand. Burmali Castro, led by HSBC, owner of the Midland Bank, was hit by weakness in the Far East, and fell 44·5p to £14.46. Bank of Scotland was also down despite encouraging broker comment, and ended 8·5p lower at 288p. Abbey National fell back to end 5p lower at 703·5p.

Cambridge Water announced a 10 per cent share buyback plan which helped to lift its shares 3p higher to 255p. Shares in Chester Water climbed 11p to 165p after revealing a proposed £20.3 million merger with Dee Valley Water. The offer values Chester shares at 69·3p. Dee Valley was unchanged at 420p.

NFC dipped 5p to 175p, despite improved year-end figures while First Technology added 15·5p to 672·5p after strong first-half figures.

Bid speculation pushed Imperial Tobacco 2·5p higher



Peter Williams, of David S Smith, which fell 7p to 299·2

to 381p, with Philip Morris and BAT tipped as predators.

GSB tumbled 31p to 625p, while Argos lost 21p to 763p.

Demand for Alders, after its strong figures earlier in the week, helped to limit the damage, and it closed just 1p off at 145p.

Kingfisher, the Woolworth to Comet group, was 9·5p lower at 625p. It is to sell its

Sedgwick ended off 5p at 122·5p, while Willis Corroon slipped 4·5p to 129·5p.

Thorntons, the high street chocolate retailer, bucked the trend and added 4·5p to 202 to touch a three-year high.

David S Smith, paper and packaging group, recovered some ground to close 7p lower at 299·2p after Peter Williams, chief executive, warned the

FTSE 100 after announcing the sale of its US pigments business for a £30 million net loss.

Further disposals by Caradon, completing the sale of non-core businesses in Europe, left shares in the building products group 7p lower at 231p.

RJB Mining rallied after its fall earlier in the week and climbed 4·5p to 377p.

Shares in Greene King, the brewing and pub group, dipped 4·5p to 655p after news of its restructuring plans costing £14 million and 132 jobs. Interim results at the top end of expectations failed to stir H P Bulmer. The shares slid 2·5p to 542·5p after lifting pre-tax profits by 8·4 per cent to £17.4 million.

SEB Industrial Holdings fell 9p to 41p. Pre-tax profits edged ahead to £5·95 million but weakness at its Japan subsidiary may affect the result for the current year.

Shares in WS Atkins were unmoved at 350p. The support services group, which came to the market in July, lifted pre-tax profits by 23 per cent to £10.7 million in the first half.

Braving the choppy market conditions was new entrant SDX Business Systems, which was placed at 160p and notched up a 12·5p premium.

AIM-listed Chelsea Village, where 750,000 shares were placed at 110, closed unchanged at 110 at 17·5p.

Manchester United climbed 6·5p to 584p after raising £16 million with a placing of three million shares at 555p.

■ **GILT-EDGED:** The market came under selling pressure after the sharp falls in equity markets in Europe and the US.

London outperformed other European bond markets said brokers, but volumes remained fairly low with dealers holding back until today US and UK economic data.

In futures the long gilt added 24·5p to £109·32 with 62,000 contracts. Treasury 8 per cent 2000 slipped 16 to £102·32 while the 8 per cent 2015 was down 11·5p to £102·12.

■ **NEW YORK:** Shares on Wall Street came under pressure on worries that Japanese investors might reduce their holdings. There were also rumours of an imminent profit warning from IBM. By midday the Dow Jones industrial average was 104·95 points down at 6,368.30.

## MAJOR INDICES

New York (midday)	
Dow Jones	5,636.30 (-104.95)
S&P Composite	713.84 (-11.78)
Tokyo:	
Nikkei Average	20,562.39 (-253.74)

Hong Kong:

Hang Seng

Amsterdam:

Euro Index

101.03 (-11.77)

Sydney:

ASX

2359.3 (-2.33)

Frankfurt:

DAX

3,041.05 (-49.95)

Singapore:

Straits

3,192.45 (-7.05)

Brussels:

General

10,635.94 (-81.12)

Paris:

CAC-40

3,233.28 (-38.12)

Zurich:

SWX Gen

825.80 (-3.30)

London:

FT 30

2,751.7 (-31.23)

FT 100

3,962.5 (-34.32)

FTSE 250

3,978.7 (-32.31)

FTSE Eurosmic 100

18,545.14 (-23.40)

FT All-share

19,511.4 (-23.48)

FT Fixed Interest

11,641 (-101.13)

FT Non Financials

19,038 (-3.39)

FTSE (all-share)

18,559 (-0.063)

German Mark

2,551.6 (-0.0147)

Swiss Franc

1,319.0 (-0.001)

US Dollar

1.5101 (-0.0001)

UK Pound

1.5136 (-0.0001)

EURO

1.5136 (-0.0001)

FTSE all-share index (rebased)

350

330

320

310

300

290

280

270

260

250

240

230

220

210

200

190

180

170

160

150

140

130

120

110

100

90

80

70

60

50

40

30

20

10

0

## TEMPS

## NFC's continental drift

Having been pleasantly surprised by NFC's interim results, it was business as usual yesterday with the full-year figures. Yes, the changes at the trucking group driven by Gerry Murphy, chief executive, are on the way. Overall margins rose from 4 to 4·9 per cent and cost controls have cut capital spending by 57 per cent. After stripping out the bulky exceptions of the previous year a 39 per cent rise in pre-tax profits to £105.7 million is strong enough.

But, no, continental Europe, which contributes just £373 million of the group's £2.46 billion turnover, still gives cause for concern. Chief culprit is France, where the list of problems is embarrassingly long. Market conditions deteriorated, the creation of a national network incurred large costs, fuel prices went up and productivity went down.

By the time the lorry drivers decided to take to the streets, after the year end, NFC must have been wondering whether the French operation was worth the bother. Given that NFC cites "the high costs of withdrawal" as one of the two reasons for hanging on, it is reasonable to assume that pulling out was at least considered.

The City awaits confirmation that the continental problems are under control and evidence of further growth in NFC's core businesses. Current-year forecasts have been pegged back to £120-122 million to allow for exchange rates, which, had they been applied at their current level to the last year, would have knocked £2 million off profits. Dividend growth is also likely to be limited, with cover now at 1.0 before pensions credit and exceptionalities. The stock looks fairly priced.

## David S Smith

DAVID S SMITH, the paper and packaging company, has been hit by an unfortunate pincer movement.

The high pound is hurting sterling profits from Europe, while, at the same time, it is making the British market more attractive to hard-pressed European paper manufacturers desperate to use up their excesses of capacity.

It is not surprising, therefore, that the company chose to couch yesterday's half-year results in cautious terminology, warning investors that it will be hard-pressed to match the results performance during the second half.

The company has also had to bear other annoyances, such as the French lorry drivers' strike, which is likely

to harm profits in the short term.

As a result of all the above problems, the company's share price has stagnated for more than a year.

But David S Smith still has a good medium-term outlook, especially once the recovery expected in Europe starts to kick in. This is expected to happen over the

next year or two. The company's strong position in corrugated paper should work in its favour with a shortage of production forecast during the next few years.

Any gaps that appear in the portfolio can be quickly and cheaply covered by bolt-on acquisitions. On a longer term view the shares still look cheap.

■ **RECENT ISSUES:**

## RECENT ISSUES

Access Plus (90)	100%	...





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## THE TIMES



## CITY DIARY

## Oasis pays up after a storm

OASIS STORES was feeling £5,000 poorer yesterday, after agreeing to pay compensation to Tatesian, the upmarket jewellery designer, which discovered that Oasis was selling copies of its £70 baubles for £2.99.

Tatesian ran immediately to Theodore Goddard, the City law firm, who put the squeeze on Oasis, but had to concede that it is hard to make a retailer squirm. "The courts will only give damages up to a decent royalty rate, which is no disincentive to the retailers," said Simon Clark of Theodore Goddard.

## Invisible man

SANFORD KAPLAN, one of the five board members at Wickes, the do-it-yourself chain, resigned yesterday as a non-executive director. The American former senior vice-president of Xerox Corporation will be best remembered for his absence. The invisible man, 80, was appointed to the Wickes board in 1989. Recent recruits, John Napier, 54, and Nigel Whitaker, 48, are the young blood on the board that includes Robert Burrow, 45, and Sanford Sigloff, 66.

## Quiet man

ANGUS FORBES was keeping a low profile yesterday after news broke that he is to marry prima ballerina Darcey Bussell. The 31-year-old Aussie, formerly at James Capel, is in European sales at Merrill Lynch and, reports to Philip Farrel. Forbes had his fingers crossed that his colleagues were working too hard to look at an afternoon issue of the London Evening Standard.



Bussell: to marry Forbes

## Arched back

MCDONALD'S is being snubbed by Robin Williams, star of the new Disney film *The Absent-Minded Professor*. Williams has said no to McDonald's, the "Golden Arches" burger giant, which is on the hunt for its next commercial tie-in with a Hollywood film. More stubborn than a supermarket trolley, Williams refuses to budge. He has forbidden the chain to use either his name or image for promotional purposes, including those scenes in which he appears. This is not the first time that Williams has dashed McDonald's hopes: the last time was for a commercial tie-in with the film *Aladdin*.

## Bigger scope

SCOPE Communications is to merge with Ketchum, the sixth largest PR company in the world, in a deal that will bring a combined fee income of £5 million. James Maxwell, chief executive of Scope, number 27 in the UK, will report to Jerry Olzewski, managing director of Ketchum in Europe. Last February, Ketchum, whose clients include Federal Express, Duracell and United Biscuits, was bought by Omnicom. Ketchum's 20-strong team in London will move into the Covent Garden headquarters of Scope, whose clients include Allied Domecq, Toyota, McDonald's, BT, Rank Xerox, and Halfords.

MORAG PRESTON

Judged by the weight of paper, the Euro-currency is at last on its way. From City banks to medium-sized enterprises in Cumbria, proprietors, managers and traders are beginning to be bombarded with bump. What will EMU mean for you? Are you ready for it? Have you started preparing? Will you exploit the opportunities or be left behind? Are you a go-getter or a wimp?

Ahead of the Dublin summit, the markets are seething with financial studies. The *leitmotiv* is whether economic and monetary union is a good thing, supported by portfolios of *scenarios* that would make a Hollywood agent proud. The more subversive, or wish-fulfilling, analysts question whether the EMU project will be stalled, put off, or even — secret joy of joys — cancelled altogether. Software experts are already issuing depressing warnings. If you think you can prime your computers for the euro and the millennium in one simple, last-minute package, forget it.

Many who stuff these studies into their briefcases will have a tiny virus of doubt working at the back of their minds. Remember when this happened before. There was the ERM, which certainly had a big impact but one quite unlike the vision most thoughtful planners laid before British business. Any company that was truly ready for the ERM probably went bust in the recession. Then there was 1992, the wrongly timed start of the single European market, which merely accelerated an existing trend and wrecked the trade figures. Finally there was Taurus, the ambitious electronic system

that was to revolutionise the stock market, get rid of paper and do anything anyone needed. Accountants, brokers and consultants tried to make it exciting or, failing that, threatening.

Anyone even peripherally affected was warned of the perils of being unprepared, as most inevitably were. After all that effort and angst, the plug was pulled at the last moment. Taurus did not work. Years later, the humbler Crest is to plug the gap. No one claims it is exciting there are drawbacks and it does not work too well. But few pretend it should be the talk of the town.

There is, however, a difference between Britain and Taurus. The European currency is a Franco-German project. Given the intense debate over Britain's role in the European Union, there is a strange gap in most of these EMU briefings and analyses. They pay hardly any attention to whether sterling will be a founder member of the European currency, or even whether it will join in the next round of entrants. The arguments are well-worn and neither main party has a meaningful intention, so there is not a lot that can usefully be said.

Instead, there is a vague assumption that

sterling will stay out. Unflattering as it may seem, Britain's self-preoccupation adds credibility to the EMU project. The Paris-Brussels steerswheels is likely to ensure it goes ahead, even if not quite on schedule and regardless of whether it will work properly.

By contrast, many columns are devoted to Italy. That is understandable, too. Italy's membership pivot on the stability pact due to be agreed at Dublin as well as the interpretation of entry rules, and is itself pivotal to the likely character of the euro.

This ambiguity is at the heart of the project. Aside from federalist Benelux tendencies, EMU marries France's desire to soften the mark with Germany's desire to widen as far as possible the economic area that cannot devalue against its exports. As the head of the Bank of France put it, the euro should be at least as strong as the franc.

The coming together of so many different motives explains why EMU has momentum. The tension between them explains why the impact of the euro is so hard to predict in advance. No wonder financial markets hang on niceties such as the exact penalties for deviating from the stability pact limits on state borrowing.

As these tensions work through, the character of the euro is likely to change over time. It will certainly be affected by the European Commission's longer term agenda. The prime purpose of the intergovernmental Conference, which will predict the crucial EMU decisions, is to "reform" voting in the Council of Ministers. The aims are to take many more decisions by majority vote, instead of unanimously and, in effect, to lower the qualifying majority needed.

Ostensibly, this is needed to allow entry of

ex-Communist central Europe. It is certainly touted as a *sine qua non*, holding Czechs and Poles to ransom for big countries' vetoes. An analysis by the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe concludes that entry is in any case unlikely before 2005, if then. Even if Germany tried to corral its Eastern markets earlier, during its 1999 presidency, entry before 2002 can probably be ruled out.

Before that, the EU must review its budgetary arrangements. If the European currency extends beyond the richest EU members, it is likely to require more subsidies for the less competitive outposts. Entry into the EU of poorer countries with big farm sectors will add more costs and balloon the cost of the Common Agricultural Policy. The sooner they enter, the bigger the cost. Germany might be willing to pay for its markets. But the budget outcome will depend heavily on the voting structure at the time. For many member states, such as debt-ridden Italy and Belgium, the best compromise would be for the union to borrow.

The euro zone might well start with tight fiscal policies and low interest rates, giving some reward to those who have suffered to join, and relying hopefully on extra competition within the currency union to keep inflation down. Later, if union borrowing compensated for restricted national budget deficits, the roles might be reversed. Anyone can play the *scenario* game. The only safe bet is that if financial markets agree on the timing and impact of EMU, they will be proved wrong.

## If you know what EMU will mean, you are probably wrong



## Pause button pressed on digital TV

Alexandra Frean and Eric Reguly look at the reasons for the delay

THE advent of digital television, a new medium that will fundamentally change the country's viewing habits by bombarding viewers with hundreds of new channels and services, has been bogged down by a series of regulatory, legislative and commercial hurdles. Unless they are cleared in the coming months, digital TV is unlikely to make its much-vaunted debut until 1998.

The BBC, the cable companies and BSkyB had hoped to make digital TV a part of everyday life by the spring of 1997. But getting the systems in place by the summer of 1998, when France is to host the World Cup, the biggest viewing event of the decade, has now emerged as the unofficial deadline.

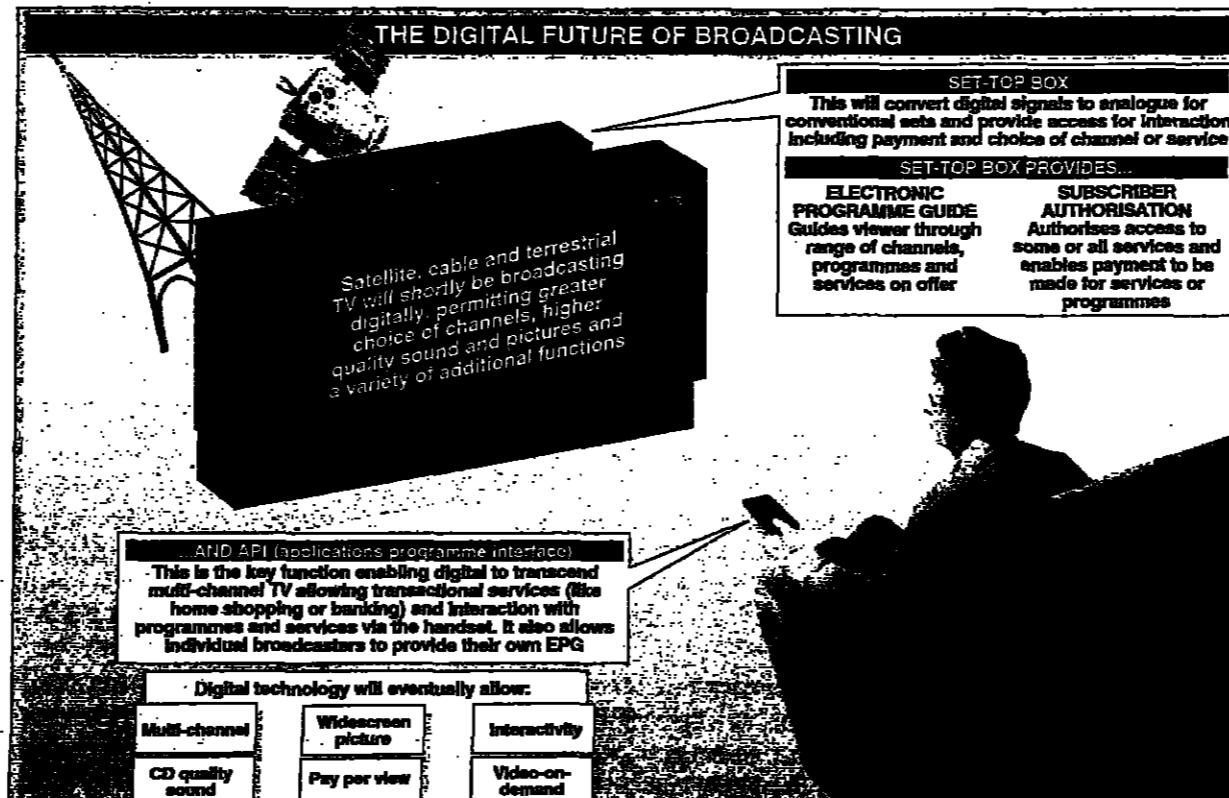
Britain is on the brink of a communications revolution. When digital TV arrives, the standard service will instantly seem a quaint relic of the past. Choice, and lots of it, will be its key feature. Sports and film fanatics will be in couch potato heaven.

Since digital transmissions take up less bandwidth on the broadcasting spectrum, more channels can be picked up by the receiver. BSkyB, for example, would replace several dozen existing analogue channels with some 200 digital channels.

While digital broadcasting usually in direct-to-home satellite form, exists in several countries, only the British Government has made its introduction a national priority.

Eventually, perhaps in 20 years, the existing analogue TV signals will be turned off altogether, making Britain a top-to-bottom digital market.

The BBC has already started regular digital broadcasts, albeit on radio only, and the rest of the industry is exploring ways to make it commercially



viewers the luxury of tuning in whenever it suited them. With the latter, broadcasters would buy the rights to individual events and sell them on a one-off basis to subscribers.

A championship boxing fight might cost £10; alternatively, football fanatics would be able to buy an "electronic season ticket" to Premiership matches. Digital technology will allow them to choose which games they want to see, replay highlights and even pick camera angles. All this will be shown on wide-screen TVs with cinema-like quality.

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The BBC has already started regular digital broadcasts, albeit on radio only, and the rest of the industry is exploring ways to make it commercially

feasible. The delay in launching digital TV is not a matter of specification.

None of the companies that make set-top boxes, the electronic devices that receive and unscramble digital broadcast signals, has started production for the British market. Pace Micro Technology, one of the largest manufacturers, had expected to learn three months ago whether it would get the go-ahead to make the first batch of several hundred thousand boxes. Steve Jones, the finance director, said: "We won't get an order until we get a firm date for the digital launch. Then it will take nine months to get the boxes out."

Some argue that simply duplicating existing analogue transmission in digital form may not be enough to justify the investment.

For the rest of the industry, determining the regulatory and commercial framework — who is to share the spoils and under what conditions — appears to be the main stumbling block.

Until this is settled, not a penny will be spent on digital. The set-top boxes alone could cost as much as £500 apiece unless they are subsidised by the

broadcasters. BSkyB has estimated that it faces a £1 billion bill to convert its analogue

customers to digital, and after years of hype, the rush seems to be off.

Among ITV companies, only Carlton Communications has come out strongly in favour of digital terrestrial TV. While the ITV Association, which represents all the ITV companies, accepts that digital broadcasting is an inevitability, it is not wholly convinced that digital TV in terrestrial form will be a winner because it will not have the capacity to offer the hundreds of channels that BSkyB and the cable companies would like to launch.

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legislation guaranteeing fair and equal access to the boxes.

The set-top box is of critical importance to broadcasters because it performs three key functions. As well as unscrambling the digital signals and providing individual subscribers with access to digital pictures and sound, the boxes also contain an electronic programme guide (EPG) to help viewers to find the programmes that they want to watch from the hundreds on offer. As such it has a powerful impact on viewer perception and choice.

The BBC is particularly concerned that the branding on the front or "home" page of the EPG may unduly influence viewers. If BSkyB had effective control over the set-top box, the corporation fears, it could design the EPG to promote its own channels over those of its rivals.

Set-top boxes also contain an applications programme interface (API), the key function that enables digital television to offer other services such as home shopping or Internet services. Again, the corporation is worried that the set-top box provider could unfairly promote its own services over those of rival operators.

The third element of the set-top box is the subscriber management system. Both the BBC and ITV are also worried that if one company were to have ultimate control over the subscriber authorisation systems, it could gain detailed knowledge of their competitors' customer base and get advance knowledge of their rivals' plans for key pay-per-view sporting events.

The BBC believes that the only way to prevent this kind of potential dominance by BSkyB is for the company to be

subjected to a mandatory licensing system under which it is forced to share its set-top box technology with competitors. It argues that BSkyB stands to benefit from such a system as it would receive a steady flow of cash from a guaranteed licensing fee paid by all digital television operators using its system.

New in the industry demand for mandatory licensing will find favour with the Department of Trade and Industry, which published its draft guidelines on digital television last week.

While coming out in support of access on "fair, reasonable and non-discriminatory terms", the DTI appears more or less to have passed the buck to Don Cruickshank, the Director-General of Telecommunications. It is now up to him to determine how to regulate the access systems to ensure there are no abuses of dominant power. He is expected to publish his guidelines before Christmas.

While the terrestrial broadcasters will now be relying more on Ofcom than the DTI to get the kind of regulation they want, BSkyB's fear is that Ofcom will treat it as a celestial British Telecom. BT has complained for years that the regulator has had more influence on its position in the market than its own directors.

Simply put, BSkyB claims that it is not prepared to kick-start the digital TV industry unless it knows it can make a satisfactory return on its investment. BSkyB said that a decision cannot be made until the regulatory proposals are known, and if they are overly strict, it could decide to delay the digital launch.

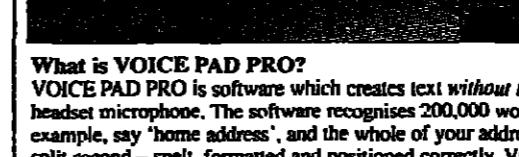
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7

## Money men at Lloyd's face challenge as assets shrink

Lloyd's of London is healthy at last, but will central administration survive the rigours of corvalescence? The Corporation of Lloyd's, which handles central functions, has seen its assets depleted from £500 million to £70 million, due to the costs of the Reconstruction & Renewal (R&R) programme.

The figure, disclosed at the Lloyd's annual meeting, attracted little attention, but raises important questions. How will the money men manage to run the corporation with a fraction of the assets available only a year ago and what are their constraints?

Under the Lloyd's solvency tests, the corporation must have enough cash to meet creditor commitments normally assessed on a three-month rolling basis. It also needs to show that it has adequate resources to cover all liabilities,

# European operations continue to thwart NFC

By KEITH RODGERS

NFC, the restructured transport and logistics group, yesterday reported a 39 per cent climb in its underlying annual profits but is still struggling to turn round its loss-making European operations.

The figures are in line with expectations after a strong first half, but the company's share price slipped as several analysts downgraded their forecasts for the current year. The markdown reflected concerns about the impact of exchange rates on profits and the cost of the French lorry drivers' dispute.

For the full year to September 30, NFC reported a 12 per cent increase in turnover to £2.46 billion, fuelled by the first results from its Tradeteam drinks venture with Bass and the acquisition of Cedex Logistics in Spain. Pre-tax profits climbed to

## Cookson sells US operation

COOKSON GROUP, the industrial materials conglomerate, has announced the £11.5 million sale of its loss-making US pigments division to the Hoechst group (Martin Baker writes).

The disposal will force Cookson to make a £30 million charge to its profits to cover a write-back of goodwill.

Hoechst Celanese Corporation is paying cash for Cookson Pigments, a New Jersey pigment manufacturer. A further £3 million in respect of the pigment company's finished goods inventory will be paid within the next six months.

Cookson Pigments made an operating loss of £800,000 in the first half of 1996. Net assets were revalued at £45 million.

£105.7 million before a £500,000 exceptional item relating to a loss on property sales. In the previous year NFC made pre-tax profits of £76.2 million before a £35 million restructuring charge and a £2.6 million property loss.

The results reflected the benefits of massive reorganisation over the last two years after a management shake-up which saw the appointment of Gerry Murphy as chief executive in June 1995.

However, in continental Europe NFC suffered further operating losses of £8.5 million, although this was 16 per cent improvement. While Spain and Portugal performed well, losses in Germany were unchanged and poor market conditions led to a "disappointing" performance in France.

Operating profit in the UK and Ireland rose 28 per cent to £78.3 million, with strong profit improvements in our logistics businesses: automotive, tank-freight, vehicle management services and Lynx, the express parcels business.

However, results from the media services, truck rental and pallet network arms were less satisfactory, and the company said major contracts with grocery retailers, which account for 14 per cent of UK sales, remain under pressure. Profits were also strong in the moving services arm, which includes Pickfords Removals.

It refused to comment on reports that it is discussing the sale of Lynx, which it has confirmed is not a core business. Elsewhere, North American profits climbed 73 per cent to £25.5 million, while other international operations contributed £6 million.

Earnings per share before exceptional items climbed 35 per cent to 9.3p. There will be a final dividend of 4.6p per share on February 24, leaving the total unchanged at 7.1p.

Analysts are forecasting pre-tax profits of around £122 million for the current year.

Tempus, page 28



The personal shareholding of Philip Davies in Linden is estimated at £1.14 million

## Linden valued at £22.8m

LINDEN, a builder of houses on disused sites, will be valued at £22.8 million when it joins the stock market next Thursday (Fraser Nelson writes).

Linden, formed five years ago by Philip Davies, chief executive, was drawn to his shareholding valued at £1.14 million, said the company's forecast.

that its operating profits will exceed £3.3 million in 1996, against £2.57 million achieved last time. It has raised £4.6 million through an institutional placing of 4.25 million shares at 150p each.

Mr Davies, who is on course to have his shareholding valued at £1.14 million, said the company's forecast

to gain from the closure of schools and hospitals, whose grounds local authorities were keen to redevelop for competitive prices.

The company runs 12 developments in the South East of England and eight in the North West. It will use the money raised to expand into North London.

## Charities back minimum wage

By PHILIP BASSETT  
INDUSTRIAL EDITOR

CHARITIES pay their staff nearly 18 per cent less than the national average, but most believe they should be covered by Labour's planned minimum wage, a new report shows today.

In a survey of 155 charity organisations, which together employ more than 28,000 staff across Britain in a sector

widely seen as low-paying, the Reward pay research group says the majority do not believe a national minimum will reduce unemployment.

The survey shows that even at a level of between £4 and £4.50 an hour 67 per cent of charities do not believe a minimum wage will hit jobs.

The figures are even greater at lower wage levels — 80 per cent at between £3.50 and £4 an hour, 91 per cent at between

£3 and £3.50, and 93 per cent sceptical about any job impact from a minimum wage set at between £2.50 and £3.

Overall, charities are broadly divided about a national minimum, with 34 per cent seeing it as a good idea and 28 per cent against, with a further 34 per cent maintaining that it depends on a number of factors — principally the level at which it is set.

Chris Trinder, chief econo-

mist at the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy, said the "clear cut message is that charities will and should have to cope with the consequences of the national minimum wage".

The study denies recent suggestions that a number of charity chiefs are becoming the new "fat cats", showing that they are 18 per cent less well off than their counterparts in industry.

Tempus, page 28

## We boldly go into next generation

By ROGER DAVIS

For accountants, a "poorer and shabbier future beckons" because of technology substitution. So said Pennington (*The Times*, November 12) about the English institute's strategy proposals for the year 2005.

Nonsense. Accountants have made smart use of technology since punched-card data processing in the 1950s. Technology frees accountants from drudgery and repetition. In the core subjects of accounting, control and audit we are entering a fourth generation, which promises an exciting future.

In the 19th century, investors lent money to joint stock companies. A timeless principle was established of directors' accountability to shareholders for what had been done with their money, which will carry to the 21st century. This is why we have to tidy up goodwill accounting: you cannot have payments vanishing as though they were not real money. And we have overcomplicated life: preliminary statements, simplified accounts and full Companies Act accounts sounds like one too many.

Everything else moved on. The first generation was about receipts and payments with no measure of worth. In the second generation we invented accruals and profit on money invested. The third stemmed from market valuation based on historical price-earnings ratios.



Roger Davis is convinced that an exciting future beckons the accountancy profession

ties. Earnings per share drive accounting practice. But that is still about the past.

Who actually reads accounts? Value judgments on a company today rely on Stock Exchange announcements and presentations to analysts. Stewardship accounting cannot value a company. Are we accountants in this business just to help to keep the score of a game already over? The only value measure is confidence in future cashflow from a company's markets and management's

ability to exploit them. So the fourth generation is about developing shareholder value analysis and squaring information to the market with investment appraisal criteria. If accountants don't do so, someone else will.

In control too, there is the timeless bit and the changing bit. The former is about safeguarding assets: directors must not be reckless with investors' money or put their hands in the till. The latter is entering the third phase: analysing risk and trying to spot where systems might fail.

Now, as we move into the fourth era, risk management in unforgiving global markets is at the strategic heart of a company's survival. This re-

quires the right kind of forward-looking information to be made available to the board so killer mistakes are avoided. As with accounts looking forward, not back, is becoming crucial.

We see a similar pattern in auditing. Statutory audit will always be needed given human frailty in a competitive society. But, from three generations of tickling the books, systems audit and risk-based auditing, the fourth will require association with value judgments and the whole corporate reporting process. Compliance reports on the past accounts and boilerplate reports on internal control will ensure survival of auditing but not a seat at the top table. As with a prospectus, the auditor must decide whether or not to put his name to the whole show. The fourth generation of risk management will mean incremental assurance services.

This profession has risen to the challenge of the first three generations and there is no reason why it cannot rise to the fourth. The profession is still immensely attractive to bright graduates, and will remain so. The opportunities of understanding business and its disciplines and ethics remain unparalleled. With the right steer, we will be far from poor and shabby. We will be prosperous and smart.

Roger Davis is Head of Accounting and Audit at Coopers & Lybrand.

spreads his Scottish business writing portfolio wider as a freelance. In his time, the magazine was transformed. It increased circulation and profits, and won awards as the best Scottish business magazine.

This is not so say that all members agreed with him. To people for whom the words "dear me" followed by a refreshing cup of tea was the acme of professional behaviour, Fitzgerald's energy and business zeal was often thought, well, a bit challenging for Edinburgh.

## Caradon in £200m sell-off to Vector

By OLIVER AUGUST

CARADON, the building products manufacturer, has completed its wide-ranging disposal programme with the sale of its remaining European engineering and distribution businesses to Vector Industries for £200 million.

Caradon said: "This disposal, together with the sale of our automotive plastics businesses, completes our programme of divesting our non-core businesses in Europe."

The businesses sold are engaged in distribution, aero-engine servicing, plastic components, automotive supplies and ventilation systems.

Peter Jansen, chief executive, said: "This brings added focus and opportunities to our building products activities and takes us a significant way forward in the implementation of our strategic objectives."

Yesterday's move is Vector's third largest acquisition and has been carried out with a view to floating its shares in three to five years. The new owners do not expect to shed any of the 3,000 employees.

Guy Davison, a Vector non-executive director, said: "We are hoping to grow the companies with capital investments. This will be our core activity, while it was not for Caradon. We also want to introduce new incentive and give the management team an equity stake."

Vector is issuing a £6 million seven-year subordinated loan note to Caradon, which pays interest at 10 per cent.

The note has certain priority rights in respect of disposal proceeds generated by Vector that are expected to lead to its early redemption.

## Hoechst bids \$3.5bn for outstanding stake

HOECHST, the Germany chemicals company, is to acquire the outstanding 43.47 per cent interest it does not own in Roussel Uclaf, the French pharmaceuticals company, for \$3.5 billion. The transaction will be one of the biggest announced this year on the Paris bourse. The bid offers minority shareholders a 12 per cent premium on the average price of the ordinary shares over the previous month. Hoechst said the move would boost its strength in Germany, France and America.

Analysts had been expecting Hoechst to bid for full control of Roussel Uclaf as part of a move to seek a separate stock market listing for Hoechst Marion Roussel, its drug division. Erap, the French state holding company, and the second largest shareholder in Roussel after Hoechst with 4.28 per cent, has already indicated it will accept the offer. On Tuesday Hoechst announced it would merge its speciality chemicals business with Clariant, the Swiss group.

## Delays hit Chemring

CHEMRING has suffered a sales setback at Chaff Countermeasures, its defence unit, due to a delay in orders caused by customer budget constraints. Philip Billington, the chairman, said that this would hit the group's results for the six months to March 1997. Chemring shares tumbled 45p to 290p. Pre-tax profit before exceptional items rose 3.4 per cent to £8.9 million in the year to September 30. Turnover was up 13 per cent at £80.4 million. The dividend rises to 11.45p (10.90p).

## Avon bounces higher

AVON RUBBER, the tyremaker, increased full year pre-tax profit by 33 per cent in the year to September 28, helped by healthy demand for its automotive products in Europe and North America, while tyre sales were subdued. Business is expected to continue at current levels in the six months from September 28. Full year pre-tax profits rose from £16.2 million to £21.5 million. The final dividend is £1.75p, making a 19.5p total (17.7p).

## SEC soars to £2.6m

SEC GROUP, the company that makes a market in life insurance endowment policies, reported profits of £2.6 million (£1.2 million). Turnover in endowment policies nearly doubled to £52.7 million, while profits on this main business climbed 75 per cent to £21 million. The IFA Network companies, the financial advisory business acquired this year, contributed £500,000 profit. SEC increased its final to 2.75p, due on January 31, making a 4.75p total (3.75p).

## Compel acquisition

COMPEL, the integrated computer systems supplier, is acquiring Hamilton Rental Group, a short-term computer rental company and a reseller of Hewlett Packard and Digital systems, for up to £14.5 million. Hamilton earned operating profits of £2.1 million in 1995 on turnover of £17.6 million. Compel will fund the acquisition from the proceeds of a £15.19 million rights issue. It is offering 11 new shares for every 18 held at 160p each. Existing shares rose 1p to 177.2p yesterday.

## Thorntons quits France

THORNTONS, the chocolate manufacturer and retailer, is to sell its loss-making French business for a nominal sum to Jeff de Bruges, a retail confectioner. Thorntons launched a £30 million expansion last month, and took a £22 million exceptional charge in the year to June 29 for restructuring, including the closure of its Belgian subsidiary, withdrawal from France and the closure of some manufacturing plant. It expects the loss on the French disposal to be lower than the £5.3 million provision.

## A few technical difficulties

THE long search for a new technical director of the English ICA shows no sign of ending. There were worried faces last week as secretariat members made yet another visit to headhunters after more failures to get someone to sign on the dotted line.

Moving the goalposts may not have helped. The institute originally wanted someone to run the technical directorate and boost its abilities at

## ANY OTHER BUSINESS

ken down at Pannell Kerr Forster last week. The firm's managing partner, John Wosner, was reporting record leaps in profitability and emphasising that making these public would scorch rumours that mid-tier firms are doomed.

Aspirant technical directors are, it seems, wary of barrages of rotten fruit.

### Golden era

THERE were some honest

was "to be a professional man in the 1920s". He sighed and then pulled himself together to admit that "you have to live with the world as it is".

The write stuff

THE Scottish ICA's magazine, CA Magazine, is looking for a new editor. Neil Fitzgerald has concluded his five-year stint with not only the centenary issue of the magazine, but also its 50th anniversary. He aims to

spread his Scottish business writing portfolio wider as a freelance. In his time, the magazine was transformed. It increased circulation and profits, and won awards as the best Scottish business magazine.

This is not so say that all members agreed with him. To people for whom the words "dear me" followed by a refreshing cup of tea was the acme of professional behaviour, Fitzgerald's energy and business zeal was often thought, well, a bit challenging for Edinburgh.

ROBERT

BRUCE

## Veering off from the straight and narrow

DELOITTE & TOUCHE

today publishes its

second survey of corporate governance disclosure.

Based on the accounts of the FTSE 100

companies, it shows that companies are, by

and large, fulfilling their growing responsibilities

under the various regulations and

guidelines on corporate governance.

So far, so good. The problems come, as they always do in this field, from the perceptions.

The survey is entitled "Avoiding Corporate Governance Overload". In other words, the ideas behind the survey show a clear bias.

Rules that aim to ensure that companies stick to the straight and narrow of corporate governance are seen to be meddlesome.

Not surprisingly, some of Deloitte & Touche's recommendations follow this line.

They say that the Hampel committee should not bother with any further rules or best-practice provisions on directors' remuneration.

&lt;p

## Equities stem early fall

**TRADING PERIOD:** Settlement takes place five business days after the day of trade. Changes are calculated on the previous day's close, but adjustments are made when a stock is ex-dividend. Changes, yields and price/earnings ratios are based on middle prices.

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125	120	Amber (830)	120	1.20	1.00	12.5
125	120	Amber (840)	120	1.20	1.00	12.5
125	120	Amber (850)	120	1.20	1.00	12.5
125	120	Amber (860)	120	1.20	1.00	12.5
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## ■ FILM 1

It's got Glenn Close and dogs with spots but the live-action *101 Dalmatians* isn't a patch on the cartoon



## ■ FILM 2

The game gets serious in the latest Hollywood excursion into the *Star Trek* universe, *First Contact*



## ■ FILM 3

Dennis Hopper, complete with pipe and walking stick, discovers the meaning of passion in *Acts of Love*



## ■ FILM 4

Andy Garcia stars as twin brothers in the lavish but hamfisted comic fable, *Steal Big Steal Little*

CINEMA: Geoff Brown on a real-life *101 Dalmatians* with Glenn Close, but without the heart of the cartoon original

# What has 404 legs and flaws?

**N**ot content with having among their assets a foody remembered cartoon called *One Hundred and One Dalmatians*, the Disney empire is now offering *101 Dalmatians*. It's new! It's live-action! It's got Glenn Close, dogs with spots, and lots and lots of publicity. Audiences will flock to it we have been programmed to do so.

And audiences will have a reasonably good time. The physical action is cleverly staged. The lead dogs are photogenic. London is prettily dressed in snow, and Glenn Close's Cruella De Vil looks stunning in angular black-and-white fashions topped off with red gloves, red fingernails and poisonous words. "I live for fur! I worship fur," she says as she sets her sights on the dalmatians' outer garments.

But does the film bring all the rewards of its predecessor, made 35 years ago? Unfortunately, no. The updating in John Hughes's script does not significantly affect the story drawn from Dodie Smith's book so what if Pongo's owner Roger, played by Jeff Daniels, designs video games, rather than writes songs? However, the decision to remove the dogs' voices certainly changes things. Denied the dogs' thoughts, we begin to stand outside the story, watching but not feeling.

Spectacle, of course, it has in plenty. Forget the dovetailing of canines and humans in the original cartoon. This is De Vil's show. Re-imagined as a fashion designer with a swanky HQ overlooking St Paul's, she sweeps through the film in a succession of amusing haute couture fashions designed by Anthony Powell. Close positively breathes contempt and greed, piercing and tasting her lines as though they were gourmet delicacies. But one-dimensional characters do not thrive on mass exposure, and motony eventually sets in.

The film, directed by Stephen Herek, bangs away in other places when restraint would be welcome. One chase scene featuring two lovesick dogs and their owners — Daniels and Joely Richardson — is fine. Two is too top. Scissors would also help the butchery of De Vil's bungling dog-nappers, Hugh Laurie and Mark Williams. Then, once the puppies are being rescued from

Dé Vil's country pile, the film develops fatigue: there are too many dogs with not enough character.

After a film that brings spots before the eyes, *Star Trek: First Contact*, the second movie to feature Patrick Stewart and his TV chums from *Star Trek: The Next Generation*, whisks us off to a universe draped in grey, or brown, where often the only bright light comes from a weapon being fired. Somehow, the future always looks this way, especially since *Blade Runner*.

But behind the hard surface lies a human drama of sorts, with a few

## ■ 101 Dalmatians

Odeon Leicester Square  
U, 103 mins  
Cruella knocks spots off the dogs

■ Star Trek:  
First Contact

Empire, 12, 110 mins  
Still going boldly, but not so much fun

## ■ Acts of Love

Warner West End, 12, 108 mins  
Dennis Hopper, good guy

## ■ Steal Big Steal Little

Warner West End, 12, 115 mins

Hamfisted comic fable

## ■ Two Much

Virgin Tropicadero, PG, 117 mins

Romantic comedy lays an egg

androids and cyborgs thrown in. Or just plain Borgs: for these half-organic, half-mechanical creatures, popular on TV, run amok through the plot, assimilating many of the Enterprise crew as they cruise the universe and threatening to muck up past history by barging in on Earth in the year 2063.

Stewart's Captain Picard has a thing about Borgs: they assimilated him in a famous TV episode. He is driven by vengeance, and finds a worthy adversary in the Borg Queen, a femme fatale with mottled skin and electric cables for hair, effectively played by Alice Krige.

The film-makers, for their part, seem to be driven by a need to supply a large dose of conventional

sci-fi spectacle. Hollywood's generous budget brings grandiose sights and sleek special effects, but less humour and fewer quirks than *Star Trek* old-timers might expect.

Luckily, some characters are strong enough to cut through the mainstream paraphernalia. Brent Spiner's Data, the android equipped with an "emotion chip", springs a few surprises, along with the expected jokes about feelings. Stewart himself, bald head and diction gleaming, tackles the adventure with customary authority.

Picard and Data aside, the Enterprise crew has comparatively little to do on screen, although Jonathan Frakes's Commander Riker is kept busy. For he directs, and earns credit for steering through a tangled script without losing momentum.

This *Star Trek* adventure delivers the goods many audiences will want. I just wish it made the

business of going boldly seem rather more fun.

On *Star Trek*, several hundred people slaved away to achieve startling sights. On *Acts of Love*, the film-makers make us jump simply by dressing Dennis Hopper in pipe, pullover, walking stick and schoolmaster glasses. Where is the man's gun, his sneer, and his psychotic mind? They have no place in Bruno Barreto's film.

Stuck in a Midwest hamlet with an ailing mother and a hesitant relationship with a fellow teacher, Hopper falls for the blonde, buxom charms of a new pupil with a horse to stable. Spotting her topless in his barn, he cries "Jesus Christ", walks away, returns, and says: "I think we should make love".

Hopper shows unexpected strengths as an ordinary man finally discovering passion, while Barreto goes for the arty Midwest

look: painted faces out of Dorothy Lang photos; simple compositions with doors and windows positioned in the centre. All this is interesting for a while, then the film gets stuck in a rut. Perhaps spunkier ladies would help: but neither Amy Irving (Hopper's long-time sweetheart), nor Amy Locane, the new girl, seem quite worth Hopper's attentions.

The film is also difficult to place with an audience. Is this a thoughtful art movie, or particularly sluggish mainstream fare? Whatever it is, and whatever its strengths, *Acts of Love* is finally not good enough to please either camp.

Previously, there has been no trouble deciding the audience for Andrew Davis's films. He made *The Fugitive* and *Under Siege*: popcorn movies, and good ones, too. But then, for his own production company, he makes *Steal Big Steal Little*, a lavish but hamfisted comic

farce with Andy Garcia as twin brothers, one bad, one good, fighting for control of an inheritance.

If the movie was smaller, lighter, and shorter, there might be a way to savour the japes and skullduggery. A sharper script would also have helped. As things are, we can only watch good talent and a fanciful idea getting lost.

Then we come to *Two Much*. Here is another tale of twins, although this pair is invented, dreamt up by Miami scallywag Antonio Banderas so that he can claim the hearts of two sisters. He needs Melanie Griffith for her money; he needs Daryl Hannah for love; and he dashes between bedrooms to keep both in play. Fernando Trueba's aim was sophisticated romantic comedy, but this first American venture for the Spanish director of *Belle Epoque* just sits on the screen and dies.

**SCENE**

Every week, young film fans discuss the latest releases...

**■ 101 DALMATIANS**  
Abi Naish, 21: Glenn Close gives a phenomenal performance as the leading villain. With plenty of cheese and a good, meaty filling, this Christmas appetiser is guaranteed to satisfy.

Jasmeet Anand, 19: Hugh Laurie saves the film from being a bit too sickly sweet with his wicked, dry humour. Reena Koticha, 19: Family fun but too unrealistic to be taken seriously by adults.

Sonia Noronha, 19: This Disney classic is suitable for all ages.

**■ STAR TREK: FIRST CONTACT**  
Abi: Has all the ingredients of a *Star Trek* smash hit: fantastic special effects and nail-biting drama. There were a few shocks, though — mainly the transformation of the evil Borg leader into a saucy sexual temptress.

Jasmeet: One for Trekkies only. Brilliant visual effects, but the story is predictable.

Reena: Even non-*Star Trek* fans would find this film thoroughly enjoyable.

Sonia: Stunning visuals and stunning performances.

**■ STEAL BIG STEAL LITTLE**  
Abi: A colourful, flamboyant and passionate film. The plot is a little overzealous at times but with a double dose of Andy Garcia this film is destined for success.

Jasmeet: The scenery and background setting are magnificent, as is the acting.

Reena: A superb film with a sublime Latin American backdrop. Entertaining and humorous, but with a moving underlying theme of blood being thicker than water.

Sonia: The twin story is a bit predictable, but was brought to life by excellent performances. Unrealistic but very entertaining.



Joan Plowright has moving, wagging spots before her eyes in *101 Dalmatians*. Stephen Herek's big-budget remake of classic Disney

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## NEW ON VIDEO: The British Empire strikes back

# Make mine a Bulldog

## ■ BULLDOG JACK

VC1, U, 1935  
THE breezy air and jutting chin of Jack Hulbert can be a pain, but he puts his best foot forward in this exhilarating comedy-thriller, a parody of Sapper's Bulldog Drummond stories, with a few nods along the way to Fritz Lang's tales of master criminals. Walter Forde's direction matches the script for liveliness.

## ■ FROM DUSK TO DAWN

Buena Vista, 18, 1996  
FLEEING gangsters set off for a rendezvous, the Tiny Twister bar in Mexico, only to face a new danger: vampires. A juvenile romp from director Robert Rodriguez, working from a Quentin Tarantino script originally written in 1990 on commission from a special effects company that wanted to showcase goo and gore. Tarantino also acts, badly, alongside Harvey Keitel, Juliette Lewis and George Clooney. To get the best of it,

you have to share the makers' enthusiasm for expending their talents on blatant trash. A rental release.

## ■ MADE IN HEAVEN

Wienerworld, E, 1996  
EVER in search of glamorous new ways to squander resources, the British Film Institute's production division has collaborated on a visual accompaniment to the final album by the rock group Queen. The directors include Bernard Radden, mixed media specialist Simon Pummell and various pop proto veterans; the approaches vary from the narrative and poetic to the abstract. The achievement is very mixed.

## ■ RAINBOW

First Independent, PG, 1996  
A QUARTET of kids travels over the rainbow to Kansas with a dog called Mutt. At first they find Dan Aykroyd, lamentably unfunny as a slow-

poke sheriff. Then this oddball didactic fantasy takes a turn for the better, presenting the eerie spectacle of a world draped in colour. Bob Hoskins's acting as the kids' guru is not much better than his direction, but the film's sheer oddity wins it some points.

## ■ THE TINGLER

Encore, 15, 1959  
WHEN this film was first released, some cinema seats were wired to generate mild electric shocks during scary sequences. Home viewing cannot reproduce the effect, but this famous movie by William Castle, a great showman rather than a great director, is still worth watching for its bizarre material. Vincent Price plays the corner who makes the lucky discovery that the emotion of fear produces a parasite growing on people's spines.

## GEOFF BROWN

Ballamy, however, is a restlessly eclectic musician and the band's next piece, *Bliss-off*, was an oddly askew, African-flavoured composition featuring a suitably dancing, light-fingered Parricelli solo. A warbling tenor ballad, *Eggsheil*, followed, full of softy swooning guitar chords and whispering cymbals grounded by aptly tentative bass, then it was back to Ballamy's snaking soprano for the jaunty *Inclination*.

But it was the set-closer, a heavy skidding theme showcasing Ballamy's more querulous side, that brought the band back to its native roots. Its title, *Battered This, Battered That*, is a quotation from the *Panorama* interview with that archetypal British 1990s cultural icon Diana, Princess of Wales.

For the opening number the band paid musical tribute to their distinguished mentor with a piece entitled *Hermetology*. Ballamy's pure-toned,

## Acme of diversity

Iain Ballamy  
Ronnie Scott's

meditative soprano quickly settled into a bustling Latin groove. Parricelli began bouncing his familiar long-lined, spangly solos off the tumbling drums of Mike Mondesir, and a course seemed to have been laid for South America.

CHRIS PARKER

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## ■ OPERA

La Scala opens its new season with a wildly expensive — and dreadful production of Gluck's *Armide*



## ■ CONCERT

Esa-Pekka Salonen conducts a thrilling performance of György Ligeti's *Requiem* with the Philharmonia



## ■ POP

At his Brixton Academy gig, Beck throws a little bit of everything into a high-speed cultural blender



## ■ THEATRE

Matthew Francis directs a thrilling new production of *The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn* at Greenwich



György Ligeti with Esa-Pekka Salonen: a thrilling partnership

## An awesome space odyssey

Philharmonia/Salonen Festival Hall/Radio 3

GYÖRGY Ligeti's *Requiem* is one of the few pieces of uncompromising avant-garde music that nearly everybody has heard, even if they don't know it. It supplied the unearthly choral effects on the soundtrack of Kubrick's film *2001: A Space Odyssey*. And the overwhelming impression of the *Requiem* — of awesome power allied to inscrutable super-intelligence of humanity (individual voices) dissolving into a vast cosmic pattern that we cannot even dimly understand (the hubbub) — does mirror Kubrick's fable of man hurtling through space under the control of a malign computer.

But that brief snatch on film scarcely prepares one for the impact of the full work experienced in the concert hall. And on Monday, as part of the South Bank's Ligeti festival, Esa-Pekka Salonen conducted the Philharmonia Orchestra and London Sinfonietta Chorus in a thrilling performance. Ligeti interweaves voices of the same register — all the basses, for instance — into tight clusters of adjacent notes, and then weaves those clusters into each other. At first the resulting sound seems totally opaque, totally without movement.

But gradually, with the help of orchestral shading, it opens out into an explosive Dies Irae with strident brass outbursts and histrionic intrusions by virtuosic solo

RICHARD MORRISON

voices (Charlotte Hellekant and Sibylle Eberle superb here). Finally comes an ethereal coded like a frozen half-life. It contains the key to the whole work, or so the composer says. The first-time listener may not be so sure. But few choral works written since 1945 make such a powerful impression.

What they do. Salonen coaxed beautiful timbres out of a hugely inflated Philharmonia in the drabs and drabs of incidental music. The actress Kelly Hunter swooned through the perfumed prose about the lovely lad who craves torture and execution. Various soloists popped up from improbable corners to warble ecstatically about the joy of pain, or vice versa. Choruses cohered. Lights flashed. And everybody kept a commendably straight face — the only straight thing in the whole work.

THEATRE: *Huckleberry Finn* comes thrillingly to life in Greenwich

OPERA: Rodney Milnes is appalled by the extravagant opening of Milan's La Scala season

## No expense spared, unhappily

The new production of Gluck's *Armide* (1777) that opened the season at La Scala on Saturday could well have served as the centrepiece of a weekend seminar on arts funding — and indeed should have done, as it served little other purpose. To those accustomed to the wares of cash-strapped British opera companies, it was an eye-opener. I spent most of the evening wondering what on earth this show could have cost — the combined production budgets of the Gardien and the Colosseum for a year, probably — and the rest of the evening wondering why. As a display of conspicuous consumption it verged upon the obscene, and explained the fierce resentment of La Scala felt by other Italian companies, many of them as cash-strapped as ours.

Given that what happened on stage had precious little to do with Gluck's opera — indeed, betrayed it — there could be no more powerful argument for stringent financial control from someone, somewhere. The décor was by Pier Luigi Pizzi, who also directed. A series of massive, three-dimensional sets was unveiled behind drops composed of paintings, if you please, for each act. Gold leaf glistened, mechanical horses trundled about, a huge false baroque ceiling flew in for ten minutes, tilted for no reason — talk about effects without causes — and disappeared, never to be seen again. Hundreds of costumes for principals, chorus and dancers in extravagant fabrics were changed at the drop of a hat, and many were hideous — there cannot be an ostrich left in all of Africa, with a feather on its hind quarters.

Anna Caterina Antonacci, Glyndebourne's stunning Ermione, sang the title role with equal warmth and in good French; in so large a theatre she couldn't quite deliver that sense of vocal overdrive essential in an *Armide*. Violetta Urmana certainly did, in her brief intervention as the personification of Hate, and it would be interesting to hear her in the main role. Vinson Cole sang the high tenor role of Renaud gently, sweetly and with succulent head tone; predictably, he was boozed. But the undirected soloists honestly didn't stand a chance; they, and Gluck, might have done if the production budget — was there one? — had been cut by 90 per cent. I have never witnessed so vivid a demonstration of the hideous dangers of limitless subsidy.



Anna Caterina Antonacci in *Armide*: "There cannot be an ostrich left with a feather on its hind quarters"

THEATRE: *Huckleberry Finn* comes thrillingly to life in Greenwich

## Escape on a raft of good ideas

THE vital ingredient when staging *The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn* is some means to suggest that he really is rafting downriver. Russell Craig's design for this new production at the Greenwich Theatre, adapted and directed by Matthew Francis, naturally uses the revolve, but it is the three irregular blocks he puts on to this that help us to imagine so vividly the alternating calm and danger of the Mississippi, beneath the low, huge moon.

An inclined plane does for the raft itself but beyond this, sometimes coming to the fore, are two larger, hollow structures able to represent the steamboat that upturns the raft and at other times, simply by moving, to give the impression of the distant banks the raft goes past. One of these blocks is what we first see, turned to show its tip-filled interior, Huck's bedroom at the Widow Douglas's house, where he is writhing in a double nightmare. Jim is in this scene too, singing a slave's song in a blue spot that gives his skin the look of polished ebony. Their fates are intertwined from the start.

A book so vast and sequential has to be looped, but it also



Slave and boy: Clive Llewellyn and Daniel Newman

has to be made to seem contained within three hours, and Francis splices several of the later episodes together in order to give the adventures dramatic shape. This leads to some confusion near the end when various colonels, judges and long-lost brothers keep

popping back into the action, to give the impression that the Mississippi must have been as short as your average brook to allow distances to be covered so rapidly.

But this later awkwardness cannot efface the prevailing thrill of the production, the

sense that Huck and Jim are embarked on truly is an adventure, where the issue is life or death, freedom or slavery. Daniel Newman, apparently aged 20 but looking years younger, makes a marvellously sympathetic Huck, alertly puzzled by the weird antics of the adult world and boyishly proud of his inventive lies — creative lying, unlike the rubbish that excites Tom Sawyer. Huck's crucial dilemma, whether to revolt against the slaving principles he has been taught, is not lost, though Jim's anxiety at travelling ever deeper into slave country has faded.

Clive Llewellyn's Jim is another sympathetic portrayal, helping to create the loving friendship between slave and boy. Llewellyn is so tall that Huck's feet kick the air when the two embrace.

The feuding Grangerfords are given some stately, self-praising songs, adding enjoyable mockery to their strange behaviour, but Francis has introduced dashes of humour throughout the evening, including several interventions by wildlife that earned (and deserved) amazed applause.

JEREMY KINGSTON

## Undersold icon

Beck  
Brixton Academy

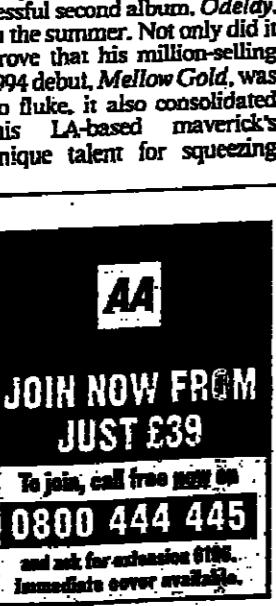
to carry off many of his performance tricks. Dismissing his backing band early in the show for a lengthy solo spot on acoustic guitar and harmonica was a mistake, deadening the ambience before it had developed. Not even a bouncy romp through his breakthrough novelty hit *Loser*, or an extended rap improvisation on *Where It's At*, could provide Beck with the popular start he lacked.

A turning point of sorts finally arrived with a raucous reading of his current hit *Devil's Haircut*, a booming

punk-rock anthem that was greeted with a mixture of rapture and relief. What followed was an uneven but energetic patchwork of gravel-voiced rap, pastiche country rock and hammy showmanship as Beck had a cheerful breakdown and had himself carried off stage, only to reappear in a garish Elvis Presley jumpsuit.

Beck's performance-art leanings are worryingly pronounced. Although his dazzling eclecticism undoubtedly stems from a genuine love of diverse musical forms, his presentation requires far more straight-faced self-assurance if it is to avoid coming across as smirking post-modern irony. Humour may be a vital ingredient of great pop, but Beck undersells his genuine musical merits by refusing to take himself seriously and encouraging us to do the same.

STEPHEN DALTON



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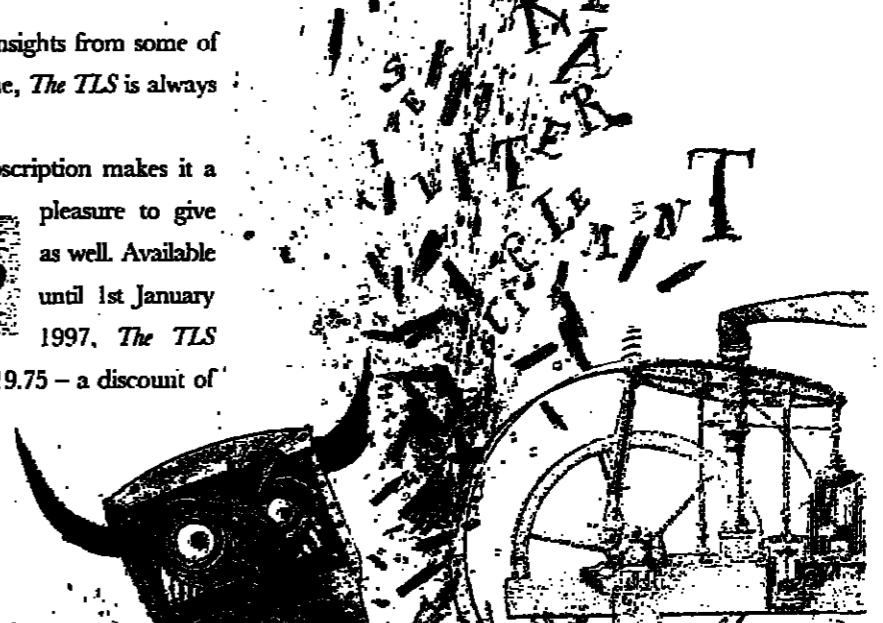
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# Bordering on yesteryear

Maps present a unique medium of communication, yet an approach to historical cartography has, at times, prevented the utilisation of maps to their full advantage. Historians, barring a few such as Martin Gilbert, have tended to give the impression that they were less than fully comfortable with visual as opposed to textual exposition. The result is the reduction of maps to the level of auxiliaries, even in historical atlases. It follows that attention paid to maps is insufficient, which can lead to superficiality and inaccuracies. Many weaknesses of the *Champlons' atlas* can be seen to spring from this tradition.

The authors' aim is to be comprehensive, yet the atlas is a wasted opportunity. The structure is somewhat unimaginative; it is essentially chronological and the chapters of the consecutive periods are broken down chiefly on a country by country basis. This mechanical approach is not in itself a significant disadvantage, although a more issue-oriented structure would have focused the mind better. The central question is the neglect of the cartographic content. The problem here is not a lack of perfection; it is an apparent lack of care. The subject area alone should have invited more than usual attention to the details of mapping, given the frequent and large-scale frontier changes and ethnic conflicts. The factual unreliability is compounded by an atlas purporting to aim at the academic market.

The errors are frequently severe. On page 6, *Administrative boundaries in Austria-Hungary*, three redundant frontier lines feature. The inclusion of the one between Transylvania and Hungary — which was in fact obsolete from 1867 — may result in undesirable implications concerning the Hungarian-Romanian controversy. A few administrative entities featured there are no less anachronistic; some become dysfunctional for the period (Banat, Transylvania), others were yet unknowns (Slovakia, Ruthenia).

Another map of *Territorial changes after the Balkan Wars* (1912-13) erroneously indicates the area between the Enos-Midia and the Chataj lines as a gain by Bulgaria. The Chataj line, although reached by Bulgarian troops, has not functioned even briefly as a political frontier. There are instances, as indeed the correct description of the

**András Bereznay fails to lose himself in a chronicle of Europe made in maps**

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By Richard and Ben Crampton  
Routledge £55  
ISBN 0 415 00689 1



Bucharest after revolt (1990)

Enos-Midia line as a frontier on page 21, when the text contradicts the map it is to explain. Chelm is described correctly on page 33 as assigned to Ukraine under the Brest-Litovsk Treaty of 1918, yet it appears in Poland on the related map on page 32, where other frontiers are also extremely unreliable. There are more mistakes not listed here.

Inconsistencies, such as maps that contradict each other, are not rare. This is particularly conspicuous in the case of maps showing ethnic and religious boundaries, which are usually deeply unreliable, displaying data bordering, at times, on the bizarre. Inherent contradictions, however, are not there alone. The area regained by Hungary from Romania in 1940 is featured correctly on page 80, wrongly on page 120. Towns and area names appear at times peculiarly ill-placed, with the oddest spellings — only to appear spelt correctly in the good glossary.

Diagrams and graphs are useful additions, but one of them, on page 139, is impossible to interpret. Keys are on occasion incorrect. Some curious things occur. Each map is allocated with grid markings, superfluously so as no corresponding data of grid reference is provided in the index. Maps that show the comparative overview of frontiers which would be relevant at either end of the book, are dropped incongruously on pages 144-150, with no reference to their existence in the contents.

These problems alone could undermine the credibility of any reference book, yet this atlas has more. Consistency of cartographic quality of all maps featured is a *sine qua non* of any atlas publication. This is lacking here. Most maps are sketchy; the cartographic methods employed are frequently substandard, after which the maps of the last two sections, of greatly superior quality, come as a surprise. Sadly, most of these are largely devoid of information more specific than found in ordinary geographical atlases.

The text accompanying the maps is the best part, although not free from errors. It is mistakenly stated that the Greeks were not required to cede territory in 1897 after their war with the Turks, and it is odd to read about tension in 1815-48 between Vienna and "Budapest". Not only was "Budapest" created later — in 1873 — but also the seat of the Hungarian Parliament was Pozsony until 1848.

On occasion the colourful gains ground at the expense of the important. Space is found to tell of a Romanian's fainting on hearing the terms of the 2nd Vienna Award in 1940 when northern Transylvania was returned to Hungary, while in describing the Bucharest Treaty of 1918, the crucial fact that Romania annexed Bessarabia remains unmentioned.

Despite these problems, the text is essentially useful and informative. Its quality is certainly far superior to that of the maps, raising the question whether the authors would not have served their readers better if they had remained entirely with the means of communication in which they are so clearly more at home.

*András Bereznay conceived and compiled the maps of The Times Atlas of European History (Times Books, £25), and contributed to The Times Atlas of the 20th Century (Times Books, £25).*

Roy Porter examines Victorian psychiatry and is shocked by how little has changed



19th-century cruelty and corruption in Bedlam were nothing new. William Hogarth's *Rake's Progress* (1735) depicting the squalor of life in the asylum

## Still a great distance from Utopia

**T**he public's verdict on psychiatry has never been more jaundiced, and the insights afforded by this pair of books into its 19th-century roots help to show why. A collaboration between three leading historians, *Masters of Bedlam* offers an engrossing gallery of the pioneers of Victorian psychiatry. The moral of these biographical sketches is that, for all their good intentions and sanguine rhetoric, the enterprise was always shaky, often sleazy, and at bottom intellectually hollow.

The first "suspect" is John Haslam, the apothecary to Bethlem Hospital at the dawn of the 19th century, though soon to be fired after a parliamentary investigation had exposed cruelty and corruption in Bedlam's management. Haslam brought his fate upon himself, ratting on his colleagues before the MPs (the late surgeon, he revealed, had been an alcoholic who had himself needed a straitjacket), and defending practices too harsh to be acceptable in an age of reform.

After Haslam, any self-respecting psychiatrist had to be a reformer. At London's Hanwell Hospital John Conolly pioneered "non-restraint", freeing inmates from chairs and straitjackets; Samuel Gaskell, superintendent in Lancaster, showed how a madhouse could be run both economically and desirably.

His argument would seem to support Daniel Goldhagen's recent controversial claim that German anti-Semitism was the motor of the Holocaust. Stoltzfus gives many examples of Germans denouncing and policing their intermarried and *Mischlinge* neighbours, but also acknowledges that the Nazis may have tolerated the Rosenthal protest because it touched only the periphery of the Final Solution.

It is a well-argued book, flawed only by purple writing in the insufficiently edited case histories which interlace painstakingly researched historical chapters. This undermines the book's otherwise unimpeachable authority.

Susi Bechhofer was a *Mischling* who came to Britain from a Munich orphanage in 1938 aged three, two of the 10,000 children who escaped Nazi Europe on the Kindertransport. *Rosa's Child* tells her gripping, moving story. Adopted by a controlling Welsh Baptist minister, she was not only stripped of her name and Jewish identity, but also sexually abused by him.

It wasn't until the 1980s that Susi, now Grace Stocken, a

icantly yet humanely: Alexander Morison set up the first psychiatric lectures; John Bucknill, head of the Devon Asylum, gave the profession dignity by writing textbooks, editing journals and imparting an air of muscular Christianity in the Arnold of Rugby manner; and, most optimistically, the Scot, W. A. F. Browne, declared the asylum of the future world to be a "Utopia".

However admirable and admired, all such worthies reveal psychiatry's fatal flaws. Like Haslam, Morison too was involved in a Bedlam scandal. Conolly who, like Bucknill, was long the scourge of "the trade in lunacy", eventually stooped to running a private asylum himself and bending the certification laws in the process; while in his later years Bucknill lost faith in the efficacy of the national asylum system he had championed.

And this book's sense of wasted

**MASTERS OF BEDLAM**  
The Transformation of the Mad-Doctoring Trade

By Andrew Scull, Charlotte MacKenzie and Nicholas Hervey  
Princeton University Press, £23  
ISBN 0 691 03411 7

**WILD BEASTS AND IDLE HUMOURS**  
The Insanity Defense from Antiquity to the Present

By Daniel N. Robinson  
Harvard University Press, £9.95  
ISBN 0 674 95289 8

tal that would be as unlike the Victorian asylum as possible.

A comparable portrait of an ambiguous legacy is offered by *Wild Beasts and Idle Humours*. An American psychologist, Daniel N. Robinson, traces the development of the insanity plea, exonerating from punishment criminals judged to have been mad at the time of committing their crime. Traditionally, commonsense criteria

were used, but in the 19th century psychiatric experts began to elbow their way into the witness box.

As well as providing an assured historical survey, Robinson offers an indictment. These days, he claims, justice is threatened by the irresponsible proliferation of so-called medical evidence allegedly proving the psychiatric fitness of defendants to stand trial. He implies that most of this "expertise" presented before the courts is "arbitrary" or "capricious", and that the finger of blame for this development should be pointed at the empire-building activities of Victorian psychiatric professionals — and the credulous willingness of courts and the public to listen to the "couldn't help it" school.

Robinson's thrust — and it comes out clearly in a "bone-he picks with Scull" — is that those who have the real know-how in these matters are the lawyers. Believe it if you will. The clear message of both these books, however, is that, while Victorian psychiatry staked its claim to a unique medical insight into the cause and cure of lunacy, such claims were built on sand. The monotonous regularity with which mental patients released into the community still prove violent and dangerous suggests things have changed all too little.

## A remarkable demonstration of love

**W**hile some (shockingly) have already detected the beginnings of Holocaust-fatigue, the flow of stories about the Holocaust remains unbroken. It seems rather to accelerate as new documents become available and a sense of millennial urgency grows. These two new contributions remind us just how much remains unknown. Nathan Stoltzfus has turned

either intermarried Jewish husbands or *Mischlinge* (children with one Jewish parent), escaped deportation and survived the war.

In part it is a story of female resourcefulness. The 1935 Nuremberg Laws forbade new marriages between Aryan and Jew, and put pressure on the Aryan partners in old ones to divorce their spouses. Those wives who didn't — the majority — were most frequently rejected by their German families and friends and suffered the loss of their Jewish in-laws. Their action is another chapter in the history of effective non-violent direct action.

But Stoltzfus uses the incident to ask wider questions about the Nazi project and its success. Hitler vacillated extraordinarily on the whole issue of intermarriage and *Mischlinge*, finally deferring their extermination indefinitely — because, argues Stoltzfus, Nazism advanced through its apparent legitimacy. Hitler constantly strove to avoid exciting popular dissent. By 1942 the Nazis had successfully isolated German Jews

from the rest of the population so that they could be disposed of without protest, but extricating intermarried Jews from the web of German families proved too incitative. Had Germans reacted with equal vigour when "full Jews" were being prised from their cities and towns, argues Stoltzfus, then the Final Solution might have faltered.

His argument would seem to support Daniel Goldhagen's recent controversial claim that German anti-Semitism was the motor of the Holocaust. Stoltzfus gives many examples of Germans denouncing and policing their intermarried and *Mischlinge* neighbours, but also acknowledges that the Nazis may have tolerated the Rosenthal protest because it touched only the periphery of the Final Solution.

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It wasn't until the 1980s that Susi, now Grace Stocken, a



*Mischling*: Werner Goldberg, in uniform, with his mother, photographed by his Jewish father in 1938

## Not open to negotiation

Brian Crozier

**FIGHTING TERRORISM**  
By Benjamin Netanyahu  
Allen & Unwin  
£12.99  
ISBN 0 85033 919 6

advanced civilisations". Usefully, he gives accurate and apposite details of the roles of Iraq, Iran and Syria in sponsoring international terrorism, but also of the lesser known role of support groups in unexpected places, such as Belgium and Germany.

In his last chapter, "What is to be done?", the author lists a series of measures that are worth quoting:

1. Sanctions on suppliers of nuclear technology to terrorist states.
2. Diplomatic, economic and military sanctions on the terrorist states themselves.
3. Neutralise terrorist enclaves.
4. Freeze financial assets in the West of terrorist regimes and organisations.
5. Share intelligence (with friendly countries).
6. Revise legislation to enable greater surveillance and action (against terrorists), subject to periodic renewal.
7. Actively pursue terrorists.
8. Do not release jailed terrorists.
9. Train special forces to fight terrorism.
10. Educate the public.

Personally, I have reservations against sanctions, which never seem to work. But the last chapter should be required reading for heads of government, including our own John Major, who opt for negotiations in preference to defeating terrorists.

Brian Crozier founded and was Director of the Institute for the Study of Conflict, 1970-79.

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# Fine barrage from an artillery of words

Ian McIntyre finds that it is a good thing for even an educated man to read books of quotations

Emerson on immortality: "I notice that as soon as writers broach this question they begin to quote. I hate quotations. 'Tell me what you know.' Winston Churchill, looking back on his youth, thought differently. 'Bartlett's *Familiar Quotations* is an admirable work, and I studied it intently.' Bartlett was running the University Bookstore in Cambridge, Massachusetts, when his book first appeared in 1855. Now in its 16th edition — its Oxford rival is only in its fourth — it remains the standard against which to measure all new contenders.

The odd man out in this selection is *The Guinness Chronicle of the 20th Century in Quotations* by David Milledge (Guinness Publishing, £9.99; ISBN 0 8512 6005 5) — a narrative of events as they unfold, told in the context of the words of the people who were involved in them. Somehow, it doesn't quite work: the explanations are generally longer than the quotations and this creates a topsy-turvy effect, particularly as many of the quotes are notably unmemorable. Keesing's *Archives* can breathe again.

*The Oxford Dictionary of Political Quotations* (OUP, £15.99; ISBN 0 19 863138 3), provides an agreeable pendant to the *Oxford Book of Political Anecdotes*. The editor, Anthony Jay, is slightly carried away when he compares Nigel Birch's *Lost Leader* attack on Harold Macmillan in 1963 to the fatal thrust of Brutus's dagger, but his 4,000 quotations are a godsend to crossword junkies, browsers and political ghost-writers.

Jay offers no instance of the wit or wisdom of the former Tory minister Kenneth Baker. For that we must turn to the Chambers *Dictionary of Quotations*, edited by Alison James (Chambers, £25; ISBN 0 550 21019 9), where we learn that in 1979 he said that if Conservative backbenchers wanted to get on, they must find a foothold "in the narrow strip of land that lies between sycophancy and rebellion". We also learn that Baker was the book's political consultant. Not a role in which he seems to have over-extended himself — the note attached to one of Churchill's

sallies confuses Ernie Bevin with Nye Bevan.

Chambers claim to have cast their net exceptionally wide, their specialists including "activists, travellers, feminists and youth icons". Whether the "truly international" nature of their coverage will be appreciated remains doubtful; I am naturally sorry to learn that the Syrian mystical philosopher Abu'l-Ala Al-Ma'ari (973-1058) was blinded by smallpox in childhood, but lines like "Consider every moment past! A thread from life's frayed mantle cast" did not send me scampering to his collected works. The Peruvian novelist José María Arguedas was also lucky to scrape in with "Where is the country, my friend? It is not in the heart or in the saliva." Perhaps Fidel Castro's speechwriters will work it in somewhere.

All credit to Chambers, however,



Truman's aide, Dean Acheson: wit revived

President Truman's civilised and witty Secretary of State — he gets four pithy mentions in the latest *Oxford Dictionary of Quotations* (OUP, £25; ISBN 0 19 860055 5), and Bartlett unaccountably ignores him completely. "A real Centaur," he said of President Johnson, "part

man, part horse's ass." I also liked his advice about the FBI's J. Edgar Hoover — "Trust him as much as you would a ramblesome with a silencer on its rattle".

That deserved a place in Jonathan Green's *Dictionary of Insulting Quotations* (Cassell, £16.99; ISBN 0 304 34590 3), although Green makes amends with Gore Vidal's elegant skewering of Andy Warhol — "the only genius with an IQ of 60". He includes Jonathan Miller's "the bubonic plagiarist" (of Sir David Frost), but also pads shamelessly with chestnuts like "a nation of shopkeepers" and "sayings" like

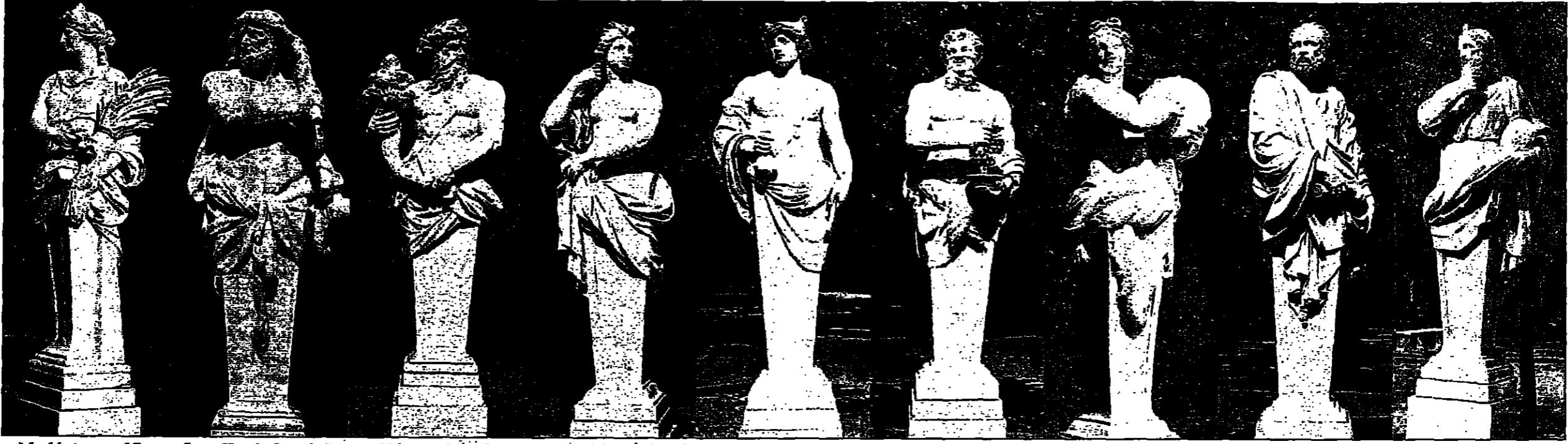
"That isn't a dog; that's a Fleming" which is apparently part of the folk wisdom of the Walloons. Des McHale claims for his *Wit* (Prion, £9.99; ISBN 1 85375 222 0) "a breadth and freshness that cannot be matched by the standard books of quotations." Idi Amin "I am still the heavyweight champion of Uganda."

"Another ambition is "to open the

mouths of women made dumb by history", and this they achieve with a catholic range of entries, from the novelist Annie S. Swan to the missionary Mary Slessor. The psychiatrist Winifred Rushforth rates three entries, Janet Breadhead, executed for witchcraft in 1662, only one — the description of sexual intercourse with the Devil which she gave at her trial. (The editors' almost saintly sense of fairness moves them to record the late Nicholas Fairbairn's view of women MPs — "they are just cagnags, scribblings, old tatties".)

Football manager Bill Shankly forces his way in with "Me havin' no education, I had to use my brains"; Sean Connery's entries make it clear he found another route to success: one of Billy Connolly's ("Braveheart" is pure Australian shite) suggests that the comedian is a film critic *maugre*. Kipling has a character who "wrapped himself in quotations — as a beggar would enfold himself in the purple of emperors". Enough imperial purple — and tartan — here to run up a wardrobe for every beggar in the land. And possibly a kilt for Bernard Levin.

Another ambition is "to open the



Marble terms of figures from Classical mythology and history along the Great Axis of the garden of Versailles, circa 1690; from left to right: Ceres, Hercules, Achelous, Pandora, Hermes, a satyr and bacchante, Diogenes and Plato

## From fertile France

Marc Jordan

GEORGES DE LA TOUR AND HIS WORLD

By Philippe Conisbee

Yale, £30

ISBN 0 300 09940 0

VERSAILLES

The History of the

Gardens and their

Sculpture

By Stéphane Pincas

Thames & Hudson, £48

ISBN 0 500 07070 8

HONORÉ DAUMIER

By Bruce Naughton

Yale, £45

ISBN 0 300 09945 6

There are three new books about very different kinds of French art. But would the subject of *Georges de La Tour and his World* have recognised himself as a French artist? I mention this because La Tour, masterly painter of Caravaggesque scenes of gaming and candlelit devotional pictures, has been regarded as one of the glories of French 17th-century art ever since his rediscovery at the beginning of this century. Yet as the authors of this beautiful book (which accompanies an unmissable exhibition at the Metropolitan Museum in New York) are at pains to emphasise, La Tour was a Lorrainer. For most of his life Lorraine was an independent duchy squeezed between France and the German states and had its own distinctive artistic culture looking as much to The Netherlands as to Paris for inspiration.

One of the enigmas of the history of art is that La Tour was painting pictures that are rivalled only by Vermeer's for their introspective stillness at the very time that his homeland was in the grip of the terrible miseries of the Thirty Years War. Much else is

*the Baptist*, came to light as recently as 1994, while the Met's own *Fortune-teller* has been accused of being a modern fake. Such technical and historical small print is not always appealing to nonprofessionals. The book, however, makes these issues not only accessible but positively enjoyable. If you cannot get to the show put *Georges de La Tour and his World* at the top of your Christmas stocking list.

By contrast, nothing could be more emblematic of metropolitan France than Versailles and its gardens. We English are perhaps better at appreciating the individualistic and quirky side of French art, instinctively preferring the simplicity and "authenticity" of La Tour to the showy and personalised display of Louis XIV.

Even such a quintessentially *grand siècle* personality as the Duc de Saint-Simon criticised the folly of trying to build the biggest formal garden in the world, complete with innumerable

fountains, lakes and cascades on a chalky plain conspicuously lacking a water supply.

Yet done it was. And as Stéphane Pincas's *Versailles: The History of the Gardens and their Sculpture* underlines with its enticing combination of specially commissioned photographs, old paintings, plans and engravings, the magnificence we can still enjoy on a day trip from Paris is only a pale reflection of what Louis XIV, his gardener Le Nôtre and his artistic impresario Charles Le Brun intended.

It is not just that all growing things tend towards decay, but that the garden's creators were constantly striving for new and grander effects. The fountains and myriad other forms of sculpture that are the real *raison d'être* of this handsomely produced book were constantly being added to, moved, painted or gilded, replaced in more expensive materials or shifted to other royal parks. Pincas succeeds

in giving an impression of this dynamic and in giving a sense of the animated and fantastic character given, under the *ancien régime*, to the stiffly clipped groves of box and hornbeam, the heaps of marble and bronze.

**B**y day the play of light on sheets of jets of water and by night torch-lit festivities with bankrupting fireworks displays softened and melted this hard-edged scene into an opulent fairytale which mesmerised the Sun King's courtiers and foreign princes alike. It is ironic, as Pincas points out, that even before the French Revolution Louis XIV's ill-fated descendants were redesigning parts of the ultimate *jardin à la française* in the deceptively artless and newly chic English style.

Moving to the 19th century, no one would turn to the art of Honoré Daumier for uplift, specialising as he did in the more desolate aspect of con-

temporary urban life. His hatcher-faced lawyers, impoverished litigants, top-hatted rentiers and worn-out washer-women are familiar from the hundreds of lithographs he produced for satirical journals.

Much less familiar are the paintings and watercolours with which he attempted to capture the attention of a more sophisticated market of dealers and collectors. In *Honoré Daumier* Bruce Naughton has written the first modern account of all the artist's strands of endeavour. But though this useful book is accessibly written and attractively illustrated, it is descriptive rather than analytical in its approach. The result is that it misses an interesting opportunity to probe Daumier's reasons for wanting to move from the news-stand to the *Salon*. Could it have been that in an age in which the main political slogan was "enrichissez-vous", Daumier the social satirist yearned for some of the prestige and wealth that went with the gold-framed easel painting? If so he failed, being unable to resist the temptation to satirise in paint the collectors he most wanted to impress.

**S**tephen Schneider is one of the best-known American proponents of the idea of global warming caused by human activities — the greenhouse effect. He has carried out research at the United States National Centre for Atmospheric Research, and spread the word to a broad public through television appearances and a sequence of great, fat books. But this book is different. The latest in the "Science Masters" series, the format forces Schneider to present his ideas — the story of climate change in its entirety, since the Earth formed 4.5 billion years ago — as accessibly as possible in less than 200 pages.

It has to be said that the result is not the most entertaining or easiest read in the series, but it just may be the most important, providing a sober perspective on environmental changes that will shape all our lives in the 21st century.

**S**obriety, indeed, seems to be Schneider's watchword. He eschews extravagant claims, and offers a serious and balanced view, covering the co-evolution of climate and life, ice age cycles, and a clear explanation of how computer modelling of climate works and why the greenhouse effect forecast should be taken seriously.

The facts are dramatic enough to need no embellishment (although I would have liked to see them supported by rather more accessible diagrams than the ones plucked from the pages of learned journals that appear here). We learn why (probably) the Earth was so warm in the time of the dinosaurs, and how even the lower end of the range of greenhouse effect forecasts project a warming in the 21st century ten times faster than anything that has occurred naturally for millions of years.

**S**elf-confident in 1996, we can look back on those early changes as pathology, and Schneider's work as palliative. But it was the beginning. The unlikely coalition of tentative free-thinkers — Nicholas Ridley, Roy Jenkins, the Liberal Party and, yes, even Margaret Thatcher and Keith Joseph, voted consistently for homosexual reform on the basis that homosexuality was an unfortunate affliction but not one which should be punished, now appear illiberal. But in the context of their times they were brave and forward-thinking. Wilberforce's early proposals hardly began to address the problem of slavery. Lincoln's personal attitude towards the negro race was grotesque.

Patrick Higgins's exposé of the workings, internal wranglings and witness statements of the Wolfenden Committee is absorbing. His access to confidential papers has been unprecedented and he has not abused it. His painstaking study of the committee's work deserves to become a classic for this alone. His impression that Sir John Wolfenden was a cold and ambitious man with an eye to the main chance rings true. His description of the committee, which has "skilful operators with a wide experience of British institutions and which gave them a natural sympathy for authority, an ability to turn a blind eye at the appropriate moment and to avoid confrontations,"

is毫不容情地坦白。

Without meaning to, and

because his book is so carefully

researched, set forth so

honestly and narrated so well,

Higgins has paid them tribute.

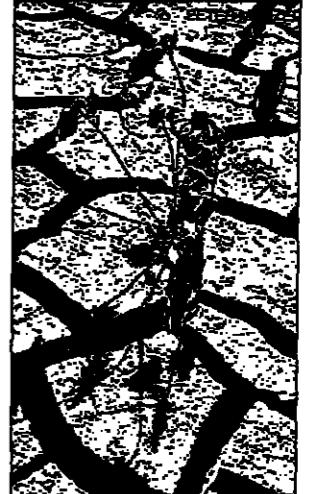
## An unwelcome change in the weather

John Gribbin

LABORATORY EARTH

By Stephen H. Schneider

Weidenfeld & Nicolson, £11.99



Hotting up: desert blooms

seemingly all of it in need of repeating as we continue to release the gases that cause the warming at an increasing rate.

It may be a bit worthy, and it may be a bit dull; but it is well worth having alongside you to check the real facts the next time some spokesman for the coal industry tries to pull the wool over our eyes with claims that (a) the greenhouse effect doesn't exist and (b) if it does exist, it is a good thing.

John Gribbin is co-author (with Mary Gribbin) of *Watching the Weather*, published by Constable, priced £14.95.

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## Great change out of small

Matthew Parris

HETEROSEXUAL

DICTIONSHIP

Male Homosexuality

in Postwar Britain

By Patrick Higgins

Fourth Estate, £16.99

ISBN 1 85702 355 2

of Britain's popular newspapers with homosexual references, combined with a disinclination to name the practice.

In the *News of the World* between 1932 and 1959 he finds hardly a dozen uses of the word "homosexual" — the paper's court reporters hovering gingerly round the flame, yet drawn to it again and again. Higgins sees this as evidence that gay men faced a conspiracy of denial, and in a way that is true. They did. In the tabloid press more recently, denial has given way to abuse, and Higgins will not find *The Sun* lacking in references to "p\*ssy" throughout the Fifties.

But beneath tabloid euphemism and tabloid abuse, something was happening which I believe to be more significant than the way journalists labelled homosexuals in Britain at the time.

He demonstrates by textual analysis the growing obsession through the Fifties

**Crowd control, Fifties-style: evidence of a hidden world?**

*Sun* has done more for homosexual emancipation by a thousand shocked revelations about the lives of the famous and the humble than *The Guardian* ever did by a score of right-on essays about sexuality.

I doubt whether Higgins would accept this. It is a measure of his professionalism that he can offer so fair-minded, comprehensive and enlightening a study along a personal thesis which is kept quite separate and which is (in my view) profoundly wrong. His view is illustrated in his

final judgment on Wolfenden's work: "The path from Wolfenden through the parliamentary debates of the 1960s is a false trail, ending in a symbol, a piece of legislation which did nothing to promote tolerance or equality for homosexual men. Neither did it address the sorts of legal harassment faced by many homosexuals in Britain at the time.

There is a kind of false consciousness, to which I think Higgins has succumbed, which may arise in the later stages of any process of hu-

man reform. It involves a denial that early efforts by early reformers had any real legitimacy within the movement. To say so is to make a mistake that of viewing the attitudes of another generation through the lens of our own, and finding even the reformers preposterously timid. Of course they are. Of course to Higgins or me, those who, like Margaret Thatcher and Keith Joseph, voted consistently for homosexual reform on the basis that homosexuality was an unfortunate affliction but not one which should be punished, now appear illiberal. But in the context of their times they were brave and forward-thinking. Wilberforce's early proposals hardly began to address the problem of slavery. Lincoln's

Smoking and drinking come under attack

## Inflight alcohol can lead to anger

By FARROL KAHN

THE recent case of the millionaire who was tied up with her dog's leash by an American Airlines captain demonstrates how determined airlines are to curb drunken passengers. Yet alcohol is readily available and its abuse is one of the most common inflight problems.

The main reason for excessive drinking is fear of flying, according to Dr Eirikur Arnarson, a psychiatrist at the University of Iceland. "I know of passengers who begin to drink at 6am on a flight when it is customary for them to drink only socially in the evening," he says.

There are two kinds of drunken passengers, those in economy and those up front. Those in economy tend to become aggressive, particularly when they are in a group. Because of the cramped conditions they feel over-crowded and tend to quarrel among themselves.

The inebriated passengers in first class are more difficult because they feel threatened by their lack of control over their surroundings. On the ground, they are in charge of every minute of their time.

Under the influence of alcohol they can go a little crazy. And unlike the people in economy they have power to wield, because of their wealth or position or both. They can sue and are not afraid of big corporations. They may also have a good case of negligence on the ground that the airlines have not informed passengers of the increased potency of drugs and alcohol in the air.

This is caused by the interaction between the physiological stresses of flight, particularly lack of oxygen, and medicines. As the former alters the brain's functions the actions of any drugs that affect the brain will be altered, too.

In the case of the American millionaire, she took a sleeping tablet. This can cause memory loss or antisocial behaviour. The outcome of her lawsuit will set an important precedent and could change the attitude of airlines towards drinking on board. They could start by informing passengers about the effect of alcohol in the air before they start restraining them, particularly those in first class.

The writer is director of the Aviation Health Institute (01865 739681)

## Insurer says no to heavy drinkers

By HARVEY ELLIOTT

A LEADING travel insurance company said yesterday that it would reject claims from Christmas holidaymakers who have too much to drink.

Sarah Jeannides, marketing manager of Home and Overseas, Britain's biggest travel insurance company, said that holidaymakers risked more than a hangover from drinking.

"There's nothing wrong with a bit of drinking on holiday," she said, "but it is worth remembering that if you lose something in the resort while you are drunk, your travel insurance may not cover you. Insurers cannot be in the business of protecting people who cannot take responsibility for themselves."

Her comments come after an NOP survey for the company revealed that more than half drink more abroad than at home and a third admit to becoming "tipsy" most evenings. Nearly 70 per cent of men and 35 per cent of women drink at lunchtime when abroad but only 37 per cent of men admit to being unable to hold their drink at night, compared with 63 per cent of women who said they felt tipsy.

Doctors also warned drinkers in all-inclusive resorts that they could be in serious danger of wrecking their health and urged tour operators to curb the amount of free drinks on offer, after another survey showed that the average amount drunk in an all-inclusive resort was seven times the recommended level.

The survey, carried out in 50 resorts in the Dominican Republic, Barbados, Jamaica and Mexico, showed that the average customer drank 25 units a day, the equivalent of 12.5 pints of beer.

Tour operators rejected the findings as "nonsense". A Thomson spokeswoman said: "The resorts could not stay open, let alone make a profit, at that kind of consumption rate. We find that on the first day of a holiday guests might go slightly over the top because they suddenly realise everything is free. But the last thing they want is to wake up with a headache every day."

Professor Martin Plant, director of the alcohol research group, was horrified by the findings in the survey, carried out by Sunset Holidays, part of the Flying Colours Leisure Group. He said: "People drinking these amounts of alcohol are putting themselves and other people at risk. It is grossly irresponsible of the tour companies to go to the extremes they do to make unlimited alcohol available."

A spokesman for Sandals, the leading all-inclusive group, said there was no evidence to suggest that alcohol consumption was as high as was indicated.

Airtours said: "There is some onus on the individual to decide how much they should eat, how long to stay in the sun and how much to drink."

Sunset Holidays, which carried out the survey of tourists and hoteliers, insisted: "We do not recommend or encourage anyone to drink to the point where they endanger their own health."

The new brochure from

should regulate itself rather than wait for the Government to pass draconian legislation which, according to one member who replied to the survey, would be "the nanny police state gone mad".

Mr Logie says: "Adequate ventilation will also provide a smoke-free atmosphere, where there is good ventilation, a restriction on smoking may not be necessary. It is good for business to provide an environment that pleases all guests. Most hotels appear to have taken the view that a restriction on smoking is the way forward, but if there is adequate ventilation, non-smoking guests need not be troubled by smoking at all. It is a matter of trying to find the best solution to a sensitive problem."

• The tourism industry could generate 310,000 new jobs within the next ten years as investment in leisure facilities soars by more than 32 per cent, according to the World Travel and Tourism Council.

Sir Colin Marshall, the council's vice-chairman said: "Travel and tourism is a key to future economic growth. The forecasts demonstrate that the industry is a vital part of the UK economy and will become even more central to broad economic policies relating to trade and infrastructure investment over the next ten years."

## Restaurants ban smoking

SMOKERS are finding it increasingly difficult to book a restaurant or hotel that is prepared to accept them and their habit, according to one member who replied to the survey, would be "the nanny police state gone mad".

Mr Logie says: "Adequate ventilation will also provide a smoke-free atmosphere, where there is good ventilation, a restriction on smoking may not be necessary. It is good for business to provide an environment that pleases all guests. Most hotels appear to have taken the view that a restriction on smoking is the way forward, but if there is adequate ventilation, non-smoking guests need not be troubled by smoking at all. It is a matter of trying to find the best solution to a sensitive problem."

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The resumption of cross-Channel competition coincides with ferry rivals P&O and Stena re-thinking strategy after the surprise referral of their proposed merger to the Monopolies and Mergers Commission.

While an MMC decision is due

### TRAVEL ON SATURDAY

Joe Roberts in Tahiti

Sandra Parsons in The Cayman Islands

Anjana Ahuja at the palace of Love

David Sweetman in Cambodia

Museums special

Insider's Paris

Steve Keenan on the competition between tunnel and ferries

## Le Shuttle restarts Channel rivalry

COMPETITION for the Christmas rush to France intensified this week as Channel Tunnel shuttles restarted service three weeks after the blaze.

The tunnel is trying to win back customers lost to ferry rivals in the lucrative pre-Christmas rush and Le Shuttle has reopened 24-hour duty and tax-free shops at its terminals. But Le Shuttle, while busy yesterday, is able to run at only half its normal capacity with three trains every two hours. Two an hour will operate from December 30.

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While an MMC decision is due

on March 6, the two companies have been forced to reconsider plans and will publish separate brochures for next year within the next two weeks.

P&O and Brittany have also scrapped plans to merge on western Channel routes for next year because of the MMC referral, leaving Brittany free to be first to publish next year's fares this week.

But the twists in the future of cross-Channel travel have been put aside temporarily as Le Shuttle slowly tries to build up custom and services over Christmas.

The company has scrapped its turn-up-and-go service, demanding that customers make reservations. Those already holding tickets must also call Le Shuttle Call Centre (0990 355555) for a new ticket stipulating time and date of departure. But it has not dropped

prices, with brochure fares still applying. A standard return costs £129 for daytime departures, a five-day ticket £69 and a day trip £59. Departures between 10pm and 6am range between £10 to £20 cheaper.

The day trip fares are virtually triple those of P&O, HoverSpeed and Stena and six times that of Sea France, the rival on the Dover/Folkestone to Calais route.

Le Shuttle is also missing out on the Christmas coach market, with services not expected to resume until early next month.

When releasing fares for next year Brittany Ferries' operations director David Longden said 16 million people made return journeys across the Channel this year, with a quarter travelling through the tunnel. Anticipating the green light by the MMC for a

## Adventure specialists widen their horizons

By TONY DAWE

CAVORTING with hundreds of killer whales in a Norwegian fjord, searching for cheetahs in an African game park and exploring the wildlife of the Amazon rainforests are among the widest-ever range of nature tours being offered to British holidaymakers next year.

The latest brochures from companies including Naturetrek and Discover the World feature new activities, both peaceful and energetic, in new destinations.

To mark its tenth anniversary next year, Naturetrek is offering tours to 46 countries, from Alaska to Zimbabwe.

Many operators are offering discounts for bookings before the end of this year with Encounter Overland promising savings of about £100 on tours to Central and South America.

The demand for more unusual nature holidays reflects the growing trend among Britons to forge the traditional sun, sand and sea packages, and is overtaking interest in simple adventure trips. Companies such as Earthwatch, which offer the chance to participate in environmental and ecological projects, also report a rise in demand.

David Mills, who runs Naturetrek, says: "We now offer a choice of more than a hundred different birdwatching, botanical and natural-history departures. These include spring tours to southern Portugal, an Easter break in search of owls in Finland and a winter week in Jordan."

A botanical tour of South Africa's Cape and Namaqualand region at the height of the floral season and a trek across China and Tibet in search of giant pandas and other rare creatures are featured in the new brochure, alongside more familiar holidays to African game parks and the Kanha tiger reserve in India.

Prices range from £1,400 to £4,000 a person and European trips cost from £890. Each tour is led by an expert ornithologist or botanist — sometimes both — and group sizes are small, between six and 16. The company is offering discounts to regular customers.

For the less adventurous,

the company offers a choice of three independent short

expeditions

through Mexico, Belize and Guatemala and a similar discount on three-week tours of Bolivia which take in Norway and a week following wolves through Quebec's spectacular Jacques-Cartier park.

Among the booking savings offered by Encounter Overland are £100 off a three-week expedition

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Discover the World also features a wide range of escorted group tours, including a weekend with killer whales in Norway and a week following wolves through Quebec's spectacular Jacques-Cartier park.

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## The noise of discontent

WHY IS the world's biggest industry so deeply unpopular? Why do those who travel either for commercial or leisure reasons hate almost everything to do with the whole business? And why do those whose livelihood depends on the tourism industry do despite it?

Business travellers complain about the higher prices. Package tourists hate having other people around to share their holiday resort. Everyone who uses a hub airport moans about the queues to check in, the boredom of the final departure lounge, the vast shopping areas and the long walks to the gate.

Residents of pretty villages, seaside resorts, country towns and historic cities grumble about the floods of tourists who trample over "their" lands. And the millions who live anywhere near a flight path are incandescent with rage that their sleep is disturbed by the ever-growing number of aircraft.

It is a paradox that those who grumble the most are also often first to complain if they cannot get their favourite business-class seat, are asked to pay more for an unsightly resort, forced to use a regional airport, lose income when tourists do not come, and cannot fly from where they like, to where they want, when they need to go.

Despite all the public relations work by airlines and the travel industry, the industry is still regarded as the villain — especially since the airlines launched their legal battle over government plans to curb airport noise.

However strong and logical the arguments of people in the industry, their critics already command the high ground. By portraying themselves as innocents being battered nightly by the rapacious airlines, the objectors are bound to win the emotional, if not the legal, battle.

Confident anti-noise protesters, such as Dermot Cox, say that "they will learn eventually that they have to work with local communities rather than confront them at every turn".

Last summer the Depart-

**The Travel Business**  
HARVEY ELLIOTT

ment of Transport issued new rules that would have cut by three decibels the amount of permitted noise made by aircraft on take-off from the three main London airports. At first sight, this may not seem much, but it means that even British Airways may have to get rid of its 14 remaining Boeing 747-100 jumbo jets.

The noise protesters wanted more. But despite the certain knowledge that public opinion was automatically going to be ranged on the side of the little person trying to get some sleep while airlines hurried ever increasing numbers of nerve-shattering aircraft above his or her head, IATA decided to take their case to court. The new noise limits, originally due to come in on January 1 but now delayed until after a judicial review, would have meant that hundreds of aircraft could not have taken off from Heathrow, Gatwick or Stansted without first offloading cargo, fuel or passengers.

The world's airlines say they were in the middle of international negotiations to reduce noise. Yet suddenly the British Government decided on a unilateral move that might not, the airlines protest, have had any noticeable effect on the local communities anyway.

AVIATION is an international business and must surely be subject to international rules. Yet many millions living near big airports must have a right to undisturbed sleep.

The Government knew it could rely on automatic public support for any move which appeared to get tough with airlines. The fact that it may have acted illegally or even irrationally in doing so is an argument which no public relations executive would relish being asked to adduce. Over to the judges.

## Bargains of the week — dog-sledge rides in Finland to José Carreras in Milan

LAS VEGAS for a week's Unijet fly-drive holiday for £179 a person from Co-op Travelcare. Departure is from Gatwick on Monday. Details: 0161-827 1030.

■ ESCAPE the pre-Christmas rush by spending four nights in Istanbul for £195 a person with Accommodation Overseas. Flights from Gatwick and Manchester on December 18. Details: 0181-977 2984.

■ HUSKY-DOG sledge rides and fishing through a hole in the ice are included in Aerospaces holiday from December 19 to 23 in Karelia, Finland. Accommodation is in cottages on the shores of Lake Pielinen. Prices are £599 adult and £399 child. Details: 01608 650103.

■ SKIING bargains are available from Neilson Ski. Prices from £199 for a week's self-catering in Brides-les-Bains, France, flying from Manchester on December 21, to £329 for a week's half-board at Pas de la Casa, Andorra, flying from Birmingham. Details: 0113-29555.

■ PICASSO and the portrait exhibition in Paris are included in weekend breaks from Cox & Kings. The £218-a-person price includes BA flights, tickets to the exhibition and bed and breakfast. Details: 0171-873 5000.

■ TOURS of remote Thailand over Christmas are available from Explore Worldwide. A 17-day trekking holiday costs £580 and 16 days exploring temples, river travel and the jungle costs £660. Both leave Bangkok on December 21; flight extra. Details: 01252 319448.

■ MADEIRA for Christmas is available at a saving of £130 a person from Cadogan Holidays with an eight-night bed and breakfast holiday at a four-star hotel now costing £499. Details: 01703 332661.

■ SAVINGS of £290 for a fortnight's half-board at Africana Sea Lodge, Mombasa, with flights from Gatwick and Manchester on December 29. The new price from Tropical Places is £769 a person. Details: 01342 825123.

■ NEW YEAR'S Day bargains to Cyprus from Portland Direct with a fortnight's self-catering from £165. Flights from Gatwick, Birmingham and Manchester. Details: 0990 002200.

■ FUEKTEVENTURA from £191 for a week's self-catering with flights from Gatwick and Manchester on January 8 and 15 from Inspirations. Details: 01293 822244.

■ JOSE CARRERAS at La Scala, Milan, is featured in a three-night break from JMB Travel for £619 from January 11. Flights from Heathrow and bed and breakfast in a three-star hotel. Details: 01905 826611.

■ NILE and beyond 15-day tour leaving Heathrow on January 12 is available for £650 from Guelph Expeditions. Journey through Egypt with a camel safari, hotel for three nights and camp the rest. Details: 01373 826611.

■ AIR UK has the ultimate seat sale. Between January 6 and March 31, it is charging a flat fare of £35 single from London to Amsterdam, Brussels, Paris, Rotterdam, Aberdeen, Edinburgh, Glasgow, Inverness or Newcastle. A fare of £49 single applies from London to Copenhagen, Düsseldorf, Florence, Hamburg, Milan, Munich and Zürich. Book 14 days ahead and no later than January 22. Details: 0345 666777.

■ THE RIPOSTE from Luton-based Debonair

is a "two's company" fare for passengers

travelling between today and December 18 and January 8 and February 28. A passenger flying

return to Rome, Barcelona, Madrid, Copenhagen, Düsseldorf and Munich can take along a

companion for a flat £50. Book before Saturday. Details: 0500 146200.

■ LUPUS Travel has fares to South Africa,

Asia and Latin America flying Alitalia from

January 1. Typical fares are £492 for Johannesburg, £540 for Hong Kong, £524 for Rio de Janeiro and £601 Buenos Aires. Details: 0171-306 5000.

■ EMIRATES Air, based in Dubai, has ex-

tended its free ticket offer to include most of its

destinations. Business-class passengers flying

to the Gulf, Africa, Asia and Australia receive a

free and transferable economy-class ticket for

use at a later date. Details: 0171-808 0808.

■ FETC has big savings on direct scheduled

flights to Singapore with return tickets from

London or Manchester costing £384 and £454

respectively. Details: 0171-414 8808.

■ SWANSEA Cork Ferries has launched its 1997

fares brochure. Crossings cost from £99 one-way

for a car and up to five passengers in low season

to £185 in peak. A midweek fare, Mondays to

Thursdays, returning the same day, costs from

£155 return. Details: 01792 456116.

■ SEA FRANCE has a ski ferry package to

include Dover-Calais crossing, winter sports

insurance and motoring breakdown service. A

six-day ticket costs £90, nine days £135 and 17

days £145 for a car plus two passengers. Valid

until April 30. Details: 0990 717171.

■ BRITTANY FERRIES has introduced three

new price bands for next year. Sample prices:

Portsmouth-Caen in May £240, in August £260,

for a car and two adults. Details: 0990 360360.

GEORGE HERRINGHAM

### HOTELS

FOUR nights for the price of three is on offer from Hilton National until the end of February. Prices range from £76 to £144 a person for a four-night stay and include buffet breakfast. Details: 0800 856 8000.

■ UNLIMITED golf is available on the two 18-hole courses at the Five Lakes hotel and country club near Maldon in Essex over Christmas and the new year. The four-night package costs from £370 a person full board, with children sharing their parents' room at a rate of £180 a child. Details: 01621 868 888.

■ A CUT-PRICE romantic package is offered by the Horsted Place country house hotel, near Uckfield, East Sussex. For £150 a couple, subject to availability, the price includes champagne on arrival, dinner and breakfast. Details: 01825 8205.

■ BROWN'S Hotel in London is offering 30 per cent discounts from January 1 until February 28. Prices from £118 a night for a single room and £175 a night for a double, and there are also special shopping privileges at local shops. Details: 0171-93 6020.

■ A DOUBLE room at the Hyde Park Hotel in London's Knightsbridge, opposite Harvey Nichols, costs £190 a night, plus VAT, from Sunday until January 4. Details: 0171-235 2000.

■ THE SAVOY Group's London restaurants have a special £9-a-head menu from January 2 to 31. The Brasserie St Quentin, the Grill, St Quentin and Simpson's-in-the-Strand are offering a two-course lunch or dinner. Details: Brasserie, 0171-589 8005; Grill, 0171-581 8277; Simpson's, 0171-836 9112.

■ THE CLARENCE Hotel in Dublin has a two-week winter break until March 31 at £1149 a person, available either midweek or at weekends. Details: 00 353 1 670900.

■ THE LIBERTEL Group of 28 Paris hotels, all either two or three-star properties, has cut winter rates by 20 per cent on average, with prices from Fr350 to Fr730 a room a night. Details: 0800 895 950.

■ VISIT friends and relatives in Glasgow on New Year's Eve and stay at the four-star Carrick Hotel in the heart of the city. Price, through Golden Rail, is £32.50 a person a night between December 29 and January 3. Details: Golden Rail 01904 638 973.

■ SUMMIT International Hotels is offering discounts of up to 55 per cent on normal rates at its 85-member hotels until February 28. Rates include £99 a night at London's Lancaster Hotel and include room upgrade and restaurant discounts. Details: 0800 556555.

■ THE SHERATON Grand Hotel, in Edinburgh, is offering three nights for £140 a person based on double occupancy until March 31. The hotel restaurant also has a special rate of £12.50 a person for two courses. Details: 0800 353535.

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## Law Report December 12 1996 Court of Appeal

## Admission of spent convictions at judge's discretion in civil trial

Thomas v Commissioner of Police of the Metropolis  
Before Sir Richard Scott, Vice-Chancellor, Lord Justice Evans and Lord Justice Saville  
Judgment November 28

Spent convictions should be admitted as evidence in a civil trial at the judge's discretion pursuant to section 7(3) of the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974 when credits were in issue and the convictions were relevant to credit.

The Court of Appeal so held in a reserved judgment on an appeal by Gabriel Thomas against the order of Sir Michael Davies that was a judge of the High Court made on March 8, 1995.

Section 4 of the 1974 Act provides:

"(3) Subject to section 7 and 8 below, a person who has become a rehabilitated person for the purposes of this Act in respect of a conviction shall be treated for all purposes in law as a person who has not committed or been charged with or convicted of the offence or offences which were the subject of that conviction; and notwithstanding the provisions of any other enactment or rule of law to the contrary, but subject as aforesaid—(a) no evidence shall be admissible in any proceedings before a judicial authority exercising its jurisdiction or function in Great Britain to prove that any such person has committed or been charged with or prosecuted for or convicted of or sentenced for any offence which was the subject of a spent conviction."

Section 7 provides: "(3) If at any stage in any proceedings before a judicial authority in Great Britain... the authority is satisfied, in the light of any considerations which appear to it to be relevant... that justice cannot be done in the case except by admitting or requiring

evidence relating to a person's spent convictions... that authority may admit... the evidence in question notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1) of section 4 above."

Lord Gifford, QC and Mr Paul Kishore for the plaintiff; Mr Jonathan Loades for the Commissioner of Police of the Metropolis.

THE VICE-CHANCELLOR said that the plaintiff was a limbo dancer who had been giving a charity performance at the London Arena in Docklands. After the performance, at 2.00am on May 28, 1990, as he left the stage door, he was arrested by two police officers for threatening behaviour.

The plaintiff's version of the incident was that he was made the object of abusive and racist remarks, brutally manhandled and arrested without lawful cause. The police denied the allegations and that they used excessive force in the contrary, but as aforesaid.

The plaintiff was tried for the offence of assault occasioning actual bodily harm on November 27, 1990, at the Thames Magistrates Court and sentenced. Since then, as a result of the injuries he had sustained during the arrest he had suffered pain and been unable to perform as a limbo dancer and was not likely to be able to do so in the future.

On March 23, 1993 he commenced proceedings in the High Court against the Commissioner of Police of the Metropolis. He claimed damages for assault, false imprisonment and malicious prosecution. Exemplary damages were claimed.

The plaintiff's action against the commissioner came on for trial before Sir Michael Davies and a jury in February 1995. It was a case in which the credibility of the plaintiff on the one hand and the two police officers on the other hand would be crucial.

The plaintiff had two previous convictions which were spent convictions under the 1974 Act. One was for unlawful wounding in 1980 to which he had pleaded guilty and was sentenced to 18 months imprisonment suspended for two years. One was for criminal damage for which he was fined £50 and ordered to pay £24.71 compensation.

The judge allowed cross-examination of the plaintiff on the two convictions. He said that the plaintiff gave the impression "of being a man quiet spoken, apparently sincere, well educated and generally in every way an upright citizen. Now that is a matter of his credit, and it does seem to me that if these convictions are not admitted, the jury will be left in the situation in which they may have what in the result is an impression of him and his reliability and credibility which may not be accurate and fair."

In his summing up the judge warned the jury that the convictions went only to credit and not to propensity.

The jury found for the plaintiff on his claim for assault. In other words they accepted his evidence to the police officers as to the extent of force and violence used in arresting him.

On the claims for false imprisonment and malicious prosecution they found for the commissioner. In other words they accepted that the police officers believed that the plaintiff was behaving in a threatening manner.

On the assault claim the jury awarded the plaintiff £15,815 general damages and £16,185 special damages. The total awarded sum was, however, less than the amount of a sum that had been paid into court.

The consequence was that the plaintiff obtained an order for costs up to February 3, 1995 but had to pay, or allow to be set-off, the commissioner's costs from February 3.

The notice of appeal sought an order for a new trial both on liability and on damages. The grounds of appeal were (i) that the judge erred in law in allowing the plaintiff to be cross-examined on his spent convictions and (ii) that the general damages award of £15,815 was manifestly inadequate and/or impossible to reconcile with the special damages award of £16,185.

First, the court had to be persuaded that the judge erred in law in ruling that the spent convictions could be put to the plaintiff. Second, it had to be of the opinion that some substantial wrong or miscarriage had been committed; see Order 93, rule 11(2) of the Rules of the Supreme Court.

The reason why the offences were allowed in by the judge was, as appeared from both his rulings, that the plaintiff appeared to be well spoken and respectable and the judge seemed to have thought that that appearance was, in view of the convictions, a possible misrepresentation.

His Lordship was of the clear opinion that that could not be enough to satisfy the statutory criterion. The plaintiff's convictions and their circumstances were not suggested to be probative of any issue in the case.

They were not suggested to be relevant to his credibility in the sense that they showed him to be a man who had previously lied in giving sworn testimony or to be a man who had dishonest tendencies. In what sense then could it be said that the convictions were relevant to credit?

His Lordship did not see what answer could be given unless it be

said that the status of an individual was relevant to his credit and that a person who had suffered a spent conviction in the past was not entitled to present himself as a respectable upright citizen. That was an answer which he would have no hesitation in rejecting.

In his February 27 ruling the judge expressly disallowed any reliance on the practice in criminal cases and in particular cases on section 10 of the Criminal Evidence Act 1998. He was right to do so.

Nevertheless his Lordship had an uneasy suspicion that the approach adopted by the judge in the present case might have had its origin in the approach that was adopted in a criminal case.

There was no doubt but that the present case entailed, necessarily, a serious attack on the characters of the police officers involved in the incident. If the present case had been a criminal case with the plaintiff as the accused, section 10(1) would, subject to the trial judge's discretion to exclude, have permitted the plaintiff's spent convictions to be put to him on cross-examination.

But the approach established in criminal cases was not, in his Lordship's judgment, an appropriate approach in civil cases. In civil cases, unlike criminal cases, the plaintiff's convictions and their circumstances were not suggested to be probative of any issue in the case.

It was not suggested to be relevant to his credibility in the sense that they showed him to be a man who had previously lied in giving sworn testimony or to be a man who had dishonest tendencies. In what sense then could it be said that the individual was relevant to credit?

In a civil case in which spent convictions had no probative value on any issue in the case and did not provide any rational support for a suggestion that the individual

might not be telling, or might not have told, the truth on one or other issue in the case, the fact that the individual's evidence or the nature of the case stood on involved imputations on the character of the other party or other witnesses in the case did not justify admitting the spent convictions into evidence.

That fact did not meet the test that "justice cannot be done except... by admitting the evidence. The judge's ruling whereby the spent convictions were allowed to be put to the plaintiff was based on an error in law.

In a jury trial, the judge would be reluctant to exclude evidence which a reasonable jury could take into account when deciding where the truth lay.

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# SKY sports

## BOXING

# Chastened Bowe puts career on line in rematch

FROM SRIKUMAR SEN, BOXING CORRESPONDENT, IN ATLANTIC CITY

RIDICK BOWE has the most important contest of his career here on Saturday. Defeat against Andrew Golota, of Poland, could mean the end for him. If he wins, he could become a leading contender to meet Evander Holyfield and try to reclaim the World Boxing Association (WBA) heavyweight title.

Golota was about to knock out Bowe when they met last July in New York, but the big man was saved because Golota was disqualified for a low blow. Bowe put that miserable performance — which was followed by a riot in Madison Square Garden — down to being overweight and under-trained. This time, he will have no excuses to fall back on. He says he is fully prepared. He has been training for three months here and has lost 40lb. Now down to 17st, he is believed to be in the best shape ever.

Bowe said that he had waited five months for the chance to redeem himself. "An athlete knows when he's not using his God-given talents to the fullest and I'm well aware that I was not at the top of my game," he said. "It won't ever happen again."

"People said I didn't have the desire to fight. I had lost my skills and would not commit myself to training. Even my mother asked me to hang up the gloves after watching the Golota fight from ringside at the Garden."

"In a sense, my showing against Golota served as a wake-up call — and I heard it loud and clear. Either be 100 percent or don't bother to step in the ring. I've been training for this fight since September 4 — the longest time I've ever spent preparing for any bout. This means being away from my wife, Judy, and our five children."

"I realize that it's the price I have to pay for the career I've chosen. I know that it will all have been worth it when my hands are raised in victory on December 14."

Bowe certainly looked in excellent shape yesterday in his gymnasium off the Boardwalk, but he did not impress in sparring. Cedric Bowell, a new American heavyweight,

who is in the Frank Maloney camp, had no trouble catching Bowe and once even shook him with a jab, but sparring sessions are an unreliable guide.

Bowe's new attitude to training has come about partly because of the shock of Eddie Futch, his veteran trainer, finally leaving him but also because he is concerned about letting down his mother, Dorothy, again.

"When my mother told me Golota kicked my butt, I knew I had to fight him again and get it right," Bowe said.

Bowe's diet was kept under control by all meals being eaten as a family by the training team. "I did not particularly care for being here for three months, but I tell you it was a breath of fresh air being with Bowe, usually it isn't like that," Shilstone said.

"He could not have been more committed. He started at 278lb and now if you look at him you will see sharp muscle definition on his body."

However, when it is all over and Bowe has made his peace with his mother, the training team will have to watch him closely. He has promised to go back and have his first good meal.

"I hit my targeted fight weight in the low 240s on Thanksgiving Day, that should tell you how committed I am," Bowe said. "It means passing up my mother's traditional Thanksgiving dinner of turkey, chitterlings, ham, candied yams, collard, greens and corn bread. Mamma Bowe has promised to freeze it for me and you can bet it will be my first big meal after the fight."

■ Emanuel Steward has turned down the chance to act as Mike Tyson's trainer in order to stay with Lennox Lewis, his rival heavyweight. Steward was approached after Tyson unexpectedly lost his WBA crown to Evander Holyfield.

Steward said: "I suppose it is quite flattering to be asked by Mike to work with him. A lot of people believe that is the No 1 trainer's job in boxing but I had to tell him and his people that I already have the top job."

According to Shilstone, Bowe has never been in better shape for any contest. He believes that he is looking as good now as he did for the first bout with Holyfield.

"He's going in there for

the usual "good to his mom" patter. Mackie Shilstone, his conditioner, one of leading experts in sports medicine in the United States, is certain that Dorothy Bowe was the main motivating factor during the three months at Atlantic City.

Shilstone said: "I believe the crossroads argument is second to his restoration with his mother. She is a stronger motivation than boxing. He has promised to go back and have his first good meal.

Steward said: "I suppose it is quite flattering to be asked by Mike to work with him. A lot of people believe that is the No 1 trainer's job in boxing but I had to tell him and his people that I already have the top job."

In the second round, Kasparov drew with Ivanchuk, Kramnik drew with Topalov and Karpov drew with Anand. In the following game, Karpov, the Fide champion, tries to exploit the most microscopic of advantages. Anand's accurate defence prevented Karpov from making use of the bonus conferred by his slightly more centralised pieces and the infinitesimal weakness of Black's a-pawn.

White: Anatoly Karpov  
Black: Viswanathan Anand  
Las Palmas, December 1996  
Queen's Indian Defence

It is correct to open on the North hand. Although the hand is completely minimum in high cards, it contains two good features: the high cards are in the long suits, and the suits are in the short suits, and the suits are such that North will be able to show both of them. Make the hand.

9 K932 ♠ A K653 ♠ J5 ♠ 10 5

and North should pass — if he opens One Heart, in most sequences he will not be able to show his spades on the second round.

Many players would have raised North's One Spade rebid to Four Spades, but

Forrester asked for further information via his Two Diamond bid ("fourth suit forcing"). When Helgemo rebid his clubs, Forrester could see that hearts and clubs would provide plenty of tricks, but a spade contract might have too many losers in the trump suit.

So he made the courageous bid of Four Hearts. That made in some comfort, while most of the field were going off in Four Spades, losing two diamonds and two trump tricks.

□ Robert Sheehan writes on bridge Monday to Friday in Sport and in the Weekend section on Saturday.

Contract: Four Hearts by South

Dealer North

Game all

Pairs

♦ K932

♦ 105

♦ 85

♦ A KJ53

♦ 1042

♦ Q764

♦ VAKQJ3

♦ 102

♦ Q9

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RACING: JOCKEY CLUB INTENT ON MINIMISING RISKS AS TRAINING AND RIDING STANDARDS COME UNDER SCRUTINY

# Determination to outlaw the bad jumpers

By DICK HINDER

TOUGHER measures to rid National Hunt racing of bad jumpers is the top priority of a wide-ranging Jockey Club report into training and riding standards. The second stage of an inquiry, launched after the accidental death of jockey Richard Davis, recommends bans for horses that regularly fail to complete.

It also proposes more rigorous examination of prospective trainers' knowledge and

RICHARD HAMMIS

Name: FITZWILLIAM  
(3.40 Sandown Park)  
Next best: Intheallach  
(3.10 Sandown Park).

experience, the level and competence of stable staff and their access to training and schooling facilities. Trainers who fail to meet a minimum performance standard may not have their licence renewed.

The report, published yesterday, also recommends independent assessments of riders' abilities before a licence is granted and unannounced spot checks on training facilities. In addition, practice hurdles should be trialled and the possibility of holding schooling races discussed.

It follows the publication earlier this week of part one of the inquiry, which examined the circumstances surrounding Davis's death to coincide with the inquest into the death of the jump jockey, who received internal injuries after a fall from Mr Sox at Southwell.



Parting company with fallers is a priority of the Jockey Club as it attempts to improve jumping standards. Photograph: Hugh Routledge

The report will be examined in detail by an investigating group who, in turn, will present their recommendations to the licensing committee, or stewards, where appropriate, for a decision on implementation.

The elimination of horses with little jumping ability heads the list of objectives. Among the safety measures

put forward by Davis's parents, John and Ann, is the proposal to reschool horses that regularly fail to get round.

They would have to pass an assessment before running again and could be banned for the rest of the season if failing on their next outing.

Having failed to complete in three of his four previous outings, Davis's mount Mr Sox, trained by Laura Shally, had the sort of record that may attract Jockey Club scrutiny in future.

In the last two seasons, an average of 33 horses (0.4 per cent) failed to complete on four consecutive runs and 15 (0.17 per cent) either fell, unseated or were brought down three times in a row.

Malcolm Wallace, the Jockey Club's Director of Regulation and a member of the working group, stressed the emphasis of the inquiry is on minimising risk in the sport. "For as long as horses go fast and jump fences, there will be accidents and some of them will be fatal. But we think something can be done to minimise that risk by tackling the problems that exist."

Mr Sox's mount, Mr

Shally, said: "So our first priority is to find a formula to get rid of the bad horses. We will treat each case on its merits and will use common sense before deciding to ban a horse. But we can't have horses going out and constantly not getting round."

The problem seems to be manageable. It's hard to believe people still want to race horses that regularly fail

to complete, but they do and there are young jockeys who are prepared to sit on anything," Wallace said. "We have a duty of care to try to ensure that the horses these riders are on are well schooled, if not particularly talented."

He added: "A lot of the top jockeys agree. They've been through this but they don't want the ones coming up behind them exposed to the same risk. Over 90 per cent of the trainers we spoke to agree too. Some aren't in favour of practice obstacles or schooling races but, by and large, this was a rewarding exercise."

Tony Balding, a member of the National Trainers' Federation Council, welcomed the recommendations.

"Anything that tightens up trainers' responsibilities has to be welcomed. The requirements placed on a licence holder are fair and valid," he said. "I wouldn't be in favour of practice obstacles, and schooling races will just be another expense that the National Hunt fraternity wouldn't stand for."

"I understand what they are saying about bad jumpers, though there are horses I've trained with bad records. For instance, Salehurst spent more time on the ground than not and when he wasn't on the ground he was winning. He won a BMW final and on his good days he was a very good horse."

Balding added: "I think it was right that there has been little criticism of Miss Shally. You see falls like Mr Sox had on a daily basis, but you don't see the horse land on top of the jockey. Usually the rider is thrown clear."

Goss shrugs off blow to get back on course

By EDWARD GORMAN  
SAILING CORRESPONDENT

PETE GOSS, of Great Britain, yesterday suffered his second knock-down in as many races on board his Soft Adrian Thompson-designed *Aqua Quorum*, as he ran before strong westerly winds through the Roaring Forties in the Vendee Globe single-handed round-the-world race.

Goss was asleep when the boat went over on her side, probably after an involuntary gybe, leaving the swinging keel apparently sticking up out of the water, he told the Paris headquarters.

Just as in the single-handed transatlantic earlier this year, when he was also knocked down, Goss had to get his mainsail off in order to right the stricken yacht. He suffered two broken battens in the mainsail and the loss of two hanks on his jib, but otherwise appears to have emerged unscathed and is racing again.

Ahead of him in sixth place overall, Eric Dumont, of France, on *Cafe Legal-Le Gout*, yesterday decided to continue the race, despite a collision with a lump of ice on Monday that holed his hull.

The BT Global Challenge fleet, meanwhile, is facing another dose of strong Southern Ocean weather after a day of what the crew of *Heath Insured II* described as "another bonus day of blue skies and sun".

The forecast predicts a deep depression to the south of the fleet that will bring strong-to-gale-force northwesterly winds and heavy rain.

The fleet is divided into three, with the leading six led by Mike Golding, on *Group 4*, followed by *Save The Children and Global Teamwork*. After the sixth-placed *Toshiba Wave Warrior*, comes a 70-mile gap to *Pause To Remember, Nuclear Electric, Commercial Union and 3Com*, led by *Heath Insured II*.

BT Global chart, page 42

## SWIMMING

Sprinters hoping to cash in

SWIMMERS have long raced for money on the Continent, but never at a leading championship, at which success has been measured in medals. (Craig Lord writes). All that will end over the next four days in Rostock, Germany, as DM 380,000 (about £150,000) is handed to the winners at the inaugural European sprint and short-course championships.

The combination of money and a "fast" pool should make for close, quick racing of the kind that the European Swimming League will need to justify the introduction of the event to a cluttered calendar.

The league decided to replace the European sprint championships, which were restricted to races over 50 and 100 metres, with a wider short-course programme to popularise its winter showcase event. However, initial optimism over the numbers of nations and swimmers entering the event has been tempered.

When 28 nations entered more than 300 swimmers in early October, there was much self-congratulation. The number of nations is now up to 30, but the number of absences has fallen to 250.

Absentees include Alexander Popov, Michelle Smith, Franziska van Alsnick and others who took lengthy breaks after the Olympic Games.

Great Britain's original 39-strong entry is down to a third of that. The country's previous medal-winners at the main short-course championships, such as Mark Foster, Neil Willey and Ian Wilson, are among the favourites to enjoy a welcome pay-day.

## FIXTURES

FOOTBALL  
AVON INSURANCE COMBINATION: London Cup, Cheltenham (2nd Sat)  
FA UMBRO TROPHY: Third qualifying round: Buxton v Granham (7.30)

RUGBY UNION  
CLUB MATCHES: Edinburgh Academicals v York (2nd Sat); Wasps v Steven's (Mon 22)

OTHER SPORT  
BASKETBALL: 7-Up Trophy: Leopards v Crystal Palace (7.0)

ICE HOCKEY: Olympic qualifying match

## FORM FOCUS

HURRICANE LAMP (20, 110yd) 15-15 (3 runners)

1-100 NEAT FEAT (nap) 240 Atavistic 3.10 Soldier Mak

2.10 Easthopper

The Times Private Handicapper's top rating: 1.00 MASONE.

GOING: GOOD (GOOD TO FIRM IN PLACES) TOTE JACKPOT MEETING SIS

1-100 EUROPEAN BREEDERS FUND NATIONAL HUNT NOVICES HURDLE (Qualifer: £2,970, 2m 4f 110yd) (13 runners)

101 HURRICANE LAMP (21, 110yd) 15-15 (3 runners)

102 AWARD (P. Conner) 21 (110yd) 15-15 (3 runners)

103 RHOVENS 2 BLACK STATEMENT (21) (N. Hayes) 15-15 (3 runners)

104 FROZEN SPRINGS (21) (N. Hayes) 15-15 (3 runners)

105 54 GALE WARRIOR (21) (Liz Lloyd Webber) 15-15 (3 runners)

106 JAZZMAN (P. F. Jones) 14-15 (3 runners)

107 121-52 NEAT FEAT (P. F. Jones) 15-15 (3 runners)

108 5304-2 PHYSICAL RUN (22) (B. Stedman) 15-15 (3 runners)

109 645 ROSSILL ISLAND (20, 110yd) 15-15 (3 runners)

110 1102-4 LOCH NA KEAL (20, 110yd) 15-15 (3 runners)

BETTING: 2-1 Hurricane Lamp, 4-1 Nease, 5-1 Fitter, 8-1 Easthopper, 10-1 Supremo, 15-1 Gide, 16-1 Gide, 17-1 Gide, 18-1 Gide, 19-1 Gide, 20-1 Gide.

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## Unfashionable teams make the running while the giants falter



Three of the world's best: from the left, Ronaldo, of Barcelona, Otero, of Vicenza, and Giggs, of Manchester United. Ronaldo was yesterday reported to have signed a new deal worth £2.3 million a year.

## Lukewarm verdict on European leagues

Last Sunday, Florin Raducioiu, the Romania international striker, went on for West Ham at Upton Park as a substitute against Manchester United, ran United ragged down the left and scored a dramatic goal. A couple of weeks earlier, he had turned up in Brescia to make a token appearance for military service. (He married an Italian and, thus, obtained the nationality.)

Asked how he found English football, he said that he much admired it, but that, of course, it could not be compared with the Italian campionato. The fact is, however,

'Liverpool have seemed the great hope'

that at present each European league is disappointingly mediocre. Each tournament has giants who are faltering, leaving less fashionable teams to make the running. In England, it is Wimbleton; in Italy,

Manchester United, despite the tactical aberrations of Alex Ferguson, have somehow reached the quarter-finals of the European Cup and have an excellent chance of progressing against FC Porto in March. With two players of the flair and invention of Giggs and Cantona, anything is possible, but too many of Ferguson's buys — Poborsky and Cruyff, for example — seem ill-conceived.

Last Sunday, at his most mordant, Ferguson damned his tired team's performance at West Ham, and would not even acknowledge as a fine goal United's second, the product of a glorious passing move that swept the ball from

left to right, then back again to Beckham to score.

Newcastle United have had sporadically distinguished service from Girola and Albert, but Asprilla remains the mysterious object. Chelsea, now glittering with leading foreign players lured by London, are yet no more consistent than the Chelsea of old, almost trapped by their history. Gullit remains a majestic figure, Zola, Di Matteo,

Vialli, Leboeuf and Petrescu have ability in space ... yet look what happened at Leeds and Liverpool?

But what is to be said of Italian football where AC Milan, the champions, are already out of every significant competition? How Fabio Capello, who marvels at their troubles, must privately be smiling. Milan humiliated him last season, when they

clearly decreed that he would

have a new contract only if the club won either the league or the Uefa Cup.

Capello, a proud man, agreed to manage Parma, then decided on Real Madrid, who, despite their colossal debts, not only found the money to pay him, but to buy the two dazzling Slav, Suker and Mijatovic. Both scored in the 2-0 win against Barcelona last weekend.

Milan have lost recently to

little Piacenza in the league and to modest Rosenborg of Norway, at home in the European Cup Champions' League. It was no surprise when they got rid of their hapless Uruguayan manager, Oscar Washington Tabarez, though some players, notably Paolo Maldini, felt he had been harshly treated and resented the implication that Milan would flourish "only if we're kicked in the seat".

Arrigo Sacchi has returned, presumably to do something of the sort, though Maldini says, ominously, he is more concerned for Tabarez than happy to see Sacchi back. If Sacchi, never a player, insists

"you don't have to have been a horse to be a jockey", it recalls Roy Campbell's lines. "They use the snaffle and the bit all right, but where's the bloody horse?" It does not look as if Sacchi's old sparring partner, Roberto Baggio, will last much longer.

Juventus remain in the European Cup as favourites, and have twice dealt, majestically, with Manchester United. Yet, though they beat Inter soundly in the League, they subsequently lost 3-0 at home to them in the Italian Cup. Soon after which, Inter's defence was torn to bits by Milan in the derby match and only Milan's profligate finishing saved Inter from a beating. A fortunate penalty rescued Inter that night and they have been similarly aided in their recent games against Cagliari and Vicenza.

Give Vicenza and their able young manager, Guidolin, their due. They are supremely well organised, have an exceptional midfield player in the bald Di Carlo, and two lively strikers in Murgita and Otero, the Uruguayan. Yet this is no super-team.

Maldini, once so elegant himself, deplores the decline of the creative player in Italian football: as did Zola when he arrived at Chelsea from a Parma team that now misses him severely.

Ajax, who seemed to be showing everyone the way, have gone into freefall since losing the European Cup final last May. Davids and Reiziger, who subsequently joined Milan, have had a depressing season. German football is hardly exciting, with Jürgen Klinsmann threatening to leave a Bayern Munich team that he regards as excessively defensive.

As things stand, Barcelona and Real Madrid seem out on their own. Spain have the most quarter-finalists in the three European competitions: four. The two biggest clubs — neither, ironically, in the European Cup — are surely, at present, Europe's best, even if Bobby Robson's tenure at Barcelona may seem to be under threat.

Can there somehow be an inverse ratio between money and quality? Earnings and entertainment? Football has never been so popular, but sometimes you wonder why.

Perhaps the answer to the lack of quality is that there is simply far too much of it.

Players, after all, are not machines.

Where is the best football in Europe being played?  
Brian Glanville on the influx of foreign talent

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Players, after all, are not machines.

### THE LEADERS IN THE NEW EUROPEAN ORDER

#### ENGLAND

Champions: Manchester United

P	W	D	L	F	A	Pts
Arsenal	17	10	5	2	34	16
Wimbledon	16	9	4	3	29	17
Leeds	16	9	4	3	26	14
Newcastle United	16	9	3	4	28	17
Aston Villa	17	9	3	5	22	15
Manchester United	16	7	6	3	31	24

#### FRANCE

Champions: Auxerre

P	W	D	L	F	A	Pts
AS Monaco	21	12	6	3	36	16
Paris Saint-Germain	21	12	6	3	34	15
Stade de Reims	21	10	6	5	28	22
Auxerre	21	9	8	4	28	13
Bordeaux	21	9	7	5	30	23
Strasbourg	21	11	1	9	27	29

#### HOLLAND

Champions: Ajax

P	W	D	L	F	A	Pts
PSV Eindhoven	19	14	3	2	55	14
Feyenoord	18	12	3	3	33	20
Twente Enschede	19	11	4	4	30	15
Vitesse Arnhem	19	9	5	5	31	22
Roda JC Kerkrade	18	8	6	4	21	21
Ajax	19	7	9	3	24	17

#### ITALY

Champions: Juventus

P	W	D	L	F	A	Pts
Vicenza	12	6	4	2	21	12
Juventus	11	6	4	1	13	7
Inter	12	5	6	1	16	11
Bologna	12	6	2	4	20	16
Napoli	12	5	5	2	17	16
Florentina	12	4	6	2	19	14

#### SPAIN

Champions: Atlético Madrid

P	W	D	L	F	A	Pts
Real Madrid	16	11	5	0	32	12
Deportivo La Coruña	16	10	6	0	24	7
Barcelona	16	10	4	2	44	21
Real Betis	16	9	5	2	33	14
Atlético Madrid	16	8	4	4	27	18
Real Sociedad	16	8	3	5	22	19

#### GERMANY

Champions: Borussia Dortmund

P	W	D	L	F	A	Pts
Bayern Munich	17	10	6	1	27	1

Row  
reject  
Lithium  
rumors

## RUGBY UNION

# Weary Springboks determined to maintain record

By DAVID HANDS, RUGBY CORRESPONDENT

**SOUTH AFRICA**, tired, cold and four days away from their first rest since February, will field an unchanged XV against Wales in Cardiff on Sunday, the thirteenth international of an exceptional year for the holders of the Webb Ellis trophy.

That they can play the same team that has defeated Argentina and France in four internationals over the past five weeks is a minor miracle. They have found it hard to resist the conclusion that the tour proper ended in Paris last Saturday — indeed eight members of the tour party have already returned home — and that Wales is an appendage, a gesture made to celebrate the last season of the old Arms Park stadium.

Yet, as professional sportsmen, they accept that there is a job to be done; their preparation has been relaxed this week — chilly weather has driven most of them off the golf course — but they do not intend to let slip their unbeaten international record on tour. "Everyone is gunning for you when you are world champions," André Mark Graaff, the coach, said.

He acknowledged that his leading players have been involved in too many games this season — some will have chalked up 50 appearances — but believes that adjustments have to involve not so much the international programme, as the level just below. "I foresee a situation in the professional era where you have more internationals —

after all, that's where the money comes from to play players — but that cutbacks will be made in provincial rugby," Mark Graaff said.

"We may have to make sure that players don't appear in the minor provincial games and that selection in the Super 12 is more careful. We must make sure that all our players are fit and available for the 1999 World Cup."

The same exercise begins in London today when representatives of the Rugby Football Union, its leading clubs and competition chairmen meet to

The Pilkington Cup tie between Newbury and Lydney, scheduled for Saturday, has been postponed because the bacterial infection that is afflicting Newbury players has claimed a ninth victim in Andy Duke, the lock forward, who was taken ill on Tuesday.

discuss the structured season of the future. English administrators will try to visualise a season in which the leading players appear in no more than 35 games.

Of that number, eight week-ends will be given over to internationals — four to the five nations' championship and three or four to the pre-Christmas period. Already England contemplate two games against the touring New Zealanders next season, one of which may be played in the north rather than at Twickenham, and they

already have a date with Australia pencilled in. The criterion is said to be the short tour that the home unions make overseas, during which they customarily play a two-match international series; now they seek to replicate that situation at home.

Meanwhile Argentina, the third of England's opponents within the past four weeks, find space on the right wing for Gonzalo Camardon in their tour finale at Twickenham on Saturday. Camardon, who made his first international appearance against England in 1990 as scrum half to the ageing Hugo Porta, has struggled throughout the tour to recover from a shoulder injury suffered in the first international against South Africa in Buenos Aires on November 9.

This will be his first appearance since then and it is testimony to his all-round skills that he is preferred to the unfortunate Facundo Soler. Camardon, 26 next week, has played for Argentina in every position behind the scrum, most recently at centre during the pan-American tournament in September and against South Africa. Soler must be content with a place among the replacements though. José Luis Cillay, whose goalkicking has won matches for his country before, was so out of touch in the 22-17 defeat by England A in Northampton on Tuesday that there is no place for him at all.

Pedro Sporleder, who had to leave the tour at the halfway stage to take professional examinations in New York, rejoins his perennial partner, German Llanes, in the second row in a XV showing five changes from that beaten 44-21 by South Africa four weeks ago.

It will be their 29th game in tandem but the front row is remodelled in the absence of Federico Méndez, now hooking for Bath. Carlos Promanzio is his replacement, with Mauricio Reggiardo, of Alvear (Northern Transvaal), in the second row, and Alfonso Alvarado (Cordoba), F García (Alumni), F Soler (Tala), M Sestzo (Banco Hipotecario), O Hasan Jali (Western Province), H Thomp (Northern Transvaal), as prop.



Matsura, of Ardingly, left, leaves his two opponents behind in the Independent Schools Tournament yesterday

## Wolverhampton regain schools title

By JOHN GOODBODY

**WOLVERHAMPTON GS** are unusually proficient at six-a-side football competitions. In the Independent Schools Tournament at Forest, East London, yesterday, they took the title again by beating Bury GS 2-0 with a display of rare athleticism and composed skill.

Winners in 1994, they lost the final to Hampton last year but, yesterday took the title without conceding a goal in the knockout stages, yet they lost their opening qualifying game 1-0 in the morning to Bradford and conceded goals to both Alleyns and Aldenham while finishing second

in their group to reach the last 16. Johnny Johnson, the master in charge of football at Wolverhampton, said: "We understand the tactics of sixes. Anyone who tries to play the strategy of 11-a-side football with six players going to lose. It is a different game."

This is a flourishing competition. Founded by Brentwood in 1957 to celebrate the centenary of the school, it has now reached saturation point with 32 schools, almost all of whom play football as their main winter sport, taking part.

It is as many as can be accommodated in a day-long tournament and with a simple format. This year, all the schools played at least one

game in the afternoon's plate tournament, extended to the teams who finished third and fourth in their preliminary groups. Hampton beat John Lyon 1-0 in the plate final.

In the main competition many of the favourites were beaten. Manchester GS, with Lee, the England Under-17 wicketkeeper in goal, have already reached the semi-final of the Boodle and Dunthorne Cup in 11-a-side football this term. However, they lost on penalties to Forest. Ardingly who, together with Manchester GS were also unbeaten in the same group, lost on penalties to Lancing, who in turn were beaten by

Wolverhampton in the quarter-finals.

Forest, the last southern team in the competition, lost to Bury 2-1 in the semi-final and Wolverhampton defeated Bolton 1-0 in the other semi-final.

Unlike last year, Wolverhampton were composed in the final. In Sedgemoor, playing in the tournament for the third successive year, they had a penetrative forward, while Robinson shuttled energetically between attack and defence.

Sedgemoor converted a first-half penalty and added a second goal from open play.

Results, page 42

## RUGBY LEAGUE

## Warrington sign Vagana

By OUR SPORTS STAFF

**WARRINGTON** yesterday signed Nigel Vagana, the utility back who played for Western Samoa in the World Cup, from Auckland Warriors. Vagana, 21, is expected take over the role of stand-off half at Wilderspool.

Alex Murphy, the Warrington director of football, said: "Nigel is one of the hottest properties in the southern hemisphere and has the potential to be a big hit in the Super League. Gone are the days when we brought mediocre players to Wilderspool and it's a big bonus to sneak him out of New Zealand."

Gary Hetherington, the Leeds chief executive, has signed three players from Sheffield Eagles, his former club. Dean Lawford, the hooker, and the scrum-half, Ryan Sheridan, signed yesterday and the back row forward, Anthony Farrell, an England international, will do so today.

Lawford and Sheridan, a Great Britain and Under-21 international, said that the presence of Hetherington at Headingley was not the main reason they chose to move up the M1. "When a big club like Leeds comes in for you, it is a once-in-a-lifetime opportunity and you take it," Sheridan said.

The deal, which comes a fortnight after Leeds signed the New Zealand international centre, Richie Blackmore, from Auckland and Paul Sterling, the full-back, is expected to cost Leeds close to £200,000.

Sheffield announced their second Australian signing in three days yesterday with the

## BOWLS

## England ring changes for home series

**THERE** are five newcomers in the England team that will defend the women's home international title in March. Catherine Anton, Yvonne Lyons, Madelaine Ward, Mandy Jacklin and Di Gray have been brought into the team, while Gloria Thomas is recalled and Beryl Alderson, normally a No 3, will skip. There is no place for Wendy Line, the runner-up in the world outdoor singles championship last August, or for Sandy Hazell, the national indoor singles champion.

Colin Myler, the former managing director and editor of the *Daily Mirror* and *Sunday Mirror* newspapers, has been appointed the first chief executive of Rugby League (Europe), the marketing organisation set up by the 12 Super League clubs. Myler, 44, will take up his three-year appointment on January 1.



**TAG Heuer**  
TIME TO CHOOSE

## SQUASH

## Yorkshire team stage successful ambush

**THE** young squad assembled by David Campion at the Queen's Sports Club in Halifax broke the Bishop's Stortford stranglehold on the Northern Group A of the RSA National League this week (Colin McQuillan writes).

The Herfordshire side travelled to Yorkshire without their leading players, Jason Nicole and Byron Davis, and were ambushed at second and fourth strings by Adam Toes and Lee Beachill.

Toes, a Drysdale Cup finalist two years ago, defeated James Robbins 9-0, 9-2, 9-4 and Beachill, the British under-19 champion of the past two seasons, beat Bradley Ball 7-9, 9-0, 9-1, 9-0. The women's fifth-string point was always a Yorkshire banker and Cassandra Jackman made no mistake, beating Rebecca Macree by 9-2, 9-1, 9-5. Campion lost the first string dead rubber 7-9, 4-9, 9-6, 7-9 to Robin Godden. The other Bishop's

Answers from page 42

**DAULOS** (c) A double course, in which the racers turned round a goal and returned to the starting-point. From the Greek word for a double pipe, *chanclor* or course.

**EVAL**

(c) Of or pertaining to an age; age-long. From the Latin *aevum* an age. "Aion age, and aeon, eval, improperly everlasting, do not convey the idea of a proper eternity."

**DRAISINE**

(a) The earliest form of bicycle, also called a *dandy-horse*. An eponym of its inventor, Baron Drais of Saverne near Marmimic. "One of its [the velocipede's] rudimentary forms was the draisine, a cumbersome machine invented by Baron Von Drais of Mannheim on the Rhine. The improved draisine soon reached America."

**EXIMIOUS**

(b) Excellent, distinguished, eminent. From the Latin *eximus*, excepted, choice, egregious. The verbal adjective from *extremus*. Common in 17th-century literature. The few examples in the 19th century are numerous, bombastic or pedantic. It is the name of a modern London shop for impractical luxuries.

**SOLUTION TO WINNING CHESS MOVE**  
1. BxS R8 (the only way to protect d7 and f7); 2. Qxf7+ Rxd7; 3. Rb8+ and mate.

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# Deadly diesel oil, dullards and dilettantes

Yucky stuff in *The X-Files* last night (BBC1). The episode was called *Apocrypha* — heaven knows why. But it followed up last week's story, and clarified a few things. Why did people's eyes keep darkening with black filmy stuff? Because aliens were using diesel oil as a medium. What? I think it's a medium," said Mulder, peering at a test-tube. "They are using it to body-jump." Scully's white stone face registered mild scepticism, but as usual, Mulder was dead right. Those possessed of the alien diesel oil sometimes vomited black rivers, with tributary black streams gushing from their eyes. This unlikely trick was performed for the first time, I regret to say, just as I was lifting a forkful of dinner to my lips.

But over on BBC2 at the same time, *Modern Times* concerned middle-aged men to whom the smell of diesel oil is very bliss. The

*Power and the Glory*, directed by Lucy Jago, followed the fortunes of two rival speedboat drivers: Cliff from Littlehampton, a self-made man with tattoos and gold chains; and Charles, a Canadian multimillionaire in a cowboy hat. Both were in contention for the Needles Cup, and the documentary certainly crossed the starting line with what appeared to be a lot of poise under the bonnet — the personal rivalry, the sea-spray thrill of the race, and the wry contrasts between the contestants' lifestyles. Cliff's tank business, for example, entailed the handling of doggy-poo bins. Meanwhile Charles idled his days driving a tank (the other sort of tank) in circles on the front lawn, with a Palladian portico behind.

But it was funny how it turned out. While *The Power and the Glory* remained an enjoyable film, it sort of floated in a becalmed, chip-chappy way rather than ever getting fired up. The race for the

Needles Cup duly took place, Cliff broke down, Charles won it. Then another race at Cowes promised to settle matters. Cliff broke down again, Charles got a big wreath and a European championship. As for the red-hot rivalry, the men displayed minimal animosity. And as for the thrill of the race, the grey, driver's-eye-view from a boat travelling at high speed turns out to be rather disappointing. Where is the skill, anyway? Is it just a matter of gripping a steering wheel and not letting go?

The annoying thing was, each of the two made an interesting individual story. Charles cut quite a pathetic figure — all that money, but no real friends; a grand house, but empty. Poor little rich boy, he'd been lonesome all his life. But for all the sympathy he was shown, no explanation was offered for his featured obsession: ie, beating

people less well off than himself at power-boats. If danger is the buzz, other pursuits are equally perilous. Cliff's obsession was easier to understand, because he clearly loved his boat as a machine. Charles, predictably, employed mechanics to deal with the oily-rag stuff, leaving him free to dress up for parties or trim his moustache. Ho hum. I sometimes think if there were no rich people with

big houses, there would be nothing to watch on telly these days. Rejoicing in the most cumbersome title of recent times, *Enterprise Culture Revisited* (BBC2) invites us to gloat at big-wheeled people who boomed and bust in the 1980s — and much as it was bad manners to gloat, you can't help watching aghast, and occasionally thinking "tee hee". Last night's subject (the second in the series) was a self-made funeral services entrepreneur called Howard Hodgson, who retired from his own business at the age of 40 in 1989, and has kicked his heels ever since, the allure of posh power-boats somehow passing him by.

He was quite a dull man, actually. The most interesting things about him were his favoured haircut (long, shaggy foot-baller style) and his belief that he was (or had ever been) a household name. His son and heir had inherited this famous handle, and

complained about it: one day he hoped to be Howard Hodgson in his own right, not overshadowed by his famous dad. Someone ought to reassure the poor youth: "Don't worry, most people have never heard of Howard Hodgson," but I suspect this is not what he really wants to hear.

A archive stuff from the late 1980s brought the story to life — a documentary about Hodgson's gloomy empire, in which he posed for colour supplements amid satin-lined coffins, wore a natty hat, and daily purchased small Clacton-on-Sea undertaking firms the way other people buy fags. This telly moment was evidently the source of his surprising belief that, at some point in his career, he stood shoulder-to-shoulder with Richard Branson (or, as Hodgson called him, "Richard"). Should Hodgson have turned to balloon-racing or

other dangerous sports? Perhaps he should. When he relinquished his business, evidently his competitive instincts turned to drinking beer and getting girlfriends, with the result that his marriage broke up. "Forty is too young to retire," he said, choosing his words with care. "If you've still got lead in your pencil."

Now, with his son at his side, he promotes Ronson lighters and wristwatches to the "male grooming" market, which targets men in three categories as Rebels, Racers and something else beginning with R. What sort was he, if he wasn't a Racer? A Rebel, of course. And by rebel, he means (with a chuckle) the sort of person who would run over a Newbury bypass protester. Well, I had no idea there'd be a wristwatch designed with that specific character trait in mind. It just goes to show. Enterprise culture clearly never went away.

## REVIEW

Lynne Truss

**BBC1**

6.00am BUSINESS BREAKFAST (32270)  
7.00 BBC Breakfast News (7) (50831)  
9.00 Breakfast News Extra (7) (1961368)

8.20 STYLE CHALLENGE (4874305)

9.45 KILROY (660454)

10.30 CAN'T COOK, WON'T COOK (56876)

11.00 NEWS (7), regional news and weather (3300383) 11.05 The Really Useful Show: Consumer advice (5304251) 11.45 Smiles' People (7034742)

12.00 NEWS (7), regional news and weather (6571675) 12.05pm Snowy River — the McGregor Saga (3347299) 12.50 A Different Country Practice: The general practitioner (7) (3071098)

1.04 NEWS (7) and weather (6601818) 1.30 Regional News and weather (6857562)

1.40 NEWSHIPS (7) (2571638) 2.00 Call My Bluff Word game (1893) 2.30 The Terrace (1893) 2.30 The Word: Your advice (638) 3.00 Incognito (1788)

3.30 PINOCCHIO (7) (5915386) 3.50 The Family Ness (7) (6943831) 3.55 The Itsy Bitsy Spider (5918473) 4.20 Julia Jekyll and Harriet Hyde (7) (6348831) 4.35 Smart (7) (7626473) 5.00 Newsround (7) (5286034) 5.10 The Biz Drama series set in a school of dance and drama (7) (5858541)

5.35 NEIGHBOURS (7) (344116)

6.04 NEWS (7) and weather (367)

6.30 REGIONAL NEWS MAGAZINES (947)

7.00 WATCHDOG Consumer magazine presented by Anne Robinson (7) (2098)

7.30 EASTENDERS Peggy has some shocking news for the family. Tiffany lays down some ground rules and it's decision time for Alari (7) (831)

8.00 ANIMAL HOSPITAL DOWN UNDER The first of two programmes from Australia. Tonight Roger Harris visits workers in the Cunningham Wildlife Sanctuary, Queensland (1/2) (7) (1857)

8.30 2POINT4 CHILDREN Ben gets to great lengths to become a member of a plumbers' secret society. With Gary Olsen and Belinda Lang. (7) (1544)

9.00 NEWS (7), regional news and weather (4102)

9.30 THE THIN BLUE LINE As Gasforth Football Club win through to the second-round of the FA Cup, Grim looks forward to tackling some football hooligans (7) (87763)

10.00 CROCODILE SHOES Jed's sister is charged with Pepp's murder, leaving Jed to care for his nice and raise the money for her defence. Starring Jimmy Nail (7) (135725)

10.55 QUESTION TIME Introduced by David Dimbleby in Manchester. The guests include MPs Roger Freeman and Liz Lynne (7) (891454)

11.55 CLIVE ANDERSON ALL TALK With Diana Ross (7) (774218)

12.30am FILM: The Amazing Colossal Man (1957, b/w). A B-movie yarn about an American Army colonel who is exposed to an overdose of radiation and grows at an alarming rate. He then goes on the rampage in Los Angeles. Directed by Bert L. Gordon (7) (145710)

1.50 WEATHER (5242955)

VideoPlus+ and the Video PlusCodes

The numbers need to each TV programme listing are Video PlusCode numbers, which you program into your VCR to receive instant with VideoPlus+ handset. Tap in the Video PlusCode for the programme you wish to record. VideoPlus+ ("Pluscode") and Video Programmer are trademarks of Gemstar Development Ltd.

**BBC2**

6.00am OPEN UNIVERSITY: Berlin — Unemployment and the Family (7762270) 6.25 East Meets West: Asian Families, Western Culture (7785205) 6.50 Documentary: Michael (5083267) 7.15 See How They Run (2018454) 7.30 Yester Clash (5246229) 7.50 Blue Peter (5940454) 8.15 Noddy (5085511) 8.25 8.35 The Record (6076560) 9.00 The Complete Guide to the 20th Century (1775182) 9.10 Spice for Four (584454) 10.00 Playdays (2444305) 10.25 The Fugitive (5271980) 11.15 The Phil Silvers Show (5047488) 11.45 Flash Gordon's Trip to Mars (4789675) 12.05 Operation Survival (3627120) 12.30pm Working Lunch (65641) 1.00 Fingu (82277812) 1.05 Noddy (5974293)

1.15 FILM: Three Ring Circus (1954) starring Dean Martin and Jerry Lewis. Comedy about two men deciding to join the circus after their discharge from the army. Directed by Jerry Lewis (7) (2544493)

3.00 NEWS (7) (7147638) 3.05 Westminster with Nick Ross (7) (5261676) 3.05 Westminster (5040744) 4.00 Today's the Day (500) 4.40 Ready, Steady, Come (7) (501) 5.00 The Crystal Whitney Show (7) (51751) 5.40 The Sky at Night (7) (50582)

6.00 STAR TREK: DEEP SPACE NINE (7) (461473)

6.45 HUMAN RIGHTS, HUMAN WRONGS: The Right to a Home: A look at life on the streets (410378)

7.00 THE GOLD AND SILVER GALA James Naughtie presents a special concert at the Royal Opera House to celebrate 50 years of opera at Covent Garden. Among the performers is Plácido Domingo, who also reflects on his career in Britain and his special relationship with the House (578638)

9.30 BANGLADESH 25: How The East Was Won The first of two programmes marking the 25th anniversary of Bangladesh. The anniversary is the occasion for two BBC documentaries, one next week looking at Bangladesh in Britain and tonight's admirably lucid history of the birth of the new nation. Separated by 1,000 miles of India, West and East Pakistan shared a Government, the Muslim religion and not much else, though it took a bloody civil war to make the division permanent. Simon Derry, one of the few journalists on the spot, reads the stories of 1971 when the Pakistani army was marching against the people of Dhaka. We also hear from Sheikh Hasina, the current Prime Minister and daughter of Bangladesh's founding father, Sheikh Mujibur Rahman, who was assassinated four years after independence.

Film Challenge Oil Refinery Channel 4, 9.45pm

There are more than 30,000 football referees in Britain and most of them play their trade not on the big stage of the Premiership but on park pitches on Saturday afternoons and Sunday mornings. Paul Whitton's well-observed little film profiles two of them, Eric Denin and Charlie Cooke, both from Essex in Nottinghamshire. The first task is to find the money. The first task is to ensure that the pitch is free of broken glass and dog mess, then it is off to a cramped changing room and on with the black uniform. Abuse from players and spectators is part of the job, and maintaining control of the game can be tricky. But all is outweighed by a passion for the game. Eric Denin admits the pressures but says: "Surely it's better than taking the missus shopping. There can't be now worse Peter Waymark

**CH4**

6.00am GMTV (7923473)

The Victorian Turkish baths in Harrogate are the site of a study women shedding their clothes and their troubles. If the director, Noemie Mendelle, sometimes overdoes the soft-focus photography and frozen frames, she handles her subject with style and sympathy and, given that it involves naked women, just. Much of the film's impact comes from the physical appearance of the baths with their ornate decoration and striking brown, yellow and blue tiles. But Mendelle also catches a clutch of women who are not up to scratch. One woman, for example, is a bit of a hag — long-term illness, according to her. Clare gets up at 4.30am and cycles all the way from York, a journey of three hours. Most agree that the warmth and the comradeship enable them to take a rest from the stresses of the world outside.

Michael Barrymore's Strike It Rich ITV, 8.30pm

Barrymore is one our best popular entertainers, a performer who can squeeze comedy out of almost nothing and has the knack of being chummy without being patronising. But his talent often struggles to find the right outlet. Whether returning to the helm of an old game show is a clever career move, only time and the ratings will tell. It could be construed as playing for safety, for Strike It Rich (as the show was then called) launched Barrymore's career in 1981. It returns after a gap of four years under a new name, with Barrymore joining such stars as Clive James and David Frost, getting his name on the title. Despite the new look and a doubling of prize money to £10,000, the formula is essentially the same, with three couples competing across an arch of television monitors.

Bangladesh 25: How the East Was Won BBC2, 9.30pm

It is 25 years since East Pakistan became the independent state of Bangladesh. The anniversary is the occasion for two BBC documentaries, one next week looking at Bangladesh in Britain and tonight's admirably lucid history of the birth of the new nation. Separated by 1,000 miles of India, West and East Pakistan shared a Government, the Muslim religion and not much else, though it took a bloody civil war to make the division permanent. Simon Derry, one of the few journalists on the spot, reads the stories of 1971 when the Pakistani army was marching against the people of Dhaka. We also hear from Sheikh Hasina, the current Prime Minister and daughter of Bangladesh's founding father, Sheikh Mujibur Rahman, who was assassinated four years after independence.

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9.00 NEWS (7) and weather (572947) 9.05 REGIONAL NEWS (7) (2421454)

10.00 THE TIME... THE PLACE (1690)

10.30 THIS MORNING (6076059)

12.20pm REGIONAL NEWS (1519469)

12.30 NEWS (7) and weather (5765218)

12.55 SHORTLAND STREET (9731909) 1.25 Coronation Street (7) (508562) 2.00 Home and Away (7) (22210152)

2.25 CROSS WITS (7) (9726037)

2.50 VANESSA (84115788) ...

2.50-3.20 HIGH STREET (3734218)

3.25 CENTRAL NEWS (6137650)

3.45 FLUX (8644416)

4.40 JOBFINDER (9479868)

**WESTCOUNTRY**

As HTV West except:

12.55 EMMERDALE (9731909)

1.25 HOME AND AWAY (30375270)

1.55 VANESSA (84115788)

2.50-3.40 SHORTLAND STREET (703541)

6.00-7.00 WESTCOUNTRY LIFE (73636)

11.50 PRISONER CELL BLOCK H (444305)

12.45pm NOT FADE AWAY (596400)

1.45 FLUX (502684)

2.45 LATE & LOUD (583936)

**WESTCOUNTRY**

As HTV West except:

12.55 EMMERDALE (9731909)

1.25 HOME AND AWAY (30375270)



## BOXING 42

Bowe shapes up  
after mother of  
all reprimands

# SPORT

THURSDAY DECEMBER 12 1996

## Five-wicket haul seals Test place Hostile Gough gets back into England groove

FROM SIMON WILDE IN BULAWAYO

**BULAWAYO** (second day of four) Matabeleland with one first-innings wicket in hand, are 153 runs behind England

IT IS hard to get excited about a near full-strength England side having the better of a team that most county sides would expect to dismiss for well under 200 in the helpful conditions prevailing here, but the touring team had reason to be pleased with the way things went at the Athletic Club yesterday.

Darren Gough took five wickets and bowled perhaps as well as he has done for an England side since he made his name at Sydney two years ago, and it was all but resolved that Andrew Caddick will play in the first Test match next Wednesday in preference to Ronnie Irani.

Matabeleland finished on 181 for nine, four runs short of avoiding the follow-on, though England will want to avail themselves of the opportunity to bat again today before presumably completing a resounding victory tomorrow.

Gough has experienced frustration and disappointment aplenty after he was hyped to heaven on the back of one fine, all-round performance in a Test match in Australia. He has fractured a foot, often failed to do justice to his talent, and even when he did, found himself ignored by

the selectors. Even after his performance yesterday, he did not have the confidence to take it for granted that he would play in the first Test, but he is now certain — to be sharing the new ball with Mullally.

"This is a big chance for me and I hope to take it," he said. "I want to play against the Australians next year, but it is not going to be easy over here. We can't underestimate Zimbabwe. They have played well against us so far and we are

going to play on good pitches. We'll all have to earn our wickets."

It took him his eight-over opening spell, during which he dismissed Guy Whittall and Ranchod with successive balls, to loosen up, and it was then that the training that England have done paid dividends. He returned to take wickets in the opening overs of his second and third spells and got the ball to bounce and carry through to Stewart impressively. No sooner had he left the field than he ran a circuit of the boundary to "run down" and be ready to hunt a sixth wicket this morning.

On the evidence of this side,

England are woefully short of high-quality batsmen and few of those on view appeared to have the stomach for the fight. The first over, bowled by Gough, sent them a warning: Guy Whittall survived a strong appeal for leg-before to the first ball and the second hit him a painful blow in the abdomen.

Caddick responded by banging the ball in short to Irani, who obliged by top-edging to Tufnell. Fortunately, Caddick soon learnt the need to pitch the ball up, something that escaped him in Harare.

He had the left-handed Dekker caught in the slips seeking to cut the ball over gully, a stroke that served the home side well. It was a sure sign that the England seamers did not always bowl straight.

Jones took full advantage in making the top score of 62 and it required some astute bowling from Tufnell to remove him and Streak, who struck a bright 25. Both were deceived by extra flight into giving the left-arm spinner return catches.

Caddick has yet to convince anyone that he will be a match-winner in the Tests, but neither has Irani. His sorry tour continued as he again failed to look the part of an all-rounder. He made no impression with the ball, having earlier scored only five before driving loosely at Mbangwa.

Irani's future participation depends in part on the fragility of the tail, as witnessed yesterday by the loss of the last five wickets for 69. It makes it all the more important that the top six do not miss out. Thorpe's failures have been thus all the more worrying. He pushed half-heartedly at Streak in the third over of Streak's return.

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